

Working in Hot Conditions -	Indoors SAFE WORK ME	THOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR A	CTIVITY: Working in Hot Condition	ons - Indoors	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E gil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (k 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a second	compliance of the SWMS well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N TE AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ted in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditioned unicat those hazards and then to further take steps to either the condition of the easy hazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must study understally. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							rk being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				k	nown as scope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS supp	olied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON JUCI	N. JRK BEING	ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on or	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.					
is carried out on a	a telecommunication tower.			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
involves demolition	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
involves demolition	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a s	17 e.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporal upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in o	r near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/n	ear a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in o	r near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drow	ning.	involves diving wo	k.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	Bobcat	Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Poor Ventilation, Insufficient Work Breaks	2М	 Conduct a thorough inspection and risk assessment before commencing work to identify areas with poor ventilation, and implement a propriate measures to improve air circulation, such as increasing the number of a vents or installing extractor fans and air conditioning units. Perform regular maintenance on existing ventilation showns to ensure they are functioning efficiently and providing the maximum because for workers operating in hot indoor conditions. Establish designated rest along that are well-ven need are comfortably cool for workers to retreat to during breact, encouraging the undercharge and avoid heat-related illnesses. Implement concedule for equent or k breact miroughout the day, allowing workers adequate time to prover from the exposure and reducing the risk of fatiguated over an anomorphic exposure and reducing the risk of fatiguated over an anomorphic exposure and reducing the risk of fatiguated over an anomorphic exposure and reducing the risk of fatiguated over an anomorphic exposure and reducing the risk of fatiguated over an anomorphic exposure and reducing the risk of fatiguated over an anomorphic exposure and reducing the risk of fatiguated as a monitor their own health and that of their colleagues the show they can monitor their own health and that of their colleagues the show they can monitor their own health and that of their colleagues the show the day. Anange shifts and workload assignments in such a way that tasks requiring physical exertion are done during cooler periods of the day, or when ventilation is at its most effective. Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) specifically designed to combat heat stress, such as moisture-wicking clothing, cooling vests, and hats with neck flaps, for workers operating in hot indoor environments. Foster a safety culture within the workplace that encourages open communication about working conditions, allowing workers to voice concerns regarding inadequate ventilation, extreme hea	1L	
2. Temperature Monitoring	Inaccurate Measurements, Equipment Failure	2M	 Regular calibration of temperature monitoring devices: To ensure accurate measurements, regularly calibrate thermometers according to the manufacturer's guidelines. Use of reliable and high-quality temperature monitoring equipment: Invest in industry-standard temperature monitoring devices that have a proven track record for accuracy, durability, and ease of use. Continuous temperature monitoring: During hot conditions indoors, continuously monitor the workplace temperature to identify any sudden fluctuations or potential hazards. 	1L	



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			- Establish clear communication protocols: Ensure workers are aware of proper temperature monitoring procedures and establish communication channels for reporting issues related to inaccurate measurementary equipment failure.		
			- Provide training on temperature monitoring exament: Provide proper training for all personnel who will be responsible for temperature monitoring so they know how to operate the equipment correctly and can be text any impositencies or errors.		
			- Develop contingency plans: Create plans to a check potential hazards caused by inaccurate temperature measurements or equip. In trailure, including immediate actions to take and alternative bethods for obtain, accurate eadings.		
			- Conduct regular metric ance usicks of equipment, an edule routine maintenance and inspections as ampendice in the toring devices to reduce the risk of undetected equipment fame.		
			- Designate reconsibility of temperature conitoring: Assign specific team members to be contained over using temperature monitoring, ensuring accountability and oversion of this contail safety function.		
			- Establish to operate othresholds for work stoppage: Set pre-defined temperature thresholds for mat is a sidered unsafe working conditions, allowing for immediate ssation of work if necessary to protect worker health and safety.		
	1		- Encurate employee feedback about temperature monitoring: Encourage workers preporting concerns about the indoor working temperature or potential ccuracies in temperature measurements, fostering a proactive approach to monoging risks associated with hot indoor environments.		
			- Ensure that designated hydration stations are clearly marked, easily accessible, and located at regular intervals throughout the indoor work area.		
			 Provide slip-resistant mats or floor coverings in areas surrounding hydration stations to minimise the risk of slips and falls due to spilled liquids or condensation. 		
			- Regularly inspect hydration stations for any signs of leaks or spills, promptly cleaning up any hazards or notifying maintenance personnel if necessary.		
3. Hydration Stations Set Up	Slippery Surfaces, Spilled Liquids	2M	 Implement a 'Clean As You Go' policy that encourages workers to promptly clean up after themselves when using hydration stations, disposing of any rubbish and wiping down surfaces as needed. 	1L	
			 Utilise spill containment solutions such as drip trays or absorbent materials for water dispensers or coolers to prevent liquids from spreading across the floor. 		
			- Clearly display signage outlining safe practices for using hydration stations, along with reminders to maintain proper hygiene and cleanliness at all times.		
			- Provide adequate training for workers on how to safely use and maintain hydration stations, ensuring they understand how to identify and mitigate potential slip and trip hazards.		



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			- Encourage frequent breaks for employees to hydrate themselves, helping to minimise the likelihood of fatigue-related incidents such as dropping cups or water bottles, which may result in spills.		
			- Regularly review and update the Safe Work in and Statement (SWMS) for Working in Hot Conditions - Indoors, taking to account the effectiveness of current control measures and any near-miss or include treports trated to hydration station hazards.		
			- Foster open communication between managenent and employees, encouraging ongoing feedback on the safe and effectiveness obydration stations, allowing for continuous improvement and a contation of control needs as needed.		
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4. PPE Distribution	Incorrect Size, Inadequate Protectio	2M		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



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5. Training & Briefing	Lack of Understarting, Inexperience	2M		1L	



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6. Establishing Cooling Areas	Overcrowding, Inauquate A	2M		1L	



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7. Monitoring Workers	Inefficient Communication, gue	ЗН		2M	

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8. Implementing Rest Periods	Inadequate Supervision, Prolonged Exposure	2M		1L	



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9. Perform Heat Stress Evaluations	Improper Assessment, Missed Signs of Heat Strain	ЗН		2М	

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10. Heat Stress Relief Measures	Delayed Response, Lack of Resources	2M		1L	

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11. Re-Evaluate Work Schedules	Inaccurate Forecasts, Ineffective Adjustments	2M		1L	

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12. Incident Reporting & Investigation	Incomplete Data, Miscommunication	3H		2M	

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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEG	
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Octupational Health au Safety Active 04 Octupational Health and unfetter gulations 2017 Legismon VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- tulan</u> is Unles of mactice VICe. <u>attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wd-place-serve-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/ ²	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs	Model Codes of Practice Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Dat		
			t te:		
			Date:		

SAL WO A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and are a reverse v process should be carried out in s an subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation sentatives who recessented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wey, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approved on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	