Working In Contaminated	Water   SAFE WORK METH	HOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR	ACTIVITY: Working In Contamina	ated Water	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person condu the proposed work starts.		required to entry that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWN, as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND ( THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be schedued in according with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and the to further take steps to either eliminate or contail each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stude under the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	d is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
□ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integritystructure	$\Box$ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as the set of the	□ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to prary support to prevent collapse	$\Box$ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	$\Box$ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
□ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper the first or tunnel involving use of explosives	$\Box$ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\Box$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



	RISK MATRIX																		
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	800DF	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS										
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution										
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.										
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard										
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and key recorde		Engineering Isolate the hazard.										
is the second m	archy of Controls: lost effective metho loging the work is t	od of controlling	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the in nost	e. tive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative east effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE										

		Select the an	propriate PPL	PERS	VAL TEC	TIVE EQUIPM oment used or	ENT (PPE) the iob task	being perfor	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION			RL SPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:					_					
	Permit or Licenses Requirements				Mandatory Qualifications and Training						



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, skin exposure to contaminated water	2М	<ul> <li>Conduct a site-specific risk assessment brane starting any work.</li> <li>Use non-slip footwear to reduce the risk onlips, tring and falls.</li> <li>Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, goggles, and waterproof clothing.</li> <li>Establish clear walkways and onfe access routes used the worksite.</li> <li>Install warning on a stand area prone to slips and falls.</li> <li>Provide addictate lighting in areas with provisibility.</li> <li>Ensem that a worke user trained or one correct use of PPE and safety procedures.</li> <li>Set us prives conductrails around hazardous areas to prevent accidental entry.</li> <li>Regularly usect a maintain all work surfaces to ensure they are free from hazards.</li> <li>Implement a oddy system to monitor each other for signs of exposure or fatigue.</li> <li>How en orgency wash stations available for immediate decontamination.</li> <li>Prohibututing, drinking, or smoking in contaminated areas to avoid ingestion of contaminants.</li> </ul>	1L
2. Site Assessment	Exposure to harmful microorganisms, accidental ingestion of contaminated water	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough site assessment to identify potential contaminants and their concentrations.</li> <li>Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, waterproof boots, and respirators.</li> <li>Implement a decontamination procedure for personnel and equipment exiting the site.</li> <li>Use barriers or signs to restrict access to contaminated areas.</li> <li>Employ proper hygiene practices like washing hands and face after exposure.</li> <li>Ensure availability of clean drinking water and prohibit consumption of site water.</li> <li>Provide training on hazard recognition and safe handling procedures for all workers involved.</li> <li>Use engineering controls like containment booms to limit the spread of contamination.</li> <li>Monitor health status of workers routinely to detect any symptoms of exposure early.</li> <li>Have an emergency response plan in place, including first aid measures and contact information of medical facilities.</li> </ul>	1L
3. Personal Protective Equipment Fitting	Inadequate protection, allergic reactions	2M	- Select PPE that meets Australian Standards for water contamination - Conduct a risk assessment to identify appropriate PPE for specific contaminants	1L

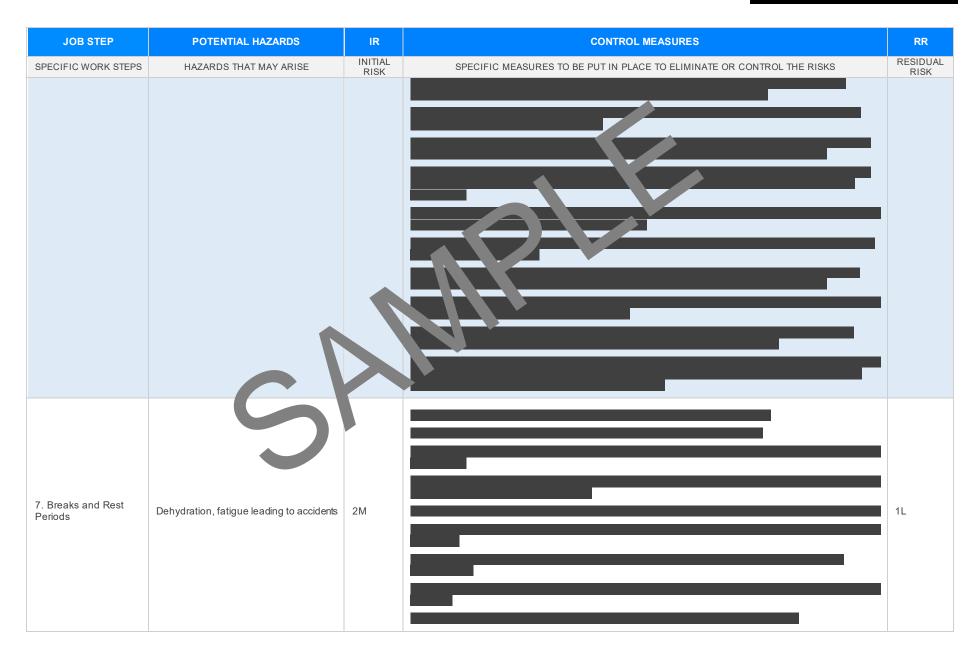


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Provide training on the correct use and maintenance of PPE	
			- Perform fit testing for all respiratory protective equipment	
			- Use gloves made of materials that are resistance of the specific contaminants	
			- Ensure all PPE fits properly and is comference to the duration of use	
			- Inspect PPE for damage or defects before ach	
			- Implement a procedure for regular cleaning a disinfecting PE	
			- Have a process in place for placing damaged exp' PPE	
			- Advise workers to for all tic reactions prior wearing new PPE materials	
			- Keep spare E readily ailable n-site in use of emergencies	
			- Prohibit mode ations to PE that we compromise its effectiveness	
			- Main the details words of PPE issuance, inspections, and replacements	
4. Work Area Set up	Falling objects, electrocution from equipment	ЗН		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
5. Decontaminating Water	Chemical burns and splashes, gas inhalation	474		2M
6. Monitoring Contamination Levels	Exposure to harmful substances, eye injuries from equipment misuse	ЗН		1L

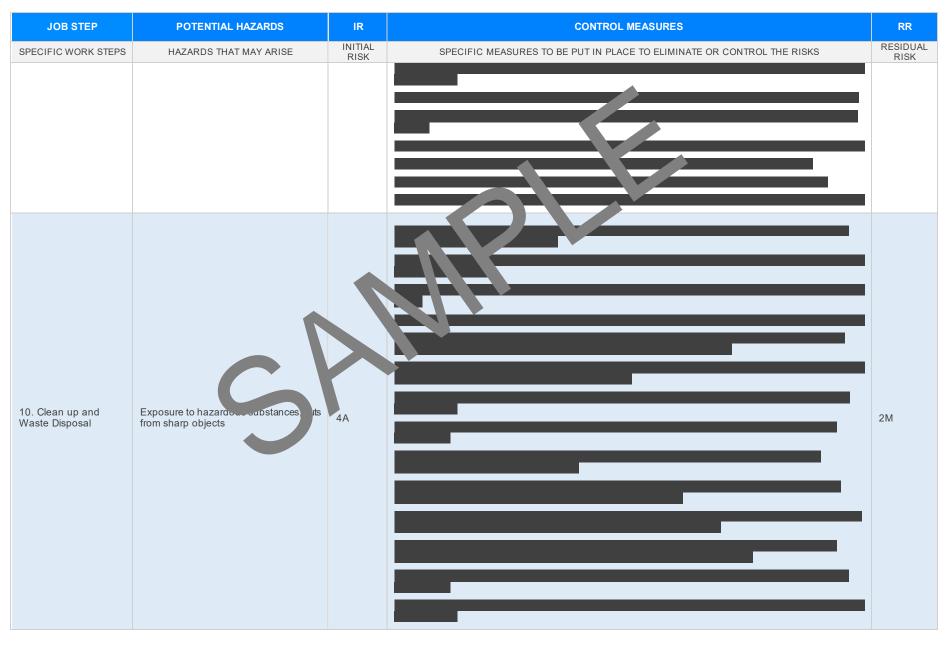






JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
8. Responding to Emergencies	Physical injury during evacuation, delayed response due to lack of training	2H		2M
9. Handling Materials and Equipment	Back injuries from manual handling, burns from hot surfaces	ЗН		1L 1







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
11. Debrief and Reporting	Miscommunication leading to potential future hazards, complacency due to routine	2М		I 1L I
12. Equipment Maintenance	Unexpected equipment failure, cuts from sharp edges	ЗН		 1L 

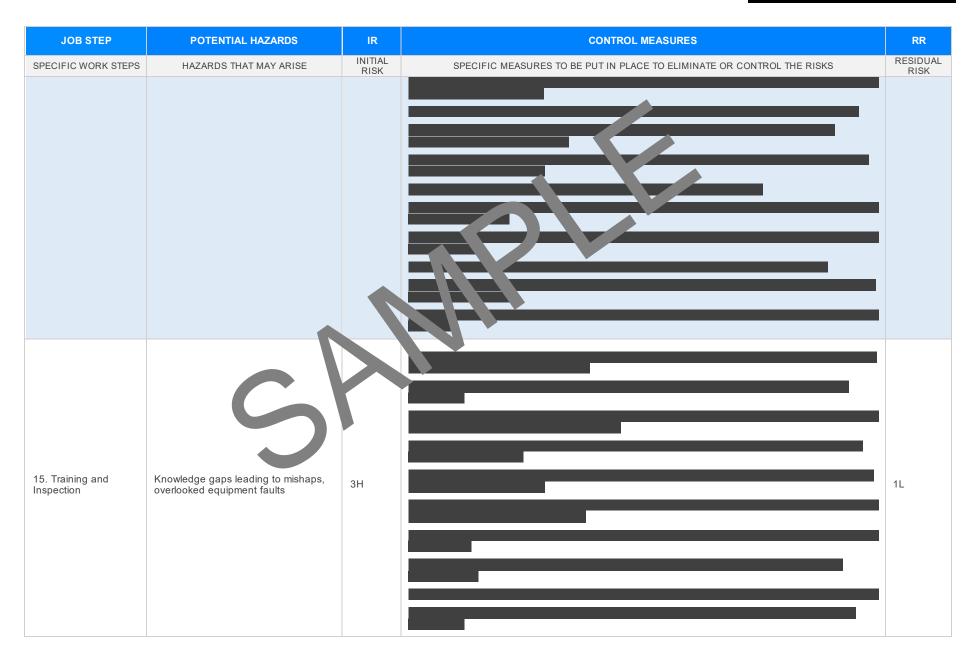
Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
13. Hygiene Practices	Spread of germs due to poor personal hygiene, disease due to contaminate water	2М		1L 1L
14. Storage and Control of Hazardous Chemicals	Fire hazard due to improper storage, chemical leaks leading to exposure	4A		2M





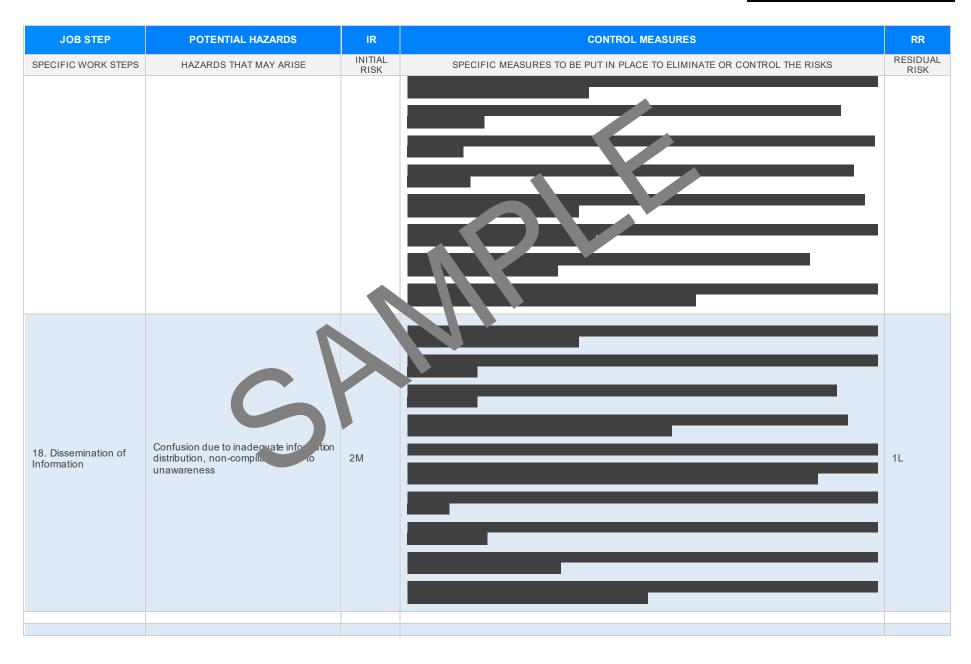


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				•
16. Health Monitoring	Delayed detection of health issues, prolonged exposure to hazards			1L
17. Document Control and Record Keeping	Loss or misuse of confidential data, non- compliance with standards due to mismanaged files	2M		1L

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:





Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	C			

#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES				
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE IN ANY START ARE NOT APPLICABLE				
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Acceded Occupational Health and Safety Acceded Legislation VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gular s</u> design factice VIC <u>attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>			
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: <u>https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis</u> Codes of Practice NSW: <u>https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-librany</u>	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>			
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 20 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance.orkplates.or</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice			
South Australia         Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S         Legislation for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.ogislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.ogislation</a> Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.ogislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.ogislation</a> Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.ogislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.ogislation</a> Tasmania       Work Health and Safety Act 2012	<ul> <li>Model Codes of Practice</li> <li>Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work</li> <li>Confined spaces</li> <li>Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals</li> <li>Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace</li> <li>Welding processes</li> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> </ul>			
Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	<ul> <li>Managing the risk of fails at workplaces</li> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of fails in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> </ul>			
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	- Managing the work environment and facilities - How to manage work health and safety risks - Managing risks of plant in the workplace - Construction work			

#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK THE S ATEM AT MONITORING AND REVIEW The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect. and mu be reviewed (and The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The s should be carried out in effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The view consultation with workers (including contractors person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should ntractors nay be cted by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who rep sented that work group at the employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: workplace. 1. Spot Checks. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure the all versons involved with the work are 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. advised that a revision has been made and how they can acce the revised SWMS, including all persons 3. Internal audits on a continual basis who will need to change a work procedure or system as a reof the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties ntly with the revised SWMS. All workers that An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS	
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	$\boxtimes$		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the Sλ. S.	$\boxtimes$		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	$\boxtimes$		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.	$\boxtimes$		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spiral of the spiral entry of control measures.	$\boxtimes$		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	$\boxtimes$		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be	$\boxtimes$		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, ang or skills required to perform the work.	$\boxtimes$		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	$\square$		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	$\boxtimes$		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	$\boxtimes$		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED		
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		