

Window Cleaning	SAFE WORK METHOD ST	ATEMENT (SWMS)	
TA	SK OR ACTIVITY: Window Clean	ing	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductor the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the cond	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structurately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise					
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	nature:								
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on,	, in or adjacent to a road, railwa	ay, shipping lane or other to	raffic corridor.		
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in a	an area of a workplace where t	here is any movement of p	owered mobile plant.		
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.				
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY				
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -			





### PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, Electric shock from equipment	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough safety inspection of the work area before starting window cleaning operations, identifying any potential slip, trin or fall hazards.</li> <li>Ensure that good housekeeping practices are a antained during the job, including clearing and cleaning up any spills, debris, a sostacles from the work area immediately.</li> <li>Implement a proper risk assessment to evaluate job area and equipment, determining whether or not electrical issues coursed to poten is dangers.</li> <li>Use extreme caution when we sing around powers that a sources, taking care to unplug any unneces of a pulpin of and avoid the use spansion of long extension cords that may or cerbatuse risk in felectrical shock or entanglement.</li> <li>Utilise window cleaning experiently in clained, and free of damage.</li> <li>Eductive worken purpoper techniques and safe methods for handling and transporting worken purpoper techniques and safe methods for handling and transporting worken purpoper techniques and safe methods for handling and transporting worken purpoper techniques and safe methods for handling and transporting worken purpoper techniques and safe methods for handling and transporting worken purpoper techniques and safe methods for handling and transporting worken purpoper techniques and safe methods for handling and transporting the very me being mindful of their surroundings in order to prevent potentials.</li> <li>Provide usequate personal protective equipment (PPE) including non-slip footwear, gives, and appropriate clothing to help minimise exposure to hazards while carrying out asks.</li> <li>Equip employees with necessary height safety gear, such as harnesses and lanyards, in cases where window cleaning activities involve working at potentially dangerous heights.</li> <li>Make sure that all machinery, including ladders, scaffolding, and lifts, is examined regularly for any damage or wear, and that they adhere to relevant certification requirements.</li> <li>Create an emergency response plan outlining processes a</li></ul>	1L	
2. Equipment Inspection	Faulty gear, Unstable ladders	ЗН	<ul> <li>Regularly inspect and maintain all equipment, including ladders, harnesses, and cleaning gear, to ensure they are in good working condition.</li> <li>Establish a pre-use inspection routine for each piece of equipment, by checking for damaged or worn parts, frayed ropes and safety straps, and ensuring the proper functioning of all components.</li> </ul>	1L	



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			- Ensure that all workers are aware of the correct setup and usage procedures for each piece of equipment, including ladder stability, extension limits, and locking mechanisms.		
			- Train workers in identifying and reporting fault a quipment, and ensure that any damaged gear is replaced or repaired promotion by a qualified professional.		
			- Provide clear instructions for workers on hole of second another equipment during work, minimising the risk of hole my and accidents.		
			- Consider using alternative spipment such as so or lifts, ated work platforms, or rope access systems if ladd present a high ris of interesting the collisty.		
			- Implement a period of men view system to assess wear and tear over time, ensuring that an necessar eplacements or unades are made proactively.		
			- Retain record of equipment inspect, a maintenance activities to help identify trend equipment factor or recurring is uses.		
			- Ence real a work ace culture where workers feel comfortable to stop work if they notice by tential rards or faulty equipment, without fear of reprisal.		
		1	- Always use a hipmen according to manufacturer's guidelines, and only make adifications to the equipment if it is approved by the manufacturer or properly cell add.		
			Make set that workers have access to the appropriate personal protective ipment (PPE), such as gloves, goggles, and hard hats, and enforce their usage to mimise injuries in case of an accident.		
			Develop and implement a thorough training programme that includes safe equipment handling techniques, correct lifting and carrying processes, and ladder safety procedures, with refreshers as needed to maintain worker competence.		
			- Regularly review and update the Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) based on changes in equipment use, new equipment being introduced, or any incidents that occur, ensuring that the most up-to-date information is always available to workers.		
			- Provide appropriate training and instruction for workers on the correct use, inspection, and maintenance of ladders.		
			- Ensure that only ladders that comply with Australian Standards are used (AS/NZS 1892.1:1996).		
3. Ladder Setup	Falling from height, Incorrect ladder angle	3H	- Before setting up a ladder, inspect it for any damage or defects that could result in a fall or ladder failure.	1L	
			- Assess the work area for any potential hazards like uneven surfaces, slippery conditions, or nearby electrical equipment that could affect ladder stability.		
			- Set up the ladder on a solid, level surface to prevent possible slipping or movement during use.		



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			- Use a ladder stabilizer or other non-slip device at the base of the ladder to increase its grip and stability.		
			- Set the ladder angle using the 4-to-1 rule, in which the ladder bottom is placed one foot away from the wall for every four feet of lamb height.		
			- Erect barriers or warning signs around the odder setup at to alert pedestrians and co-workers of the potential hazard.		
			- Maintain three-points-of-contact (two hands are the foot or two feet and one hand) while climbing or descending the ladder throughout the work cess.		
			- Use a harness or other fall are system when work the heights above two meters (6.5 feet). The same the state of falling.		
			- Limit the argunt of weight in the later and sure that the ladder's total load capacity is no ceeded.		
			- Do lesse the ladder as a standing platform, this increases the risk of a balan and falling.		
			- Regularly nanitor was ther conditions and cease work if high winds, rain, or storms make laster usunsait		
			safety audits and toolbox talks related to ladder safety to refre. We kers' knowledge and address any new issues that arise.		
4. Anchor Point	Falling objects, Inadequate anchor	3H		2M	
Installation	strength				



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5. Harness & Lanyard Adjustment	Poorly adjusted harness Lanyard snapback	2M		1L	



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falling from height, Ladou Lige	ЗН		1L	



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7. Surface Cleaning	Chemical exposure, Eye injury frodebris	2M		1L	



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8. Squeegee Application	Sharp edges, Strains and sprains	2M		1L	



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9. Descending from Height	Fatigue, Loss of balance	2M		1L	



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10. Equipment Dismantling	Cut hazards, Lifting injuries	2M		1L	



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11. Waste Disposal	Improper disposal, Exposure to hazardous materials	2M		1L	



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12. Post-cleaning Procedures	Documentation errors, Miscommunication with circ	1L		1L	



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	5				



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>qulat.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				l te:				
			Date:					
		Date:						
				Date:				
	Date:							
	SAF WO A STHED STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW							
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains efficiency and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a country revery process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract is) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reduces essented that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	