

Use Of Silos For Grain Sto	orage SAFE WORK METH	HOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR	ACTIVITY: Use Of Silos For Gra	in Storage	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PC. OF TP' ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduthe proposed work starts.			statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant e of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	NEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND FITHIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accorde with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to continuing the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or conditional leach hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stee diately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the in nost e	e tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE		

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPL	abo. suital	or the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	TEARING STION	P _CTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slippage, Falling objects	ЗН	 Conduct a thorough risk assessment to its orify potential hazards associated with silo operations. Ensure that all workers are provided with a requater using on the safe use and maintenance of silos. Install guardrails or barriers around the top of the silo to prevent falls. Use personal protective equatent (PPE) such a helmony safety hamesses, and non-slip footwear when working near or on silos. Implement stript process, attrol to mit the number of personnel allowed in and around the silo area to reduce condition and direction. Ensure laddo and across points a cocure and regularly inspected for damage or wear. Regular main, and inspect all mechanical parts and components of the silo to ensure they are operating of siloy. Clearn man and ligor work areas to enhance visibility and reduce the risk of trips and falls. Implement a communication system, like radios or hand signals, to ensure clear communication among wors to tile operating near or within silos. Use must anised equipment or forklifts to move heavy materials, reducing manual handling risks sociated with falling objects. Evablish a system for immediate reporting and rectification of any identified hazards or incidents related to silo use. Schedule regular safety briefings and drills to keep staff updated on procedures and response actions in case of an emergency. Display appropriate waming signs and instructions prominently at the site to inform and remind workers of potential hazards. Develop and enforce safe work procedures specifically tailored to silo operation tasks, ensuring they are adhered to by all employees. 	2M
2. Opening the Silo	Falling from height, Trapped grains	зн	 Use an elevated work platform or silo ladder with guardrails and handrails to provide stable access. Implement a fall arrest harness system for workers opening the silo at heights, ensuring it is properly anchored and regularly inspected. Restrict entry to silos to authorised and trained personnel only. Provide training on emergency escape procedures specific to silo work and ensure all staff are familiar with these protocols. Install guardrails or physical barriers around silo openings to prevent accidental falls. Conduct regular safety audits and equipment checks to ensure compliance with safety standards and proper working conditions. 	2M



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			- Ensure workers are equipped with and wear personal protective equipment (PPE) such as helmets, gloves, and non-slip footwear.	
			- Supervise workers closely when they are entering exiting the silo, with spotters on the ground where possible.	
			- Post clear signage and warning labels are and the work that highlights potential hazards associated with silo use.	
			- Establish effective communication systems a long workers during operations, using radios or other devices to maintain contact.	
			- Plan and rehearse rescue operation drills that specific address scenarios like being surrounded by or trapped in grains	
			- Implement a sermit-to-way system and are only authorised personnel enter the silo for cleaning purpose.	
			- Con to tmosp sic testing prior to entry to check for explosive dust concentrations and safe oxygen levels.	
			- Use in Inside Coafe Quipment and tools to prevent any sparks or static electricity during cleaning erations.	
	•		- Max to vearing appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including dust masks or respirators, ve protection, gloves, and coveralls.	
			- sure adequate ventilation is maintained to keep dust levels below occupational exposure limits.	
3. Cleaning the Silo	Dust explosion, Exposagrochemicals		Prohibit smoking, open flames, and any ignition sources in and around the silo during cleaning.	3H
			- Train workers on the identification and safe handling of agrochemicals that may be present and their potential health effects.	
			- Implement regular cleaning schedules to prevent excessive dust accumulation and monitor the effectiveness of these procedures.	
			- Provide emergency evacuation procedures and ensure clear communication systems are in place for all staff involved in the cleaning process.	
			- Ensure mechanical equipment used for cleaning is regularly inspected and maintained to prevent malfunctions that could cause sparks or other hazards.	
			- Designate a trained safety observer outside the silo to monitor the work and respond to any emergencies promptly.	
4. Grain Transfer	Grain Transfer Moving machinery, Noise	3H		2M



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5. Securing and storing grain	Entrapment in grain, Dust exposure	4A		2M



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6. Transporting Stored grain	Crushing, Traffic accidents			2M
7. Leakage check	Falling from height, Trapped grains	4A		3Н



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8. Inspecting stored grain	Deterioration (aflatoxins), Inhalation hazards	ЗН		2M



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9. Testing grain quality	Chemical exposure, Repotitive tasks leading to strain injury			2M
10. Equipment maintenance	Machinery entanglement, Electrical hazards	4A		3 H



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11. Waste management	Insect infestation, Manual handling injury while moving bags/ bins	4A		2M



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12. Pest Control	Exposure to pesticides, Bites or still is	ЗН		2M
13. Emergency procedures work	Fire risk, Incorrect use of safety	3H		2M



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14. Closing procedures lock up and secure site	Unauthorized entry, Vandalism	2M		1L



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15. Documentation	Incorrect Recording, Missing informs on	2M		1L
16. Decontamination Procedures	Chemical exposures, Inadequate cleaning surfaces	3H		2M



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17. Equipment Calibration & Validation	Incorrect results, Faulty equipment	ЗН		1 2M



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18. Training Session	Knowledge gap, Absentees			1L
19. Internal Audit	Process deviation, Unnoticed damage or issue	ЗН		2M



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20. General Review and Feedback	Delayed feedback, Incomplete information	2M		1L
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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

N ANY STATEMAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.qov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legi

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-librar

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance orkpla

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.a nd-reso

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w laces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A

regulations 2017 ational Health an Safe

Legis ion VIC: https://v ksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

ttps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice des of actice VV

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/modelcodes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the total with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	Y	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV. 5.		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effer ve sections.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spherical person is assigned as a specific person of the spherical person is assigned as a specific person of the spherical person is a specific person of the spherical person of the sphe		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REV	IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED