

Use Of Quick Cut Sa	w SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASI	K OR ACTIVITY: Use Of Quick Cu	t Saw	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (I SU) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either the condition of the condition o	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must strength ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS					
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise						
Project Address:					known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager Sig	nature:										
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:										
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT						
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.							
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	M + M	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving work.							
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY						
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift				
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer				
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -					





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips, and falls, Inadequate workspace	2M	 Inspect the workspace thoroughly before beginning any task, ensuring that the area is free from potential tripping hazards such as unever flooring, debris, or clutter. Ensure adequate housekeeping measures and place to maintain a clean and organised work environment, thus minimist and risk of slips, trips, and falls. Maintain an up-to-date risk assessment and meron or response plan, including an escape route and designated assembly point conkers in case of an incident. Implement appropriate safe signage and barne around the work area, offering clear guidance to personnel an oreventing unauth performed the work area, offering clear guidance to personnel an oreventing unauth performed the workers, allowing for the space it both to guick cut on operator and other workers, allowing for the space it both to guick cut on operator and other workers, allowing for the space it both to guick cut on operator and other workers, allowing for the space it both to guick cut sequipment (PPE), such as slipressist or offety by the sand gloves, which may minimise the risk of injury should a slip or fall to. Condit the spacy to ging the guick cut saw, including proper lifting, cutting, and procedules for ging the quick cut saw, including proper lifting, cutting, and procedules for ging the quick cut saw, including proper lifting, cutting, and procedules for ging the quick cut saw, insuring that all components are in good working order and any maintenance issues an addressed promptly. Enforce a 'buddy system' or pairing of workers during the operation of the quick cut saw, providing additional support and reducing the chance of injury resulting from slips, trips, or falls. Establish regular break intervals for workers, helping to prevent fatigue, loss of concentration, and ultimately reducing the likelihood of accidents occurring. Implement appropriate lighting solutions in the work area, ensuring clear visibility and awareness of potential hazards throughout t	1L	
2. Equipment Check	Electrical hazards, Faulty equipment	2M	 Inspection and maintenance: Conduct regular inspections of the Quick Cut Saw to ensure all components are in good working order according to the manufacturer's guidelines; schedule routine maintenance to minimise the risk of equipment failure. Training and competency: Ensure that all operators have received proper training on the correct use and handling of the Quick Cut Saw, including awareness of potential hazards and corresponding control measures. 	1L	



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			 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Equip operators with appropriate PPE such as safety glasses, ear protection, gloves, and steel-capped boots to minimise injury risks associated with electrical hazards and faulty exponent. 		
			- Tool selection: Choose the right Quick Cut Source the job by considering factors such as power source (electric or gasoline) and estate and material to be cut; this can help prevent overloading and minimise chance adulpment malfunction.		
			- Electrical safety: Perform a visual inspection plugs, or cracked outlets; always use a Ground plugs, or cracked outle		
			- Machine guarding: The that is saw has proper unids, blade covers, and other safety features in the content of the contacting the rotating blade, flying debris to other poter in haza.		
			- Powe isolatic When a rin use, too a Quick Cut Saws should be properly discont ted from the power source to prevent accidental activation, reducing the risk of t		
		1	- Work reach usekening: Keep the work area clean and free from trip hazards, tangled brds clutter i materials to reduce the likelihood of accidents and aintain last a less to emergency equipment, such as fire extinguishers and first all.		
			Emerg procedures: Establish clear emergency response plans that include tructions on how to shut down the Quick Cut Saw safely and quickly, report in lents, and evacuate the premises if necessary.		
			Pre-start equipment checks: Before each use, verify the Quick Cut Saw's functionality by checking for correct blade installation, secure connections, and ensuring that all safety features are engaged.		
			- Two-person operation protocol: Implement a two-person operation system when using the Quick Cut Saw to enhance safety, where one person operates the tool and the other assists with material handling, overseeing the work area, and serving as an additional set of eyes for potential hazards.		
			- Conduct a thorough inspection of the Quick Cut Saw before use to ensure it is in proper working condition, paying close attention to blade placement and functionality.		
3. Saw Set-up	Poor setup, Incorrect blade placement	3H	- Ensure all operators have received appropriate training and hold valid certifications for using the Quick Cut Saw, with a focus on correct saw setup and safe operational procedures.	2M	
			- Set up the Quick Cut Saw on a stable, level surface to prevent uneven cuts and potential hazards associated with poor support and balance during operation.		
			- Consult the manufacturer's guidelines to select the appropriate blade for the specific material being cut and verify the compatibility with the Quick Cut Saw model being used.		



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		 Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when handling and setting up the Quick Cut Saw, such as safety gloves, goggles, hearing protection, and steel-toed boots. 		
		- Check that the blade is installed correctly by suring it is securely fastened, aligned, and free of any visible defects or decage. Replace damaged or worn blades immediately.		
		- Use manufacturer-approved guards and safe ces to minimise the risk of injury from inadvertent contact with moving parts of flying debridhile the saw operates.		
		- Verify that the saw that the features — such as emention by stop buttons, blade brakes, and control switch — are notioning prenerly before beginning work.		
		- Establish a communical clear solvy zoos around the workspace where the Quick Out Save being to d, making solvinat non-essential personnel maintain a safe concept of the quipment at all times.		
		- Developed implication and ongoing maintenance and inspection programme for the Quilk O. Saw to sure its continued safe operation, addressing any issues promptly and rough o reduce the risks associated with poor setup and incorrect lade placemen		
5				
Fuel spillage, Fire hazard	3H		1L	
	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS - Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when handling and setting up the Quick Cut Saw, such as safety gloves, goggles, hearing protection, and steel-loed boots. - Check that the blade is installed correctly by a dring it is securely fastened, aligned, and free of any visible defects or always. Replace damaged or worn blades immediately. - Use manufacturer-approved guards and safe is used to minimise the risk of injury from inadvertent contact with moving parts. Trying debric while the saw operates. - Verify that the sawing to fear as - such as emen and style puttons, blade brakes, and control switch in a result of the protection of the Cut of the protection of the Cut of the protection of the Cut of the puttons of th	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK - Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when handling and setting up the Quick Cut Saw, such as safety gloves, goggles, hearing protection, and steel-toed boots. - Check that the blade is installed correctly by a uring it is securely fastened, aligned, and free of any visible defects or dradge. Replace damaged or worn blades immediately. - Use manufacturer-approved guards and safe traces to minimise the risk of injury from inadvertent contant with moving parts of lying debit while the saw operates. - Verify that the saw to the features - such as emen, ucy stop buttons, blade brakes, and copf switch - are inclining prinerly before beginning work. - Establish an communical clears is by z as around the workspace where the Quick Aut Saw, being ut, making so what non-essential personnel maintain a safe to ince for the dupline and an ongoing maintenance and inspection programme for the Qui k to Saw to, saw to, saw to, save its continued safe operation, addressing any issues promptly and shorough to reduce the risks associated with poor setup and incorrect lade pl. semet.



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Saw Cutting	Misaligned cuts, Excession vibrations	2M		1L	



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6. Dust Control	Airborne particles, Reduced visibility	2M		1L	



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7. Blade Change	Blade breakage, Wrong	ЗН		2M	



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8. Material Movement	Struck by falling objects, Lifting injuries	2M		1L	



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9. Noise Management	Exposure to excessive noise, Communication difficulties	2M		1L	



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10. Emergency Shutdown	Power failure, Equipment malfunction	2M		1L	



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11. Clean-up	Flying debris, Slips, trips, and falls	2M		1L	



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12. Maintenance	Neglected saw, Incomplete maintenance	2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
			AV	Date:				
			Date:					
				Date:				
	Date:							
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to refixe sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a construction of the swms and their health and safety representatives who reduces that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	