

Tyre Buff SA	FE WORK METHOD STATE	MENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Tyre Buff		
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (I 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheded in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the condition of the condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the cond	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS			
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	nature:							
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	$H \cap H$	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.		
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.				
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on,	, in or adjacent to a road, railwa	ay, shipping lane or other to	raffic corridor.	
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.				
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.		
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.			
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY			
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -		





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



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JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Exposure to harmful substances, Slipping and tripping hazards	2M	 Identification and proper labeling of all hazardous substances present in the workplace, ensuring employees are informed about of ential risks associated with exposure. Provision of appropriate personal protectic equipment (RPE) such as gloves, chemical-resistant aprons, and safety goggo for minimic direct contact with harmful substances. Regular inspection and maintenance of flooring, orfaces argo at the work area to prevent any water or oil spills out could lead to sliping hazards. Implementation of a count should keeping routine for deping the work area clean, clutter-free, and con-mains hed to duce tripping ryisks. Installation to warning sig ages for appear unfaces near spill-prone areas and high-ter fic zon. Train to of employers on safe handling of chemicals, emergency response measures and control usage of PPE to reduce the likelihood of injuries or accidents. Ventili on the lititrate systems should be installed to reduce exposure to airborne hazardo a main also an imministion a healthy working environment. Despection of separate storage areas for organising and separating dangerous chemics of omother materials to avoid accidental contamination. Instablishment of designated walkways and paths within the workspace to facilitate sa immovement between different sections and discourage shortcuts through hazardous areas. Development of a comprehensive spill response plan emphasising immediate containment, clean-up procedures, and reporting mechanisms to ensure accountability and corrective actions. Regular risk assessments and audits to evaluate and update control measures based on new information, incidents, or changes in routines and equipment. Encouragement of a reporting culture where employees feel comfortable informing management about unsafe situations, near misses, and suggestions related to workplace health and safety. 	1L	
2. Equipment inspection	Electrical hazards, Inadequate safety features	ЗН	 Ensure all electrical equipment is inspected and tagged by a licensed electrician before use, following the required inspection schedule. Implement a strict maintenance regime for all electrical cords, equipment, and connections to minimise wear and tear, as well as the risk of hazard exposure. Provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as insulated gloves, safety glasses, and ear protection, to all workers using the tyre buff equipment. Verify that all electrical outlets in the work area are equipped with proper grounding and residual current devices (RCDs) to minimise the risk of electrocution. 	2M	



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			 Conduct thorough equipment inspections both prior to starting work and at regular intervals during operation, focusing on any signs of damage or wear that may lead to electrical hazards. 		
			- Install visible signage near electrical equipmer—warning of potential hazards and emphasising the importance of following all properties of potential hazards and emphasising the importance of following all properties of the pr		
			- Equip Tyre Buff machines with emergency on butter and ensure they are easily accessible to all operators, allowing for the quite station of operation in case of an emergency.		
			- Encourage open communication between staff members agarding potential hazards, encouraging to to react any concerns a call faulty or damaged equipment immediately support rective actions can be taken.		
			- Monitor and mit access to the tyre office a only to trained personnel; unauthorised persons should not operate a tamper with the electrical equipment.		
			- Ens I work ceive training in the safe use of Tyre Buff equipment, as well as how of thify a respond to electrical hazards appropriately.		
			- Consider in the emention an isolation and lockout/tagout system for when performing equipment make mance or repairs, reducing the risk of accidental injury caused by the creation of the equipment.		
			Main, an adequate level of ventilation and air quality in the workspace to reduce accumulation of volatile chemicals, dust or fumes that may lead to electrical hards. Foster a strong safety culture within the workplace, promoting the importance of		
			following established procedures and complying with all relevant regulations to ensure everyone's safety when performing equipment inspections and handling electrical hazards.		
			- Proper training: Ensure all workers involved in the tyre removal process are adequately trained and understand the correct procedures to prevent accidents and injuries due to falling heavy objects or pinch points.		
			- Use of personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers must wear appropriate PPE, such as gloves, steel-toed boots, and protective eyewear, to minimise injury risks from falling heavy objects and pinch points.		
3. Tyre removal	Falling heavy objects, Pinch points	4A	- Safe lifting techniques: Train workers on proper lifting techniques to avoid injuries caused by handling heavy tyres during removal.	3H	
			- Appropriate tools and equipment: Use only the right tools, such as tyre levers or bead breakers, and equipment like jack stands or forklifts, specifically designed for tyre removal tasks to minimise potential hazards.		
			- Tyre handling procedures: Implement and follow strict tyre handling procedures, including pre-inspection of the workspace, safe transportation of the tyres, and secure storage.		



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			- Controlled work area: Create a designated zone for tyre removal limited to authorised personnel, keeping unnecessary people away from the work area, reducing potential risks.		
			- Clear communication: Establish effective communication between team members handling the tyres during removal to avoid expected movements that could lead to pinch point injuries or falling heavy objects.		
			- Regular maintenance of equipment: Perform an inspections and maintenance of equipment used in tyre removal to ensure it is actioning constitly and safely.		
			- Spotters or assistants: Assign potters or assistant to be on the lookout for potential hazards during a tyre moval process, we may together with the main worker to reduce the second		
			- Emergency sponse produces: Lefort a review emergency response procedures sportic to the cre removal, ensuring quick and efficient action in case by includes of oliving falling heavy objects or pinch points.		
			- Risk as a ment, anduct thorough risk assessments before starting the tyre remova process to be diffused tify potentially hazardous situations, assessing the likelihood and severity to biury, a simplementing appropriate control measures accordingly.		
	•		ngoin nazar ponitoring: Monitor the work area continuously for emerging haze to environmental changes or equipment wear, taking appropriate orrection when needed.		
4. Tyre cleaning	Splashing chemicals, Repetitive strain injury	2M		1L	



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5. Skiving process	Hand injuries due to sharp tools, Airborne dust inhalation	3H		2M	



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6. Buffing process	Flying debris, Noise-related dangers	2M		1L	



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7. Repair and reinforcement	Accidental punctures, Contact dermatitis	2M		1L	



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8. Curing chamber placement	Heavy lifting injuri	2M		1L	



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9. Inspecting the repair	Eye strain, overlooking defects	2M		1L	



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10. Balancing and inflation	Tyre explosion risk, Over flation damage	4A		3H	



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11. Fitting the tyre	Pinching fingers and hands. Hear suiting injuries	2M		1L	



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12. Final Inspection	Limited visibility issues, Miscommunication	2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor
				Date:			
				Date			
				L te:			
			AV	Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to reach the sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements are subcontracted by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontracted) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who resented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.			
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	