# Trimming Hedges | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)

**TASK OR ACTIVITY: Trimming Hedges**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Business Name: | ABN: | SWMS# |
| Business Address: | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | Email: |

## THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCBU OF THIS PROJECT

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Full Name: | | |
| Signature: | Title: | Date: |

Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Full Name: | Title: | Phone: |

| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | NAME OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS |
|---|---|
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, assess risk to communicate those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard. | |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | |

| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS | |
|---|---|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS |
| Project Name: | |
| Project Address: | |
| Project Manager: | |
| Contact Phone: | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | |

| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT | |
|---|---|
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters | ☐ is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping |
| ☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower | ☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing | ☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity of structures | ☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere |
| ☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asbestos | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete |
| ☐ involves structural alteration or repair that requires temporary support to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| ☐ is carried out in or near a confined space | ☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant |
| ☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5 m or tunnel involving use of explosives | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. |
| ☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | ☐ involves diving work. |

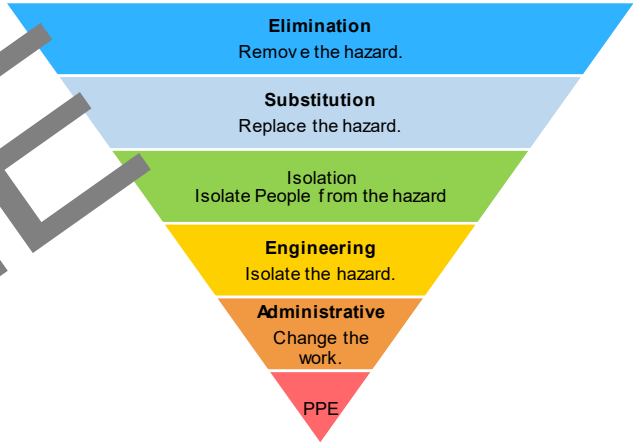
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY |
|---|
| |

## RISK MATRIX

| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE | ACTION |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | | |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCEE |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review befo work starts. |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | nitor and ke records |

**Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:** Elimination methods are the most effective and preferr en co lling a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the most e tive, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Prote ve quipm ) is the least effective method.

HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS






## PERS NAL P TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

**Select the appropriate PPE abo suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).**

| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | HEARING TECTION | EY CTION | RESPIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ | ☐ |

Other PPE Required:

| Permit or Licenses Requirements | Mandatory Qualifications and Training |
|---|---|
| | |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Tripping over equipment, Exposure to harmful substances | 3H | - Ensure the work area is clear of unnecessary equipment to minimise tripping hazards.<br>- Arrange all tools and equipment in a designated space away from the main walking areas.<br>- Use safety cones or barriers to cordon off the work area, clearly marking zones to prevent accidental access.<br>- Conduct a pre-work safety briefing to inform all workers of potential tripping hazards and proper equipment placement.<br>- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including gloves, masks, and eyewear, to reduce exposure to harmful substances.<br>- Store chemicals and substances in clearly labelled containers, away from the immediate working area, and ensure they are sealed properly when not in use.<br>- Implement regular inspections of equipment and workspaces to identify and rectify any safety hazards.<br>- Provide training sessions for all workers on how to handle hazardous substances and what to do in case of exposure.<br>- Develop and maintain an emergency response plan specifically addressing incidents involving harmful substances exposure.<br>- Keep Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) accessible on-site for all hazardous substances used during hedge trimming activities. | 2M |
| 2. Equipment Check | Failure of equipment, Cuts from sharp objects | 3H | - Conduct thorough inspection of all equipment before use to ensure it is in good working condition.<br>- Ensure all electrical equipment is tested and tagged according to regulations.<br>- Provide regular maintenance schedules for equipment as per manufacturer guidelines.<br>- Replace any damaged or faulty equipment immediately to prevent accidents.<br>- Use only appropriate and well-maintained tools designed specifically for hedge trimming.<br>- Ensure all cutting devices are sharpened properly to reduce the risk of slipping.<br>- Train all workers on safe handling and operation of equipment prior to commencement of work.<br>- Require personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, goggles, and sturdy footwear to be worn by all workers.<br>- Implement lockout/tagout procedures during equipment maintenance to avoid accidental start-up.<br>- Limit equipment usage to trained and authorised personnel only.<br>- Perform a brief function test on equipment in a controlled area before full operation begins.<br>- Ensure electrical cords are kept clear from cutting areas to prevent accidental cuts. | 2M |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | - Maintain a clean and organised workspace to reduce trip hazards and equipment entanglement.<br>- Set up barriers or warning signs around work areas to keep unauthorised people away from potentially hazardous zones. | |
| 3. Setting up work area | Falling objects, Struck by moving vehicles | 2M | - Ensure all team members wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including hard hats, high-visibility clothing, and steel-capped boots.<br>- Establish a clearly defined work zone using barriers, cones or warning signs to prevent unauthorized access.<br>- Conduct a pre-start meeting to communicate the hazards and control measures to all involved personnel.<br>- Use spotters to guide vehicles and machinery, ensuring they stay within designated paths and away from the work area.<br>- Limit pedestrian access to the work site during hedge trimming activities to minimise the risk of being struck by moving vehicles.<br>- Implement traffic management plans if the work area is near roads, including detours or diversions where necessary.<br>- Position vehicles and equipment cranes in a manner that minimizes reversing and the possibility of incidents.<br>- Regularly inspect tools and equipment to ensure they are in good working condition to prevent malfunctions leading to falling debris.<br>- Secure all cutting tools, ladders, and other materials when not in use to prevent accidental falls or movement.<br>- Assign a competent person to oversee the setup process, ensuring all safety protocols are followed efficiently.<br>- Train all workers in emergency procedures, including how to respond in case of an accident involving falling objects or vehicle strikes.<br>- Set up exclusion zones below areas where work is conducted at heights to protect workers from falling objects.<br>- Use signage to indicate possible falling object hazards, keeping workers alert and aware.<br>- Maintain constant communication between team members through radios or hand signals to coordinate safe movements and adjustments in the work plan. | 1L |
| 4. Trimming lower branches | Eye injury from fragments, Cuts and scratches | 3H | [redacted] | 2M |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 5. Trimming higher branches | Fall from height, Overhead power lines | 4A | [redacted] | 3H |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 6. Trimming around obstacles | Collision with obst[illegible]es, Muscular strain | 3H | [redacted] | 2M |
| 7. Clearing trimmed hedges | Sharp objects, Manual handling injuries | 3H | [redacted] | 1L |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 8. Disposing waste material | Exposure to harmful substances, Manual handling injuries | 2M | [redacted] | 1L |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 9. Equipment cleaning | Contact with harmful [redacted]icals, Sli[redacted] due to wet surfaces | 2M | [redacted] | 1L |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 10. Equipment storage | Lifting heavy objects, Tripping over equipment | 3H | [redacted] | 2M |
| 11. Review work | Stress from high workload, Repetitive strain injuries | 2M | [redacted] | 1L |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 12. Document control measures | Errors in reports, Non-compliance with safety regulations | 2M | [redacted] | 1L |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 13. Safety inspection | Missing critical hazard, Incomplete inspection | 3H | [redacted] | 2M |
| 14. Incident management | Lack of promptness, Insufficient training | 2M | [redacted] | 1L |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 15. Emergency procedures | Not following protocol, Fatigue from stress | 3H | [redacted] | 2M |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 16. Training sessions | Incorrect use of equipment, Non-attendance or attention | 3H | [redacted] | 2M |
| 17. Maintenance routines | Failure to maintain, Incorrect procedure | 3H | [redacted] | 2M |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 18. Follow reporting protocols | Failing to report, Incorrectly documented information | 2M | [redacted] | 1L |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| 19. Compliance with WHS requirements | Non-compliance with laws, Lack of understanding regulations | 4A | [redacted] | 3H |
| 20. Review and amend process | Missed steps in the procedure, Insufficient input | 3H | [redacted] | 2M |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | [redacted] | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

## EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

## LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE IN ANY STATE THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

**Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**
Work Health and Safety Act 2011
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011
Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws
Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice
Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practi

**New South Wales**
Work Health and Safety Act 2011
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017
Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation
Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-of-all-codes-of-practice

**Northern Territory**
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 20
Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-safety-law
Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/forms-and-resources/codes-of-practice

**South Australia**
Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S
Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation
Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

**Tasmania**
Work Health and Safety Act 2012
Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012
Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012
Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

**Victoria**
Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004
Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017
Legislation VIC: https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations
Codes of Practice VIC: https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

**Western Australia**
Work Health and Safety Act 2020
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022
Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation
Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

**Safe Work Australia Links**
Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation
Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

**Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work

## SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|---|---|---|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |



## SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

**The SWMS must be reviewed regularly** to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

**The SWMS must be monitored regularly** for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |

## SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | COMMENTS |
|---|---|---|
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | ☒ | |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | ☒ | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | ☐ | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | ☒ | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | ☒ | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | ☒ | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | ☒ | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS. | ☒ | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed. | ☒ | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective solutions. | ☒ | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of control measures. | ☒ | |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc. | ☒ | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be used | ☒ | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS. | ☒ | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training or skills required to perform the work. | ☒ | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | ☒ | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | ☒ | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | ☒ | |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **REVIEWED BY** | | **DATE REVIEWED** | |
| **SIGNATURE** | | **DATE COMPLETED** | |