

Transport of Trackable Liqu	id Waste   SAFE WORK ME	THOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR AC	CTIVITY: Transport of Trackable	Liquid Waste	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E ill:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P. OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method st	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BE PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sugariately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

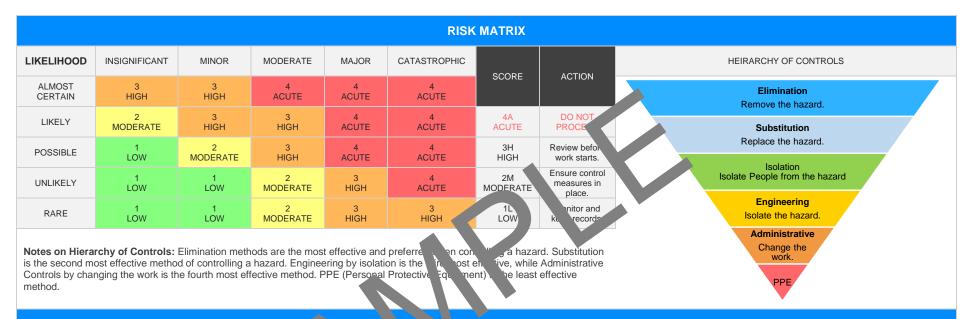
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	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS					
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise							
Project Address:					known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager Sig	nature:										
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:										
ANY HIGH-RISK CON PUCT NO JRK BEING CARRIED OUT											
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.						
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		$H \cap H$	☐ is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on	or near energised electrical in	stallations or services.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	9	is carried out in	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.						
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	inporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes o	f temperature.					
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drownin	ng.	☐ involves diving v	vork.						
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINEF	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY						
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loade	r Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift				
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer				
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -					

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#### PER NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS; and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Incorrect handling, Vehicle malfunction	3H	<ul> <li>Conduct thorough pre-start checks on the vehicle to ensure all mechanical parts, including brakes, lights, steering, and hydraulics, are unctioning correctly.</li> <li>Verify that all necessary personal protective of apment (PPE) such as gloves, safety glasses, high-visibility clothing, and constructed bootscare available and fit for use.</li> <li>Provide comprehensive training for workers of the cet manual handling techniques to minimise the risk of injury when loading or uniteding contains of liquid waste.</li> <li>Establish clear procedures for assessing each contract integrity, ensuring they are free from leaks.</li> <li>Implement and elifting proposed using equipment like forklifts or hoists to handle heavy or awnered contains a reduce mean suffting where possible.</li> <li>See of a faste the leadsing appropriate restraining devices such as straps or chain to revent thement during transportation.</li> <li>Ensure the all works involved in the handling and transportation of trackable liquid wistence of the appropriate hazardous substances training.</li> <li>Brepart an entity ency response plan that includes immediate steps to take in case of a shit malfunction or spillage during transport or handling.</li> <li>Maintan b-to-date Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) on hand for all types of skable liquid waste being handled and transported.</li> <li>Install secondary containment systems, like bunding or spill pallets, to catch any leaks or spills during the loading process.</li> <li>Regularly maintain and check any equipment used in the handling and transport for wear and tear to prevent unexpected failures.</li> <li>Dedicate a specific area for the loading of trackable liquid waste that is away from general traffic and well-ventilated.</li> <li>Clearly mark all containers with their contents and hazard classifications to ensure proper handling by all personnel.</li> <li>Ensure communication devices are available and functional so workers can immediately report incidents or seek assistance if required.&lt;</li></ul>	1L	
2. Loading IBCs	Falling objects, Slips and trips	3Н	<ul> <li>Ensure the loading area is designated and clearly marked to restrict access to authorised personnel only, minimising possible exposure to falling objects.</li> <li>Conduct pre-loading checks to verify that all IBCs are in good condition, without damage or defects that may compromise their structural integrity during handling.</li> <li>Utilise mechanical lifting aids, such as forklifts, wherever possible to reduce manual handling risks and prevent potential injuries from falling objects.</li> </ul>	2M	



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			<ul> <li>Train all staff involved in loading operations on proper lifting techniques and the use of mechanical aids to ensure they are competent in safely managing the loading process.</li> <li>Implement a strict policy where workers must car appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including hard hats, safe aboots with slip-resistant soles, and high-visibility vests.</li> <li>Maintain a clean, orderly, and well-lit loading a preduce the likelihood of slips and trips, ensuring prompt cleanup of any spills at lebris.</li> <li>Stagger the placement of IBC within the loading to a to ovide ample space for workers to move are consequently, being to prevent accents.</li> <li>Place anti-slip dats or apparance, coatings careas prone to wetness or slip hazards, pain telarly in locations when liquid anight be spilled during the loading proces.</li> <li>Instant, pardrails to arriers at elevated levels to protect workers from falls when loading IB conto to their platforms or transport vehicles.</li> <li>Establish conto to their platforms or transport vehicles.</li> <li>Establish conto to their platforms or transport vehicles.</li> <li>Establish conto to their platforms or transport vehicles.</li> <li>Farama egular maintenance and inspections of the loading area, machinery, and equiph, to be identify potential hazard points and mitigate them before starting work terations.</li> <li>Lorelop an emergency response plan tailored to the hazards associated with loading trackable liquid waste, ensuring quick and effective action can be taken if an incident occurs.</li> <li>Schedule periodic safety audits and encourage a culture of continuous improvement by actively seeking feedback from employees regarding potential enhancements to the existing safety controls.</li> </ul>		
3. Securing Load	Unsecured load, Incorrect use of restraining devices	4A	<ul> <li>Ensure all staff receive current training in load restraint techniques, including selection and correct use of restraining devices according to the National Transport Commission (NTC) Load Restraint Guide.</li> <li>Develop a load restraint system based on the weight, size, and nature of the liquid waste containers, ensuring it complies with Australian Standards for load restraining.</li> <li>Carry out a risk assessment before transporting any trackable liquid waste to identify potential hazards related to unsecured loads.</li> <li>Use appropriate restraining devices, such as ratchet straps, chains, webbing, or shoring bars, that are rated for the load's weight and have been regularly inspected for wear and damage.</li> <li>Apply edge protectors to prevent damage to restraining devices from sharp edges of containers and ensure the force is distributed evenly.</li> </ul>	2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Place anti-slip mats under containers to enhance friction between the container and the vehicle platform, providing additional stability during transportation.		
			- Check the vehicle's Load Restraint System (LRS) ensure it meets the capacity required for the weight and type of trackable light waste being transported.		
			- Conduct pre-trip inspections to verify that a restraining vices are correctly installed and tensioned, and rectify any incolumntary installed and tensioned, and rectify any incolumntary in the conductive of t		
			- Establish a clear protocol for drivers to follow stands they encounter issues with the load during transit, including a mediate reporting and method of addressing potential hazards safely.		
			- Monitor weather and liust securing methods accordingly, accounting for dynamic for so like win that can ffect the collision of the load.		
			- Implement a crification secklist that the oe completed by both the driver and an additional quality of the confirm the load securing measures adhere to safety stand to before confure.		
			- Prom le a lafety of the where drivers are encouraged to stop and check the load at regular init cals due a transit and report any safety concerns without fear of eprisal.		
4. Transport Planning	Route hazards, Lack of emergency plans	2M		1L	



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5. Driving to Destination	Traffic accidents, Fatigue	ЗН		2M	



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6. Unloading IBCs	Falling objects, Exposure to hazardous substances	ЗН		1L	



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7. Storage at Destination	Inadequate storage space, Chemical spills	3H		2M	



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8. Documentation Handling	Inaccurate record-keeping, Non-compliance with legislation	2M		1L	



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9. Emergency Procedures	Lack of awareness, Inadequate response equipment	3H		1L	



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10. PPE Usage	Improper use, PPE failure	2M		1L	



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11. Vehicle Maintenance	Breakdown during transport, Emission leaks	ЗН		2M	



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12. Communication	Miscommunication, Failure in communication devices	2M		1L	



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13. Health Monitoring	Exposure to hazar rus chemicals, Overlook of health vmptome	ЗН		1L	



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Inadequate decormination	44		2M	
procedures, Cross Inta			ZIVI	
		HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  INITIAL RISK  SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  INITIAL RISK  SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS  RESIDUAL RISK  RESIDUAL RISK



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15. Final Inspection	Missed defects, Outloadie	3H		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
16. Reporting Incidents	Delayed reporting, Inaccurate Ident details	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
17. Waste Disposal	Improper disposal methods, Legal non-compliance	4A		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
18. Traffic Management	Unsafe road conditions, Poorly managed site traffic	3H		2M	



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19. Environmental Protection	Spillage during transport, Adverse weather impacts	ЗН		1L	



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20. Training and Competency	Insufficient training, Inadequate skill levels	ЗН		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-oi-practice

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-syllaws

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</a> Model Codes of Practice: <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice</a>

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### **Obligations on Transporter of Waste**

Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2014 (NSW), [Part 4/Division 3]

- (1) A transporter of waste must—
- (a) before transporting the waste—
- (i) certify that any part of the waste transport certificate for the waste that is required to be completed by the transporter has been completed accurately, and
- (ii) ensure that there is a consignment authorisation that authorises the transportation of the waste, and
- (b) ensure that the waste transport certificate for the waste is carried in any vehicle used by the transporter to transport the waste.
- (2) A transporter of waste must not remove the waste, or cause the waste to be removed, from any vehicle used to transport the waste unless
- (a) in the case of waste removed at a waste facility—
- (i) the receiver at the facility has been given the waste transport certificate in respect of the waste and has consented to the waste and has consented to
- (ii) there is no waste transport certificate in respect of the waste but the receiver at the facility has consented to the waste being remained at the facility and the facility can lawfully store the waste, or
- (b) in any case—the waste is being directly transferred to another vehicle, the transferring recorded on the waste transport certificate and if the transporter using the other vehicle is another transporter, the waste transport certificate is given to the other transporter.
- (3) However, the transporter must remove the waste, or cause the waste to be removed, from the vehicle in accordance with any direction and authorised officer.
- (4) A transporter of waste that has been rejected under Division 4 by a receiver of the waste must engineer of the waste waste
- (a) the waste transport certificate for the waste, endorsed by the receiver with the information that receiver have receiver hav
- (b) the waste is transported to the waste facility identified under clause 47(2) by the received

#### Note-

Clause 47(3) provides that a consignment authorisation, or waste transport certificate, for we shall have en rejected by a receiver of waste is taken to authorise the transportation of the waste to a waste facility that can lawfully accept the waste.

- (5) A transporter of waste has a defence in any proceedings for an offence a under sub- aux (4)(b) have transporter establishes that the transporter—
- (a) was not informed, in accordance with clause 47(2), of another waste facility in the viste of dipervansported, and
- (b) ensured that the waste was delivered to a waste facility that could lawfully a spring waste and
- (c) notified the EPA in writing, within 3 working days after the waste was transpole after the waste facility to which the waste was delivered.
- (6) A transporter of waste must comply with any condition of a consignment author, a tion for transportation of the waste.

Maximum penalty—200 penalty units in the case of a corporation, 10 pe try units in the case of an individual.



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			L te:		
			Date:		
	SAF	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND RE	VIEW	
The SWMS must be reviewed regular revised if necessary) if relevant control consultation with workers (including cor of the SWMS and their health and safet workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the advised that a revision has been made who will need to change a work procedia way that will enable them to implement will be involved in the work must be prothem to understand and implement the	ed that work group at the ons involved with the work are ised SWMS, including all persons eview are advised of the changes in e revised SWMS. All workers that	The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.			
•		□ 3			
NAME					
INITIALS					
DATE					

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#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	0		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI.			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vocat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u 1.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	DATE REVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 28