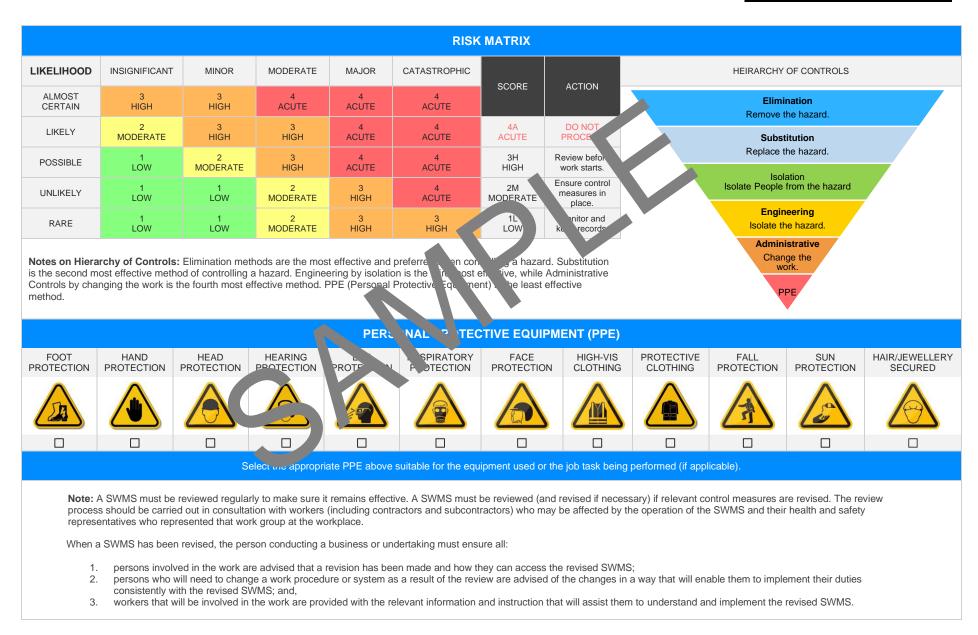
Transit Mixer S	AFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Transit Mixe	Pr	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (I BU) is	required to sure at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conduct unica those hazards and then to further take steps to either and are or contained a chazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must store unately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and			
communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable			
incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		C	LIENT OR PRINCIPA	L CONTRACTOR DE	TAILS					
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS					
Project Name:							rk being carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works)					
Project Manager:										
Contact Phone:										
Project Manager	Signature:									
Date SWMS supp	olied to Project Manag	er:								
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON JUCT	N JRK BEING	ARRIED OUT					
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on c	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
is carried out on a	a telecommunication tower			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.						
involves demolition	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.						
involves demolition	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a s	tr e.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.						
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.						
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporal, upp to	o prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.						
is carried out in o	r near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.						
is carried out in/n	ear a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel invol-	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.						
is carried out in o	r near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drow	ning.	involves diving wo	ork.					
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINI	ERY OR EQUIPMEN	FNEARBY					
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift			
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	Bobcat	Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer			
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -				







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Incorrect manual handling, Exposure to hazardous substances, Fall from height	ЗН	 Properly train workers on the correct techniques for manual handling to prevent injuries like strains, sprains or even fractures. Ensure workers wear appropriate PPE, such a gloves and long-sleeved shirts, to protect against exposure to hazardous subtances during a reparation. Set up a secure barrier around the work area to prevent any accidental falls from height during the preparatory stages. Regularly inspect all equiptent, including the Transit Mixer profer use to identify and fix any potential problems usafety hazards. Implement a string use peping policy to maintain avdy and obstacle-free workplace, demosing the k of the and falls. Store hazard is substant is propertied or with Australian regulations, and avoid unnecessary haveling training exposure risks. Consider adjust a decking platforms to reduce risks associated with working at heights function preparation. Use mishan is flifting equipment, where possible, to aid in handling heavy or bulky uds, de reasing the isk of manual handling injuries. Ensure workers are trained in the identification, handling and safe disposal of any azardou substances they may encounter. Involve workers in routine safety meetings and consult them about ways the safety in their work environment might be improved. Support an open reporting environment where workers feel comfortable reporting potential hazards or risky behaviour without fear of retribution. 	2М	
2. Vehicle Checking	Vehicle collision, Inadequate maintenance of vehicle	ЗH	 Conduct a comprehensive pre-start inspection on the transit mixer daily, checking for any visible signs of damage or wear and tear. Implement a regular maintenance schedule to ensure that all components of the vehicle are appropriately serviced and functioning correctly. Employ qualified mechanics to perform periodic inspections focussing on critical systems including brakes, steering, tyres, lights, etc. Ensure adequate driver's training is provided, focusing on manoeuvring skills, speed controls and understanding of vehicle dimensions and limits. Establish and adhere to stringent safe driving practices and road rules. Equip the vehicle with reversing cameras and proximity sensors to prevent collisions during reverse operations. 	2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Mandate use of signal lights when turning or changing lanes to inform other drivers of intentions.		
			- Instruct drivers not to operate the transit mixer if the seem to be any mechanical problems and report immediately to supervisor		
			- Encourage defensive driving techniques to be aware, provared, and able to respond to unforeseen incidents on the road.		
			 Keep the transit mixer's lights, mirrors and wine geen clean for maximum visibility. Advocate wearing seat belts all times while open ting the vehicle. 		
			 Monitor vehicle's transpace to ensure it is even distributed and never exceeded. 		
			- Make use a paffic management plan in the as with heavy vehicular movement to control low and revent ecidents.		
			- Enforce zero-it ance policy towards alcohol, drugs and fatigue related driving to eliminal, such hit risk behaviours.		
			Ensure III state avolved are trained and adhere to safe loading procedures to put entitle induction of the properties of		
			Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) such as dust masks or respirators to m mise the inhalation of dust during the mixer loading process.		
			Implement noise control measures such as earplugs or earmuffs for operators and nearby workers to reduce potential for noise-induced hearing loss.		
	oading Dust Exposure, Noise Exposure, Huid 4A		- Regularly maintain and check the condition of transit mixers to ensure they're in good working order to prevent malfunctions that could lead to accidents or increased dust/noise emission.		
3. Mixer Loading		4A	 Implement regular breaks for mixer operators to minimise continuous exposure to hazards such as dust and noise. Workers should be given the opportunity to recuperate away from the worksite. 	2M	
			- Use machinery with noise reducing features whenever possible. Transit mixers should be selected based on not just efficiency but also their noise emission ratings.		
			 Clear signage indicating hazards, such as high dust areas or high noise areas, should be visibly placed around the work site. This will help raise awareness among staff and site visitors. 		
			- Regular health checks should be provided for the staff to detect any negative impacts due to dust and noise exposure at an early stage and treated accordingly.		
			- Adequate ventilation should be provided where the mixer is loaded to disperse dust, reducing the concentration that workers might inhale.		

order complete swms Powered by Stripe VISA INCREASE

avPal

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- The company should stay updated with current industry standards and government legislation regarding workplace health and safety, ensuring compliance and maintaining a safe working environment.		
4. Transit to site	Road accidents, Spillages during transit	ЗН		1L	
5. Arrival at site	Obstructed access/egress, Hitting pedestrians or objects	4A		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Unloading Concrete	Musculoskeletal disorders, Crush injuries	ЗН		2М	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Drum washing	Mixer entanglement, Church exposure, spillage	ЗН		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Leaving site	Hitting pedestrians or objects, Access/Egress Issues	ЗН		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Re-loading mixer	Hand injuries, Dustand noise excerne	ЗН		2М	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Return to depot	Road accidents, Stullage during transit	ЗН		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. End of shift maintenance	Mechanical hazards, Injury from high- pressure water	44		2M	
12. Hazardous waste disposal	Exposure to hazardous substances, Fire hazard	3Н		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
13. Documentation & Reporting	Miscommunication, Record inaccuracy	2M		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
14. Emergency Response Plan	Improper training, Lack of safety equipment	4A		2М	



POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
Inadequate staff competence Improper use of equiption	ЗH		1L	
	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS RESIDUAL RISK Image: Additional system of the risk of



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	6				



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

	REFERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEG	SISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Acta 24 Occupational Health and Infetringulations 2017 Legis from VIC: https://www.enerksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- tulations Codes on Pactice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes codes-o, racth	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weiplace-servelaws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/fraction_d-resourceservelaws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-</u> <u>codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs	 Model cours of Practice Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work

- Any required documents.

SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			L te:		
			Date:		

SAF WO A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are revised if necessary if relevant control measure are revised of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reworkplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and are a reverse v process should be carried out in s an subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation sentatives who recessented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effectines.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wrap Electrical Work, Variat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be upd.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed ar noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience reining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	