

Tire Shredding   S	AFE WORK METHOD STA	ATEMENT (SWMS)	
Т	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Tire Shreddi	ng	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THE SAFE WORK METHOD	CTATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE DO LOS THE GO LEGT	
THIS SAFE WORK WETHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduthe proposed work starts.	cting a business or und ting (Pt U) is	required to el that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant e of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND ( THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accorde with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to construct the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or conclude ach hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the nost of	e. tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work.		

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo suitak	ok for the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	THE ARING STION	P _cCTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ients		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Incorrect handling of equipment, Exposure to harmful noise levels	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct a pre-operational inspection of a equipment to ensure they are in good working condition.</li> <li>Train workers on the correct handling and operation a shredding machinery.</li> <li>Provide personal protective equipment (PPB standing gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots.</li> <li>Implement a maintenance opedule for equipment to prount malfunctions or faults.</li> <li>Establish a designation area in tyre shredding with ear boundaries and signage.</li> <li>Use engineers moise cours in the tures such as sound barriers around operating equipment.</li> <li>Enforce lock of tragout a cedures of pervicing or maintaining equipment.</li> <li>Limit obsures that it high noise levels by rotating staff shifts.</li> <li>Provide thating perfection devices such as earmuffs or earplugs to workers.</li> <li>Installal learn visible overgency stop buttons or levers on machinery.</li> <li>Designate spacers to ensure safe movement of tyres and equipment within the work area.</li> <li>Ensured ar communication channels, such as radios or hand signals, between operators and ground ersonin.</li> <li>Support of the floor space clean and free from obstructions to minimise trip hazards.</li> <li>Monitor noise levels regularly to ensure compliance with workplace standards.</li> </ul>	1L
2. Inspecting the Equipment	Moving part injuries, Electrical hazards	зн	<ul> <li>Ensure all equipment is switched off and disconnected from the power supply before inspection.</li> <li>Conduct a pre-inspection safety briefing with personnel to highlight specific risks.</li> <li>Use lockout/tagout procedures to ensure machinery remains inoperable during inspection.</li> <li>Provide adequate training for personnel on recognising and avoiding moving parts.</li> <li>Wear personal protective equipment, including gloves and safety glasses, to prevent injuries.</li> <li>Use insulated tools when inspecting electrical components to minimise shock risk.</li> <li>Implement barriers or guards to secure rotating or moving parts during inspection.</li> <li>Strictly prohibit any operation of controls or activation of machinery during the inspection process.</li> <li>Ensure that only qualified personnel conduct electrical inspections to mitigate hazards effectively.</li> <li>Maintain a clean and dry environment to reduce slip or electrical hazard risks.</li> <li>Regularly inspect safety equipment such as emergency stop buttons and ensure they are fully operational.</li> <li>Supervise inspections closely and maintain clear communication among all team members involved.</li> </ul>	2M



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			- Document all findings and corrective actions taken during equipment inspection.	
3. Loading Tires to Conveyor	Strain injury, Slip/trip/falls	ЗН	<ul> <li>Ensure workers are trained in ergonomic lifting comiques to minimize the risk of strain injuries.</li> <li>Use mechanical aids such as forklifts or train, jacks to transport and load tyres onto the conveyor belt to reduce manual handling.</li> <li>Implement a team lift procedure for heavy analytical tyres to distribute the weight safely among multiple workers.</li> <li>Maintain a clean and organized work area around be loading zone to preventslip, trip, and fall hazards.</li> <li>Use non-slip mate acceptings affoors near the conveyor and loading areas to improve traction and reduce slips.</li> <li>Conduct read ar inspections and matter race of flooring surfaces to identify and repair any uneven areas at hazard prome.</li> <li>Instant, oper lighting to ensure the work area is well illuminated, reducing the risk of tripping over unseen on acles.</li> <li>Provide appropriate a resonal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves and safety boots with slipnasistant loles.</li> <li>Due lop and emorce a clear procedure for reporting and immediately addressing spills or tyre debris in the load area.</li> <li>assignate specific walkways that are free from obstruction and clearly marked to guide workers safely around the loading area.</li> <li>Establish a system for scheduled breaks to prevent fatigue, ensuring workers can maintain focus and awareness while performing loading tasks.</li> </ul>	2M
4. Shredding Operation	Cut and puncture wounds, Machine jamming	ЗН		2M



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5. Removing Shredded Tires	Ergonomic risks, Trip hazards	2M		1L
6. Clean-up	Exposure to dust particles, Slips, trips, and falls	2M		1L



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7. Maintenance Activity	Electrical Hazards, Moving parts injury	ЗН		2M



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8. Machine Shutdown	Unexpected start-up, Electrical hazal s			1L
9. Training New Staff	Miscommunication, Inadequate training	2M		1L







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11. Equipment Servicing	Electrical Hazards, Exposure to oils a bullubricants			1L
12. Waste Disposal	Contamination, Improper waste handling	2M		1L

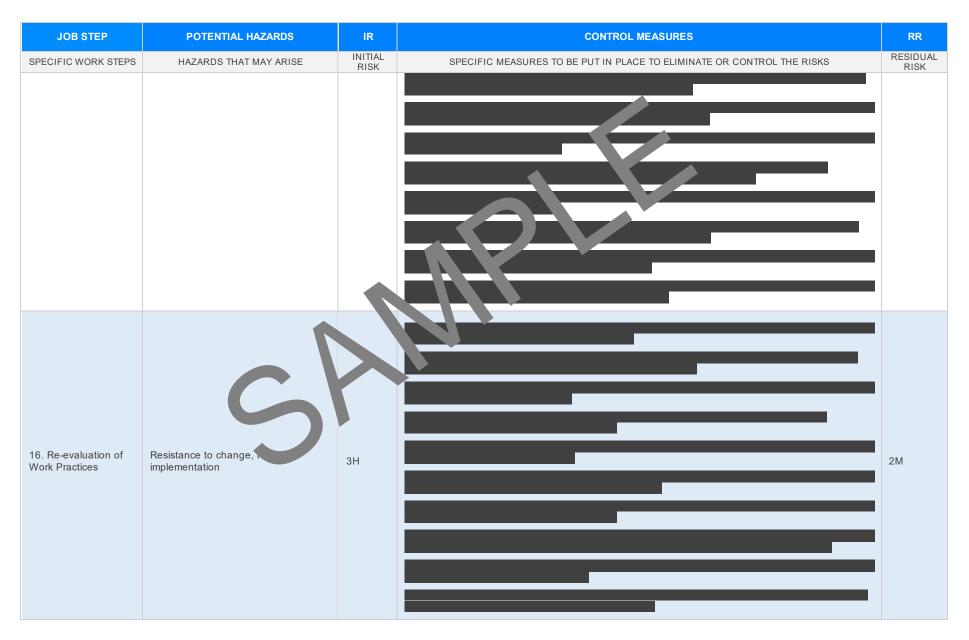


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13. Personal Protective Equipment Issue	Incorrect fitting, Lack of ance	2M		1L



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14. Hazard Reporting	Fear of retaliation, Complacency	2M		1L
15. Regulating Body Compliance Audit	Non-compliance penalties, Unsatisfactory findings	3Н		2M







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				•
	7			
17. Risk Assessment Updates	Inadequate understa legligenc			1L
18. Routine Safety				
Inspections	Overlook of hazards, Complacency	2M		1L



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19. Reviewing Incident Reports	Negligence, Misinterpretation	2M		1L



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				-
				•
				4
	7			-
20. Safety Improvements	Resistance to changes, Poor plant g	3H		<b>■</b> 2M
mprovements mplementation	and execution	011		
				1



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### hluesafe



### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

N ANY STATEMAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE.

### Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.qov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

# Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legi

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-librar

### Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance orkpla

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.a nd-reso

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w laces/codes-of-practice#COPs

### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A

regulations 2017 ational Health an Safe

- Legis ion VIC: https://v rksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-
- ttps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice des of actice VV

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/modelcodes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

### SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a remotified the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the thing with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV 5.		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effer ve secutions.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the splenetation of control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REV	/IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED