Swimming Pools	SAFE WORK METHOD ST	ATEMENT (SWMS)	
Т	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Swimming Po	ols	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E gil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	icting a business or undertaking (r 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Business Address: [Company Address] Contact Person: Phone: [Phone] E sil: INIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PLOP OF THE PROJECT Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (NORU) is required to Supressar a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts. Full Name: Image: Image			
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
			EEN CONSULTED AND
requirements to first identify any site hazards, conduction unical those	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							rk being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				k	nown as scope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS supp	olied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON JUCI	N. JRK BEING	ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on or	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.					
is carried out on a	a telecommunication tower.			is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
involves demolition	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
involves demolition	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a s	17 e.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporal upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in o	r near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/n	ear a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in o	r near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drow	ning.	involves diving wo	k.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	Bobcat	Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips, and falls, Drowning accidents	2М	 Implement proper housekeeping practices: Regularly clean and maintain the swimming pool area, including the removal of debrish bills, or any objects that may pose a risk for slipping, tripping, or falling. Install anti-slip flooring: Utilise non-slip survees, particularly in and around the wet areas of the pool, such as pool decks, chan crooms, and showers. Provide clear signage: Display visible and each orderstood signs to highlight potential hazards, including slippery surfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, and showers depth indicators. Install adequate light or Ensurvers urfaces, no uving, or horseplay in the pool area, and prove regular eminders of these rules. Provid ap opriate prevision: Assign designated lifeguards or trained staff member to nealitor the wimming pool area closely for any signs of unsafe shavior drowing incidents, or other hazards. Conside the use of deformation and the equipment to ensure they are in proper tring condition, and address any maintenance issues immediately. Flovide emergency response training and equipment: T	1L	
2. Pool Maintenance	Chemical exposure, Electrical hazards	ЗH	 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): When handling chemicals, ensure that workers wear appropriate protective gear such as chemical-resistant gloves, goggles, aprons, and approved respiratory masks. Chemical storage: Store pool maintenance chemicals in approved, clearly-marked containers and in well-ventilated spaces away from heat sources, ignition materials, or other reactive substances to minimise risk of exposure. Employee training: Provide thorough training to all employees responsible for pool maintenance on proper handling, use, and storage of chemicals, as well as emergency response procedures during a chemical-related incident. 	2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Electrical safety: Consistently check electrical equipment to ensure cables, plugs, and sockets are in good condition, and prohibit the use of damaged electronics. Always maintain safe distance between electrical and ances and water sources.		
			- Lockout/tagout procedures: Implement lockor agout procedures when working on electrical systems or equipment, ensuring, a lower sources are disconnected prior to maintenance.		
			- Safe ladder usage: When using ladders for procumtenance tasks such as replacing lights or cleaning peol walls, adhere to a tder safety a delines including maintaining three points of counct, setting up ladder on state surfaces, and refraining from overreaching.		
			- Spill containment and Cice up: In the event of a chemical spill, have an appropriate spill containment kit on har and properly train opersonnel to clean and manage the area in accordance with vlaterial contract at Sheets (MSDS).		
			- Very spin: Max aim sequate ventilation in indoor pool areas during maintenance activity is colving to use of chemicals, to minimise the risk of noxious fumes affectily by worke, and facility users.		
			- Regula equipment in section: Regularly inspect and maintain pool maintenance nuipmen such a filters, pumps, and chemical dosing systems to ensure they open tele actively and safely, reducing the possibility of accidental exposure to hazar mergency shutoffs: Ensure that all electrical equipment used at the pool has		
	S		 e. v accessible emergency shutoffs in case of an electrical malfunction or other hazards. First-aid and emergency response: Keep a well-stocked first aid kit on site and train relevant employees in first-aid response techniques to address injuries that may arise during pool maintenance tasks, including chemical burns or electric shock. Establish clear procedures for contacting emergency services should more advanced care be required. 		
			- Ensure that lifeguards have valid and up-to-date certifications in life-saving techniques, CPR, and first aid.		
			 Conduct regular safety briefings and training sessions for all staff to review emergency procedures, roles, and responsibilities during an incident. 		
3. Lifeguard Duties	Drowning incidents, Violent behaviour	3H	- Establish clear communication protocols among lifeguards, including the use of whistles, hand signals, and radios.	2M	
			- Limit the number of swimmers in the pool area at any given time according to the recommended swimmer-to-lifeguard ratio to ensure adequate supervision.		
			- Post clear rules and guidelines for pool users regarding acceptable behaviour and swimming etiquette to prevent aggressive or dangerous actions from occurring.		
			- Implement a buddy system for young or inexperienced swimmers to encourage accountability and mutual support in the water.		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			 Equip lifeguards with appropriate rescue equipment such as rescue tubes, throwable flotation devices, and reaching poles to effectively respond to drowning incidents. Regularly inspect and maintain pool safety economent (e.g., ladders, diving boards, and pool edges) to prevent accidents result a from malfunction or disrepair. Develop a standard operating procedure for andline collent behaviour which involves de-escalating conflicts, engaging other members or security personnel if needed, and ultimately contacting law enforcement if necessal. Encourage a no-tolerance point for alcohol or drug construction on the premises to reduce the potentiation of impliced judgment lead act to accidents or violent behaviour. Install survice camerar around as persure a to monitor activity, identify potential issue and assist in investigation following an incident. Emplities and to lessen the risk of germs and contamination that could lead to illness or nections. Regulary reversionand update the workplace's safety management system and publies to identify up of users. 		
4. Water Quality Testing	Bacteria exposure, Chemical handling	2М		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Emergency Training	Panic incidents, Medical emergencies	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Pool Equipment Inspection	Faulty equipment, Malfunction risks	2М		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Signage & Fencing	Unauthorised entry, Missing safety signs	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Swimming Lessons	Inexperienced swimmers, Accidental collisions	2М		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Safe Storage of Chemicals	Leakages, Inadequate ventilation	3H		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Facility Cleaning	Manual handling injuries, Slippery surfaces	2M		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Fire Evacuation Drills	Fire hazards, Evacuation route obstructions	ЗН		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. First Aid Kit Inspection	Expired supplies, Incomplete kits	2М		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	2				



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEC	
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Octopational Health and Safety Action 4 Octopational Health and unfetty or gulations 2017 Legistrion VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> Codes of whattice VIC <u>entrps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2015 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-servelaws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/formediates/servelaws	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Dat		
			l te:		
			Date:		

SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and acception of the process should be carried out in s any subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who recented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wey, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approved on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
			·
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		