

Surface Oxidising Treat	ment SAFE WORK METHO	DD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK O	R ACTIVITY: Surface Oxidising T	reatment	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	nature:								
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	$H \cap H$	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.			
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in a	an area of a workplace where t	here is any movement of p	owered mobile plant.		
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.				
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY				
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -			





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, Inadequate lighting	2M	 Conduct a thorough inspection of the work area to identify and remove potential trip hazards, such as loose cables, equipment, and debri? Ensure that all workers are properly trained in a cognizing and addressing potential trip hazards during the preparation phase a surface oxidizing treatment. Place warning signs or barriers around identify and trip search that cannot be immediately removed, to alert workers of their searce and prevent accidents. Provide adequate lighting in the work area, including portationals lighting if necessary, to ensure visibility to workers and minitional trip ask of trips and falls due to poor lighting conditions. Regularly instant and man ain also uipment and for surface oxidizing treatment, including ladents, scaffolding and man interest of guarantee that they are in good working order and one to use addition to rety risks. Implicated a tidy and place policy, encouraging workers to keep their work areas clear of uncreased anaterials, tools, and equipment that could create trip hazards. Require workers to very appropriate footwear with non-slip soles to reduce the risk of slips, us, a stalls write performing surface oxidizing treatment tasks. Ourly leark designated walkways and access paths throughout the worksite, ensument at these routes remain clear of obstructions to minimise the risk of trips and falls to staff. In publish an effective communication system among team members to report any new trip hazards or changes in work conditions, allowing for swift action to mitigate risks. Schedule regular toolbox talks or safety briefings to reinforce the importance of good housekeeping practices and hazard identification, reminding workers of their shared responsibility in maintaining a safe work environment during surface oxidizing treatment projects. 	1L	
2. Equipment Setup	Electric shock, Falls from height	2M	 Regular inspection and maintenance of electrical equipment: Ensure that all electrical equipment and tools involved in the equipment setup are inspected for any wear or damage before use, and are maintained according to the manufacturer's guidelines. Use of residual current devices (RCDs): Incorporate RCDs into the electrical circuitry during equipment setup to provide protection against electric shocks by immediately cutting off power supply in case of a detected fault. Correct selection of equipment: Choose the appropriate type and size of equipment for the task, ensuring it meets the necessary safety standards and is suitable for the work environment conditions. Secure installation of equipment: Install equipment properly and securely to minimise risks of falling, shifting, or collapsing during use. Follow manufacturer instructions and adhere to relevant safety codes and regulations. 	1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Safe use of extension cords and cables: Make sure that extension cords and cables are in good condition, avoid overloading circuits, and keep cords well-organised to minimise trip hazards.		
			- Training of workers: Ensure that all workers in wed in the equipment setup process are properly trained in the handling set up, and safe operation of the equipment, as well as familiar with potential cards are intergency procedures.		
			- Fall prevention measures: Implement fall prevention, and safety potting where applied a, to minimise the risk of falls from height.		
			- Use of personal processes equivalent (PPE): Provious orkers with appropriate PPE, such as set in helming glove and slip-resistant footwear, and ensure they are wearing than correctly being the equipment of the process.		
			- Proport lighting Ensure at the work as well lit, allowing workers to see and navigurally wind a equipment setup process.		
			- Sign, e. d barn, . Erect high-visibility signage and barriers around the work area to . for others potential hazards and restrict access to only authorised personn.		
	•		equilibrium and monitoring: Assign a responsible individual to oversee the equilibrium setup process and monitor for any hazards or unsafe practices, promptly ddress. The investment of the process and monitor for any hazards or unsafe practices, promptly ddress.		
			- Proper storage and handling: Ensure that all chemicals are stored and handled according to manufacturer guidelines and safety data sheets (SDS). This includes properly sealing containers when not in use, using secondary containment where required, and keeping incompatible chemicals separate.		
			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure that appropriate PPE is worn by all workers who may be exposed to the chemicals during the inspection and testing phase. This may include gloves, goggles, face shields, respirators, and chemical-resistant clothing, depending on the specific chemicals being used.		
3. Inspection and Testing	tion and Exposure to chemicals, Slippery surfaces	2M	- Ventilation: Implement sufficient ventilation measures in the work area, such as fume hoods or exhaust fans, to minimise worker exposure to potentially hazardous chemical fumes during the inspection and testing process.	1L	
			- Spill response plan: Create a detailed spill response plan for the work area to ensure that any accidental spills or leaks are addressed promptly, limiting the potential harm to both workers and the environment.		
			- Hazard communication: Clearly label all containers of chemicals with their contents and hazards. Provide access to SDS for all chemicals in use, and ensure that workers have received adequate training to handle these materials safely.		
			- Slip-resistant flooring: Install slip-resistant flooring in work areas prone to spills or wet surfaces, helping to reduce the risk of slips and falls during inspection and testing.		



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			- Housekeeping: Regularly clean and maintain work areas to prevent buildup of dirt, dust, or debris that could create slippery surfaces or add to the hazard potential of chemicals in use.		
			- Inspection and maintenance of equipment: Conduct regular inspections and maintenance of equipment used in the oxiding treatment process, including testing instruments, tanks, and other apparatus, to sure the confunctioning correctly and reduce the risk of malfunctions leading to haz low dations.		
			- Employee training: Provide comprehensive training to all employees working with the oxidizing treatment process focusing on the historida and attended with this process, safe handling technique for chemicals, an analysis gency response procedures. - Segregation an anomatic chemicals: Ensurant incompatible chemicals are		
			stored separative in designed areas the entraccidental mixing and subsequent reactive which hald leaved hazardous auditions.		
		- Eme to v eyew a stations and showers: Install and maintain emergency eyewa as constant showers close to the work area for immediate use in case of chemic exportance. On the constant inspections to ensure they remain functional at all times			
			to che see exposure: Implement ongoing monitoring of worker exposure to che see during inspection and testing activities, ensuring it remains below ceptab. Imits. Take corrective action if needed to further reduce hazards or lify work practices as necessary.		
	6				
4. Material Handling	Manual handling injuries, Falling objects	3H		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Surface Cleaning	Flying debris, Hazardous substances	ЗН		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
JOB STEP SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	POTENTIAL HAZARDS HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	IR INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RR RESIDUAL RISK	RESPONSIBLE PERSON NAME OF PERSON
6. Surface Oxidising	Chemical burns, Fire risk	ЗН		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Quality Control	Inhalation hazards, Eye injury	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
		RISK		RISK	
8. Waste Disposal	Improper disposal, Exposure to hazardous materials	ЗН		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Equipment Maintenance	Electrical hazards, Entanglement	2M		1L	



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10. Documentation	Miscommunication,are recon	ВН		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Emergency Response	Emergency exits blocked, Inadequatraining	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS IR CONTROL MEASURES		CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. Completion and Review	Incomplete tasks, griaza s	‡A		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-oi-practice

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-syllaws

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>qulat.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor
				Date:			
				Date			
				L te:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WO A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewer revised if necessary) if relevar consultation with workers (incl of the SWMS and their health workplace. When the SWMS has been readvised that a revision has be who will need to change a wor a way that will enable them to will be involved in the work muthem to understand and imple	and safety representatives wised the PCBU must ensure made and how they car k procedure or system as implement their duties corust be provided with the rel	contract s) who may be as who re esented that wor esented that wor are that all persons involve in access the revised SWM aresult of the revised SWM as isstently with the revised S	should be carried out in ffected by the operation k group at the d with the work are S, including all persons divised of the changes in SWMS. All workers that	effective in reducing the person responsible for memploy a multi-faceted a 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation v. 3. Internal audits An approach of continuo followed up by immediate	nitored regularly for the exist of incidents, keeping the onitoring the effectiveness peroach which includes but with workers, contractors at on a continual basis. The improvement, promptly be corrective action and contently developing ever-improvement.	ne workplace safe for all of the Safe Work Method is not limited to: and sub-contractors. recording inconsistencies sultation with all relevan	personnel. The od Statement should statement should so or deficiencies, at personnel ensures
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting secutions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of contameasures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vocat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience reining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	