

Strapping Tool (Hand	d)   SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASH	COR ACTIVITY: Strapping Tool (I	Hand)	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY 1	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method st	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BE PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditionally as a condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the conditi	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	nature:								
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.			
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.				
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY				
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -			





### PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Poor workplace set-up, Inadequate lighting	2M	<ul> <li>Implement a thorough workplace inspection before beginning any task to ensure a proper and well-organised work environment.</li> <li>Clear the area of any unnecessary equipment petris, or obstacles to prevent trips, slips, and falls in the immediate work area</li> <li>Provide adequate lighting at the workplace, o pecial townen working during low light conditions or in enclosed spaces. If neces or use portable lighting solutions such as spotlights or floodlights for better illumination.</li> <li>Ensure the surface on which the strapping tool wilk the provide stable, clean, and free from contamination of may order grip or performance.</li> <li>Train worker oproper headling at lusage of the strapping tool to minimise risks associated with incorrect headling an usebnate.</li> <li>Alwo swear as ropris of Personal Projective Equipment (PPE), such as gloves and sets agoggle to protect against potential hazards during operation.</li> <li>Perform the ular may enance on the hand strapping tool, including checking for any signs of year and teals adamage, to prevent potential injury or malfunction.</li> <li>Yeep as walky as and aisles in the work area free of clutter, cables, or cords to minusise in phazards.</li> <li>Establic and adhere to designated storage areas for the strapping tool and related a terials, preventing them from being improperly stored or left unattended.</li> <li>Evicourage good communication among team members; report any dangerous conditions or safety concerns to supervisors immediately so that corrective action can be taken to mitigate risk.</li> <li>Conduct periodic risk assessments or toolbox talks to discuss potential hazards associated with the hand strapping tool worksite and review control measures to prevent accidents.</li> </ul>	1L	
2. Safety equipment check	Damaged or missing PPE, Poorly maintained equipment	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct regular inspections of all Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to identify any signs of damage, wear or deterioration. If PPE is found to be damaged or ineffective, it should be replaced immediately.</li> <li>Ensure that the appropriate PPE is provided for all workers who are involved in the operation of hand strapping tools. This may include safety gloves, protective eyewear, and steel-toed boots, depending on the specific job requirements.</li> <li>Develop a preventative maintenance schedule for the hand strapping tools and other related equipment. This will help minimise the risk of poorly maintained equipment causing injury during use.</li> <li>Train all employees involved in the use of hand strapping tools on the correct procedures for inspecting and maintaining their tools and safety equipment. This should include instructions on how to identify potential hazards and what actions to take if they are discovered.</li> </ul>	1L	



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			<ul> <li>Store safety equipment and PPE in a designated area when not in use. This will reduce the likelihood of equipment being misplaced or damaged during transit or storage.</li> </ul>		
			- Provide clear signage and instructions for producing usage of safety equipment when working with hand strapping tools. This care up remind workers of best practices for maintaining their safety while performing the tasks.		
			- Encourage an open communication culture was corkers feel comfortable reporting any damaged or missing PPE without a for retaliation Establish a system for anonymous reporting if new sarry.		
			- Implement regular to ad equation inventory character to ensure that all equipment is accounted to an inventory of derivative and inventory character. Any missing or damaged equipment strong be reported immediately.		
			<ul> <li>- Purchase high quality Poward hand poping tools from reputable manufacturers to enter their and bill and effectiveness in preventing injuries.</li> <li>- Keep to N-stock supply of replacement safety equipment and PPE on-site as a</li> </ul>		
			conting new easure case items become damaged or lost during a work shift.  Monito indus developments and advancements in PPE technology to stay on any win best factices for workplace safety in relation to hand strapping tool		
	1		usas Ut ate and revise policies and procedures accordingly, in order to ontinua improve upon the control measures being implemented.		
			- In plement a regular inspection routine for strapping tools and tensioners, ensuring hat personnel are trained in identifying signs of wear and malfunction.		
			- Establish a logbook or digital record for documenting tool inspections, maintenance activities, and replacement schedules to track the condition of each strapping tool over time.		
			- Require workers to visually inspect all straps for wear, fraying, or damage before using the strapping tool; any sign of degradation should result in immediate removal from service and replacement with a new strap.		
3. Tool inspection	Worn straps, Malfunctioning tensioner	3H	- Encourage workers to report any issues with the strapping tool or tensioner immediately upon identification, allowing swift action to be taken to prevent accidents or injuries.	2M	
			- Store strapping tools and materials in designated areas when not in use, keeping them away from moisture, excessive heat, or chemicals that may cause degradation or malfunction.		
			- Ensure that workers are provided with clear instructions and adequate training in the proper use, storage, and maintenance of hand strapping tools and tensioners.		
			- Develop and implement a preventive maintenance plan for strapping tools and tensioners, based on manufacturer recommendations and user experience, addressing common failure points and typical wear patterns.		



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			<ul> <li>Periodically review workplace safety procedures related to the use of hand strapping tools, updating protocols as necessary to reflect changes in equipment design or industry best practices.</li> </ul>		
			- Conduct toolbox talks or safety briefings focus, on the hazards associated with worn straps and malfunctioning tensioners, phasising the importance of early identification and prompt corrective actions minimises.		
			- Consider investing in high-quality strapping to the distribution and promoting a safer work expression.		
4. Loading strap roll	Manual handling its tries, Pinch Tables	ЗН		1L	



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5. Cutting strap	Cuts and abrasions, Flyi.	2M		1L	



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6. Feeding strap	Entanglement, Jamming hand in too	ЗН		1L	



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7. Tension application	Over-tightening, Releasing tension suddenly	2M		1L	



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8. Affixing metal seal	Pinch points, Incorrect plasement seal	2M		1L	



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9. Crimping	Slipping tool, Excessive force	2M		1L	



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10. Releasing tension	Sudden release of energy, Struck by strap end	ЗН		1L	



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11. Final cut	Sharp edges, Projectiles	2M		1L	



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12. Disposal	Improper disposal, Injuries while handling waste material	2M		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.aksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>qulat.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor	
				Date:				
				Date				
				L te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to reach the sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements are subcontracted by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reduces that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	