

Spill And Leak - Cleanup Pro	ocedures SAFE WORK ME	THOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR AC	CTIVITY: Spill And Leak - Cleanup	o Procedures	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E ill:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ure at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

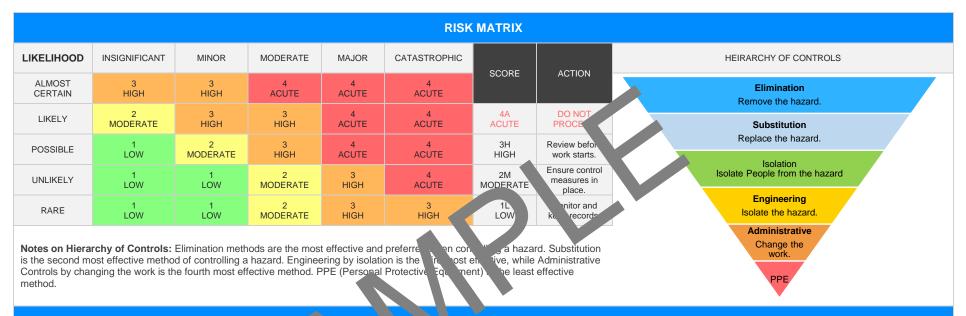
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		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS			
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	nature:							
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		$H \cap H$	☐ is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.		
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	9	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.				
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	inporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.				
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.				
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes o	f temperature.		
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drownin	ng.	☐ involves diving v	vork.			
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINEF	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY			
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loade	r Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -		

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PER NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slippery surfaces, chemical exposure	2M	 Conduct a thorough risk assessment before starting the cleanup process to identify potential hazards and determine appropriate control. Seaures. Ensure that all personnel involved in the clear or process have received appropriate training on the handling of hazard sus materials and the correct use of personal protective equipment (PPE). Secure the affected area by setting up barriers awage, or other means to prevent unauthorised access and avoid accidental slips alls due to the provide surfaces. Provide appropriate PPE, such as gloves, safety subject and chemical-resistant clothing, for all perses and avolve in the cleanup process. Use absorbed waterials to shas all pads, seculo, or pillows specifically designed for containing and cleaning or spills to tlea. Instrument of the buddy statem whereby team members work in pairs, ensuring they are read access us and in good working condition. Implement buddy statem whereby team members work in pairs, ensuring constant ports unication and support during the cleanup process, reducing the risk of accidents all injuries. Control to ark injuries. Control to ark invalve all hazardous substances, ensuring that employees are laware or per handling methods, associated risks, and emergency procedures. Itilise appropriate spill containment equipment or bunding solutions to minimise the pread of spilled or leaked chemicals. Follow company Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) when handling and disposing of potentially hazardous materials, preventing further exposure and environmental damage. Regularly inspect the work site and surrounding areas for any signs of potential leaks or spills, enabling early detection and swift action to prevent serious incidents. Implement an effective reporting system for incidents involving spills or leaks, allowing responsible parties to be informed promptly and investigate the root causes of such occurrences. Provide regula	1L	
2. Equipment Setup	Improper equipment, electrical hazards	3H	- Ensure the spill and leak cleanup equipment is compliant with relevant Australian standards and regulations, including Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all chemicals and substances being used in the cleanup process.	1L	



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			 Conduct regular inspections and maintenance checks of all equipment before and after use, ensuring that they are in proper working condition and free from defects. Replace or repair damaged equipment immediately. Provide workers with the necessary safety tracing and adequate supervision, ensuring they understand how to safely options and maintain the spill and leak cleanup equipment. Install Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFC procesidual current devices (RCDs) on all electrical equipment used in the cleanup process to protocologians potential electrical hazards. Use only approved procedure sonds we power tools and pulpment when working in wet conditions or pair way source to minimise the risk of electrocution. Always very that electric boords, procedures the risk of electrocution, without any crocks, fracing, or every sed wires be accused. Avoid using extension cords, if poss Requipment where the real appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as safety to gg. glove chemical-resistant suits, and rubber boots during equipment setup to rote them he chemical exposure and electrical hazards. Tolem It a "accidental process to relevant safety procedures when handling fluids are procedures as required by local environmental regulations. Place warning signs and barriers around the work area to alert workers and passersby about the potential hazards associated with the spill and leak cleanup equipment setup. Have spill containment systems, such as spill kits, absorbent pads, and drain covers readily available in the event of accidental spills or leaks during the equipment setup process. Establish an emergency response plan and evacuation procedure for the worksite, conduct regular drills, and ensure all workers are familiar with these procedures in the event of a spill, leak, or equipment malfunction. 		
3. Spill Containment	Inhalation of fumes, fire risk	4A	 Proper ventilation: Ensure the work area has sufficient ventilation to disperse harmful fumes and prevent the buildup of flammable vapor. Personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers dealing with spill containment should wear appropriate PPE, such as gloves, goggles, masks, and boots, to protect against hazardous materials and reduce inhalation risks. Use of absorbent materials: Utilise industrial-grade absorbent materials or spill kits designed for containing and controlling the specific substances involved in the spill to minimise the spread of chemicals. 	2M	



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			- Fire prevention equipment: Keep fire extinguishers and other firefighting equipment on hand and easily accessible in case of a fire risk resulting from a spill or leak.		
			- Proper storage: Store all chemicals and hazardor materials in properly labelled containers and safe locations away from heat croces to minimise the risk of fires and explosions.		
			- Spill control training: Train employees on healing are and leaks safely and efficiently, including the proper use of spill control and equipment and emergency procedures.		
			- Emergency response plan: Explish and maintain pure date emergency response plan for heavy spills and leaks, including cedures for contacting emergency personal if his ssary		
			- Hazard con unication: A workers ould well-informed about the hazards related to the regirals the handle, producing measures to prevent exposure, and see instruction and seems of the regiral of the residual seems of the regiral of		
			- Signs, e. d labeler: Clearly mark hazardous areas and containers with appropriate rining to a sand labels to alert workers of potential dangers and prevent adv. ant expoure.		
	•		veet in and intenance: Regularly inspect storage facilities and equipment for wear of nage that could lead to spills and leaks, and perform necessary naintenance and repairs promptly.		
			- gular audits: Conduct periodic assessments to evaluate and improve spill condinment and cleanup procedures, identifying areas for improvement and implementing corrective actions.		
			- Segregation of incompatible materials: Store hazardous materials separately from each other to reduce the likelihood of fire risk or hazardous chemical reactions due to spills or leaks.		
			- Eliminate ignition sources: Keep open flames, sparks, and other potential ignition sources away from the work area during spill containment procedures to minimise fire hazard risks.		
			- Reporting near-misses or incidents: Encourage workers to report any near-miss incidents or spills that could have led to fire or inhalation hazards in order to develop improved prevention and containment measures.		
4. Leak Isolation	Contact with hazardous materials, explosive atmosphere	4A		2M	



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5. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	Incorrect PPE, PPE failure	ЗН		1L	



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6. Hazardous Material Identification	Skin/eye contact, incorrect labeling	3H		1L	



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7. Cleanup Procedure Selection	Inadequate procedute, secondilis	2M		1L	



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8. Absorbent Application	Dust generation, over a cation	≥M		1L	



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9. Waste Removal	Mishandling, improper disposal	ЗН		1L	



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10. Surface Decontamination	Residual contamination, fumes	3Н		2M	



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11. Spill Kit Maintenance	Insufficient supplies, improper storage	2M		1L	



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				NGIX	
12. Documentation & Reporting	Failure to report, missing information	2M		1L	



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13. Training	Untrained personnel, poor attendance	3H	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	1L	NAME OF PERSON



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
14. Emergency Response Plan	Lack of communication, inacceptate resources	SH		2M	



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15. Incident Investigation	Incomplete investit viion, blame culture	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
16. Review & Continuous Improvement	Non-compliance, outdated procedur	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
17. Communication & Signage	Miscommunication, inactivate ning signs	2M		1L	



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18. Environmental Impact Assessment	Ecological damage, impact all community	ЗН		2M	



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19. Storage & Transport	Spills during transport, success	ЗН		1L	



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20. Personal Wellbeing	Mental stress, physical fatigue	2M		1L	



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'					



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-oil ractive

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

			Tollow any sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all reisonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.							
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor			
				Date:						
				_						
				Date						
				l te:						
			AV	Date:						
				Date:						
				Date:						
				Date:						
SAF WC A STHED STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW										
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontracted by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors are subcontracted)) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who recessented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.						
a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.			An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.							
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7			
NAME										
INITIALS										
DATE										

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P A	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is as a sign of the SWMS for the imperent person is a sign of the SWMS			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veral Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	

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