

Slitter-Folder   S	AFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Slitter-Folde	er	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PLOOF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (r 3U) is	required to turn at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the cond	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	nature:								
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.			
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.				
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY				
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -			





### PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Flying debris, Slips and falls	3H	<ul> <li>Before starting work, thoroughly inspect the Slitter-Folder machine for any loose or damaged parts that could potentially cause flying delt's during operation.</li> <li>Ensure all workers operating or working near or Slitter-Folder are wearing appropriate personal protective equipment of E), including safety goggles and gloves to protect against flying debris.</li> <li>Implement a proper maintenance schedule for a suitter-Folder, including regular cleaning and sharpening of the blades to minimis the risk of flying debris during operation.</li> <li>Encourage regular has keep a practices, such as anoving excess materials, scrap, and waster own the brksp to to lower thortisk of slips and falls.</li> <li>Designate to cific walkw is and stronger as in the work area to keep tools and materials organized, reducing the charactrip hazards and subsequent slips and falls.</li> <li>Prion se elequate other in an around the Slitter-Folder workspace to increase visibility and mable to kers to safely navigate the area, reducing the risk of slips and falls.</li> <li>sain all vorker in the proper operating procedures for the Slitter-Folder machine, specially addressing potential hazards and how to avoid them, to promote to displance of awareness among the team members.</li> <li>Intablish a clear communication system between operators, allowing them to alert others if something goes wrong or new hazards occur during the slitting and folding process.</li> <li>Affix visible warning signage around the Slitter-Folder work area, clearly indicating potential hazards and reminding workers to take necessary precautions.</li> <li>Utilise non-slip floor mats in areas most prone to spills or moisture accumulation, providing added traction for workers and decreasing the likelihood of slips and falls.</li> <li>Conduct regular inspections of the Slitter-Folder work area to identify possible hazards and ensure control measures are effectively implemented to maintain a safe working environment.</li> <li>Foster a safety-first culture wit</li></ul>	1L	
2. Machine setup	Caught in moving parts, Crushing injuries	4A	<ul> <li>Proper training: Ensure that all workers operating the Slitter-Folder machine have attended necessary trainings and are knowledgeable of the correct procedures for machine setup.</li> <li>Lockout/Tagout protocols: Implement lockout/tagout protocols to disable any power or energy supply to the machine during setup, preventing unexpected movement or activation of parts that could cause caught-in or crushing injuries.</li> </ul>	2M	



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			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Mandate the use of appropriate PPE such as gloves, safety goggles, and steel-toed shoes for workers involved in the setup process to protect them from potential hazards.		
			- Guarding: Inspect and confirm the presence of functioning of proper machine guarding to prevent contact with moving or paradous sections of the machines during operation.		
			- Clear communication: Establish clear communication protocols among team members during setup to ensure safe execution their tasks of better coordination in case of computions.		
			- Adequate workspannintain clutter-free workspanning surrounding areas of equipment and to to make trip hazards and other risks, providing ample room to easy mane erability.		
			- Maint nance ecks: Couct regular pections and maintenance of the Slitter-Fold chine, rifing that all parts are functioning correctly before setup or operant detected directly potential hazard risks timely.		
			- Safe Ling chnique Encourage workers to practice safe lifting and handling techniques with manuary transferring heavy or awkwardly shaped objects during tup, a ciding ain-related injuries.		
			- En. Tel. y stop features: Familiarise workers with emergency stop features on the Nitter- or machine and create a protocol for how and when they should be ployed in case of dangerous situations.  - Supervision and monitoring: Arrange constant supervision and monitoring during		
			the machine setup process to ensure adherence to safety procedures and prompt intervention in case of any identified risks or incorrect steps.		
			- Provide proper manual handling training to all workers involved in material loading tasks, ensuring they follow correct lifting techniques and body postures while carrying out their duties.		
			- Establish a designated area for loading and unloading materials with clear signage and sufficient space to prevent overcrowding and reduce the risk of falling materials.		
3. Material loading	Manual handling injuries, Falling materials	2M	- Use appropriate mechanical aids, such as trolleys, pallet jacks, or forklifts to minimise the need for manual handling and reduce the strain on workers' bodies.	1L	
	matorials		- Regularly maintain and inspect all equipment used for material loading, including safety guardrails, and ensure they meet relevant industry standards.		
			- Implement a buddy system for heavy or awkward items, ensuring two or more workers are assigned to assist in lifting and carrying the materials safely.		
			- Ensure all workers wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), such as steel-toed boots, gloves, and hard hats, to minimise injury risks from potential accidents during material loading.		



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			<ul> <li>Store all materials securely, whether on the ground or on shelves, using proper stacking techniques and properly secured restraining devices to prevent any dislodgment or toppling.</li> </ul>		
			- Conduct regular Toolbox Talks and safety methods to educate workers on safe material handling practices, discussing way or identify and address any potential hazards on site.		
			- Implement effective communication channels the workplace, encouraging workers to report any concerns related to material bading activities and requesting assistance when needed.		
			- Establish an ongoing the hyplace regonomics program of that aims to improve efficiency, minimal discount, an enduce the right of work-related injuries associated with manual halling, such as adjusting workstations and providing adequate rescribeds.		
4. Slitting process	Sharp edges, Lacerations	ЗН		1L	



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5. Folding process	Pinching fingers, Entanglement	ЗН		1L	



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6. Quality inspection	Poor lighting conditions, Repetitive strain injury	2M		1L	



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7. Unloading finished product	Struck by falling materials, Strains/sprains from lifting	2M		1L	



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		•			
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8. Equipment maintenance	Electrical hazards, Engulfment	4A		2M	



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		RISK		RISK	



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9. Waste disposal	Exposure to hazar ous substances, Fire hazard	ЗН		1L	



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10. Material storage	Collapse of stacked materials, Obstructed walkways	2M		1L	



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11. Housekeeping	Trip hazards, Respiratory irritation from dust	2M		1L	



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12. Troubleshooting	Incorrectly identifying fault, Inadequate lockout/tagout procedures	3Н		2M	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</a>

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a>

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor
				Date:			
				Date			
				L te:			
			AV	Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to reach the sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements and subcontractors and subcontractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who resented that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.			The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	