Rock Breaker Operatio	on   SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Rock Breaker Op	eration	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY		
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person condu the proposed work starts.		required to entry e that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitorin $\gamma_{\rm e}$	compliance of the SWI, was well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	NEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according e with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and the to contain the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contail each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must store and ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	d is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
□ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integritystructure	$\Box$ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as the set of the	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to prary support to prevent collapse	$\Box$ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	$\Box$ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
□ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper the first or tunnel involving use of explosives	$\Box$ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\Box$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



	RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and key recorde		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	RARE       LOW       LOW       MODERATE       HIGH       HIGH       LOW       Ke record       Isolate the hazard.         Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:       Elimination methods are the most effective and preferring en council g a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the submost enditive, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Proterior enditive enditional) is the least effective       Administrative Work.										

	PERS_NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) Select the appropriate PPL about suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).										
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION			RL SPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Other PPE Required:										
	Permit or Licenses Requirements Mandatory Qualifications and Training										



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Inadequate training, improper use of equipment	ЗН	<ul> <li>Ensure all operators are fully trained and competent in the use of rock breaker equipment.</li> <li>Conduct regular refresher training session to keen utils and knowledge up-to-date.</li> <li>Provide detailed operating manuals and instruction guides for quick reference.</li> <li>Carry out thorough pre-statistic becks on all equipment before beginning operations.</li> <li>Verify that all safety and a supprotective device on equipment are functioning correctly.</li> <li>Implement all udy system when uses experienced operators work alongside seasoned professionals.</li> <li>Erect clear stratege to device equipment (PPE) is available and worm by all personnel involved in the optiment.</li> <li>Conduct the box take focused on the importance of correct equipment handling and potential hazards.</li> <li>Development and ummunicate a clear emergency procedure specific to rock breaker operations.</li> <li>Knowlan inspect and maintain all equipment, ensuring any faults are repaired before use.</li> </ul>	2M
2. Equipment Inspection	Faulty equipment, unexpected start-up of equipment	ЗН	<ul> <li>Induct a pre-start inspection checklist prior to operating the rock breaker, checking for any signs of we or damage.</li> <li>Ensure all safety guards and covers are securely in place before operation.</li> <li>Verify that all hydraulic hoses and connections are free from leaks and have no visible damage.</li> <li>Confirm that emergency stop mechanisms are functional and easily accessible to workers on site.</li> <li>Isolate the equipment using lockout/tagout procedures during maintenance or inspection.</li> <li>Provide adequate training for operators on identifying and reporting faulty equipment.</li> <li>Implement routine maintenance schedules as per manufacturer's guidelines to ensure ongoing equipment integrity.</li> <li>Keep a record of inspection and maintenance logs to track equipment condition over time.</li> <li>Ensure only trained and authorised personnel are allowed to conduct inspections and operate the equipment.</li> <li>Provide communication devices like two-way radios to relay information about equipment status quickly.</li> <li>Display adequate signage around the equipment highlighting potential risks and emergency procedures.</li> <li>Use warning alarms and visual indicators to alert personnel when the equipment is in operation or has stopped unexpectedly.</li> <li>Regularly inspect and test all start-up controls to ensure they respond correctly in all conditions.</li> </ul>	2M

# order complete swms

## bluesafe.

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Implement a buddy system where a second person ensures start-up does not occur during maintenance activities.	
3. Setting Up Work Area	Trip hazards, falling objects	2М	<ul> <li>Conduct a pre-start inspection of the work are no identify and remove trip hazards such as loose debris and materials.</li> <li>Ensure that appropriate signage is in place aware arkers and visitors of the presence of trip hazards.</li> <li>Implement use of high visibility tape or paint a mark any undern surfaces or sudden changes in elevation within the work at:</li> <li>Make use of safety bariers on ones to cordon officer with potential trip or fall hazards until they can be rectified.</li> <li>Ensure all a sonnel on the are waring an opriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including hard hats, to intect against falling out.</li> <li>Estimation an example zone around the rock breaker operation site and limit access to authorised persons only.</li> <li>Ensul too and ecoment not in use are stored securely and not left lying on the ground where they could chate a bip hazard.</li> <li>Negularly monitor weather conditions, particularly wind, which may increase the risk of falling objects.</li> <li>A big a spotter or safety observer when setting up near hazardous areas to assist in identifying notential risks promptly.</li> <li>Provide training for all workers on-site about recognising and mitigating common trip and fall hazards, ensuring awareness and preparedness.</li> </ul>	1L
4. Pre-Operation Check	Improper positioning, overexertion	ЗН		2M

Version 2.5





Version 2.5



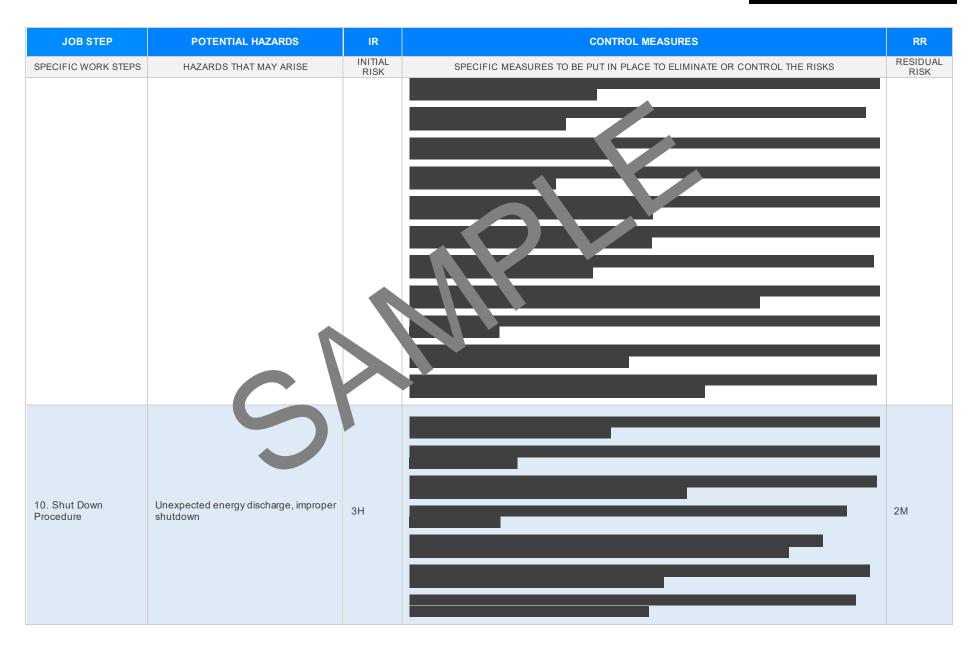
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
7. Breakdown and maintenance	Unexpected energy release, chemical exposure	ЗН		2М



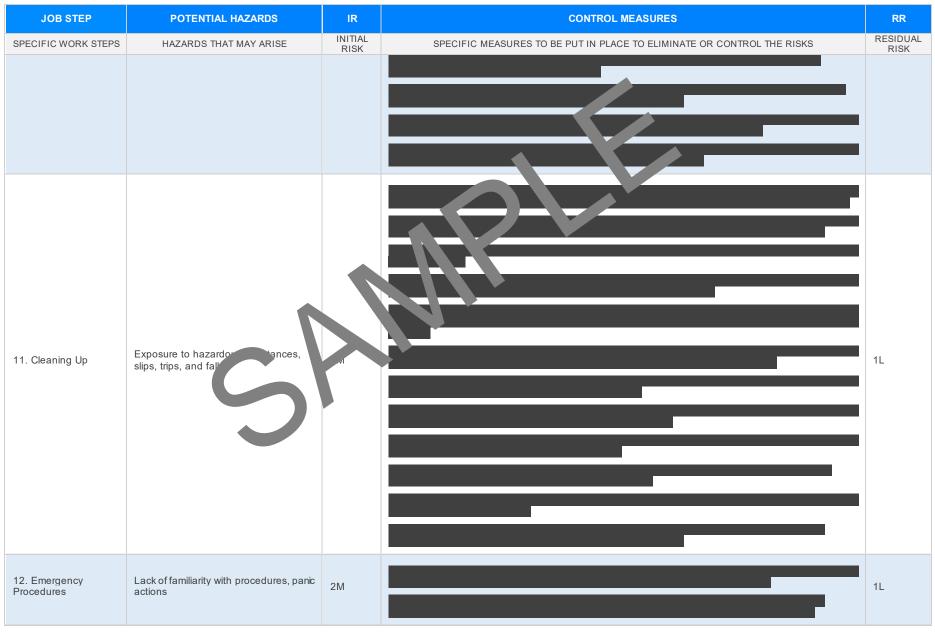
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
8. Clearing Blockages	Crushing injuries, entanglement in moving parts	14		2M
9. Removal of Waste Material	Manual handling injuries, slips, trips and falls	2M		1L

Version 2.5



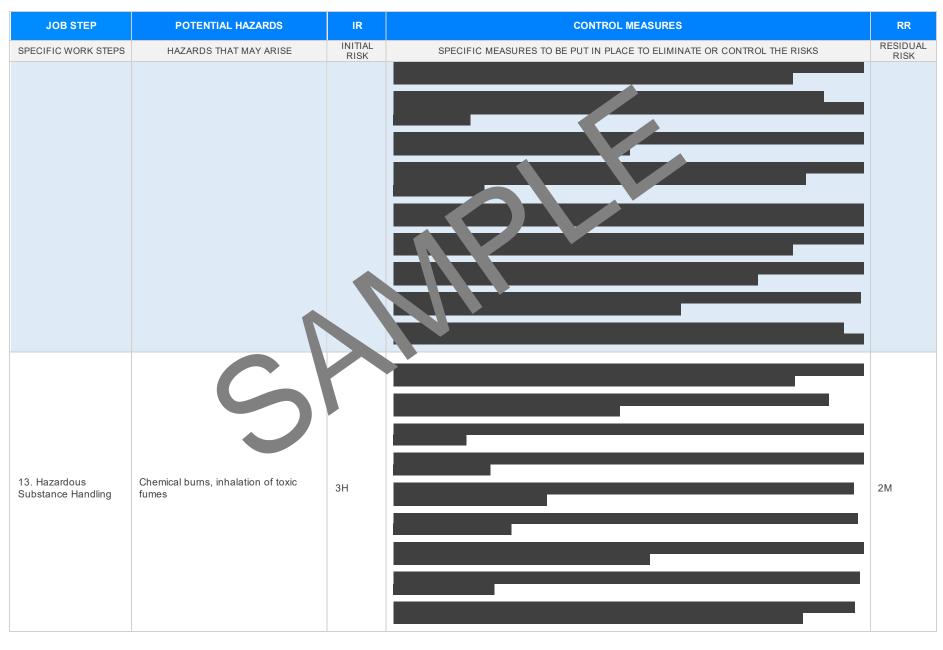






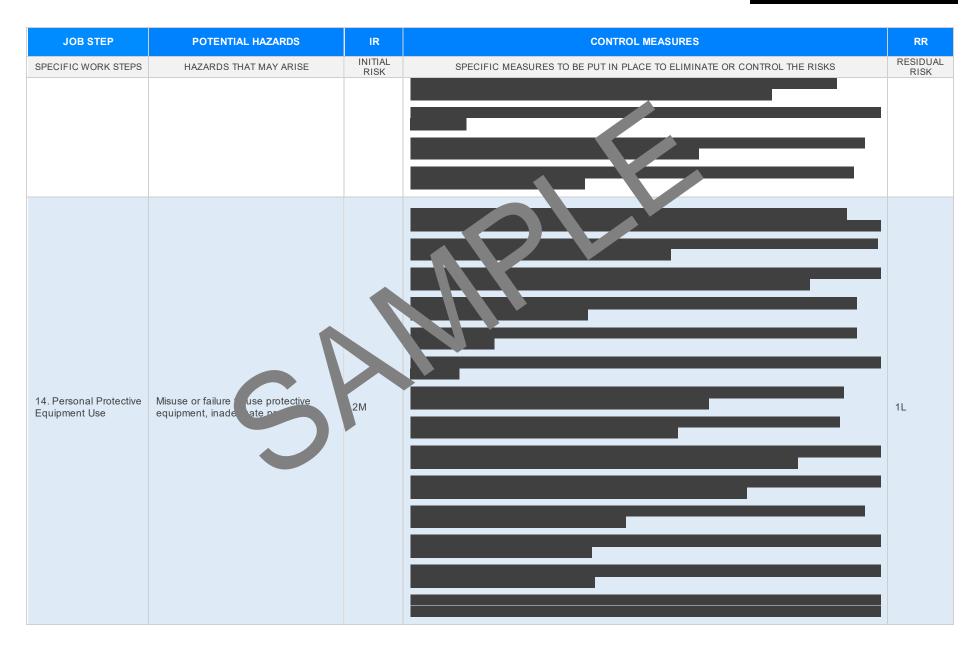
Version 2.5





Version 2.5

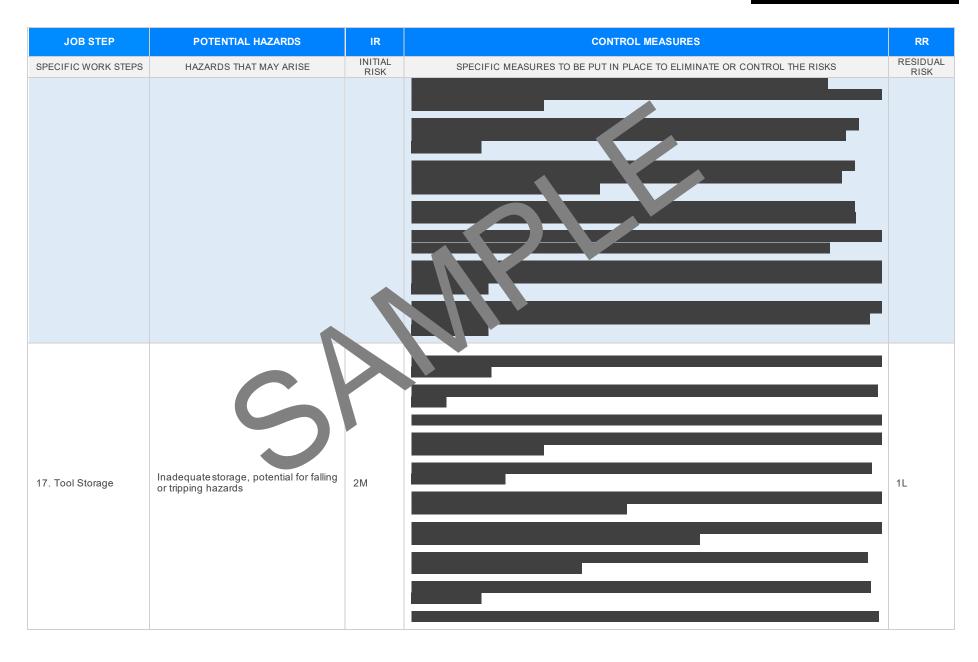






JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
15. Regular Maintenance	Risk of mechanical malfunction, poor equipment performance	3Н		2M
16. Safety Training	Poor understanding of risks, non- compliance with safety measures	ЗН		2M



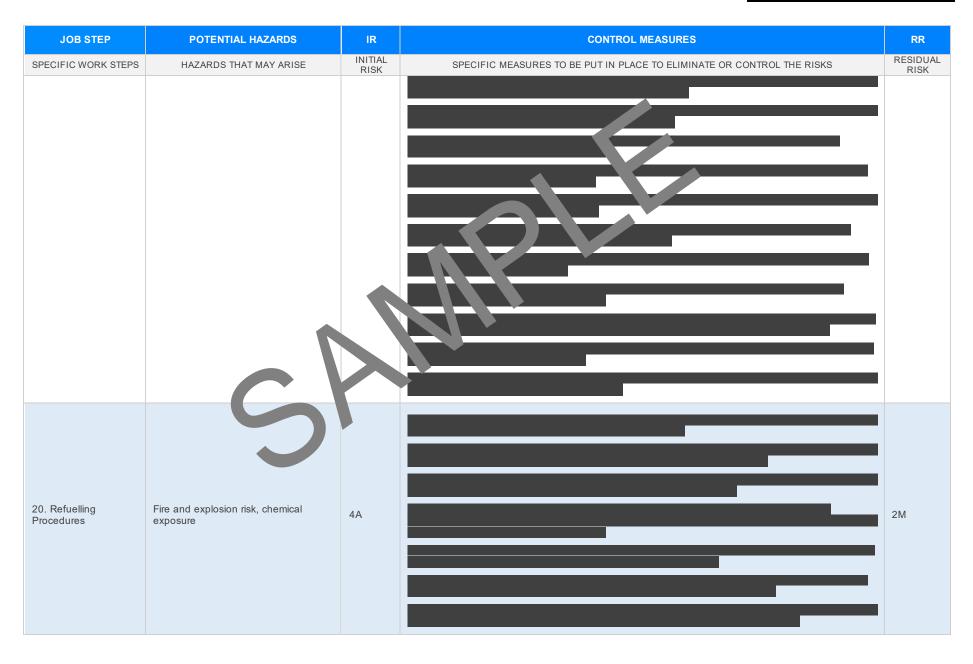


Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
18. Manual Handling	Injuries due to poor lifting technique, overexertion	Зн		2M
19. First Aid Provision	Inadequate first aid provision, lack of knowledge on first aid principles	зн		2M





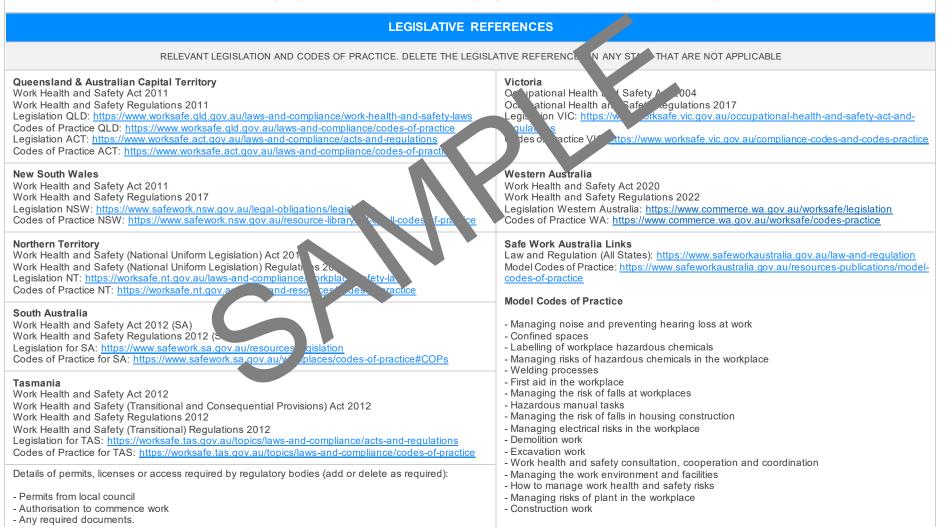
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JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
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	S			

#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK THE S ATEM AT MONITORING AND REVIEW The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect. and mu be reviewed (and The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The s should be carried out in effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The view consultation with workers (including contractors person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should ntractors nay be cted by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who rep sented that work group at the employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: workplace. 1. Spot Checks. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure the all versons involved with the work are 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. advised that a revision has been made and how they can acce the revised SWMS, including all persons 3. Internal audits on a continual basis who will need to change a work procedure or system as a reof the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties ntly with the revised SWMS. All workers that An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								

#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	$\boxtimes$	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the Sλ. S.	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	$\boxtimes$	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.	$\boxtimes$	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spiral of the spiral entry of control measures.	$\boxtimes$	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be	$\boxtimes$	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, ang or skills required to perform the work.	$\boxtimes$	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	$\square$	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	$\boxtimes$	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	$\boxtimes$	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	EWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMP	LETED