Rigging Work Granite   SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)								
TAS	K OR ACTIVITY: Rigging Work G	ranite						
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E gil:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PLOF THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	acting a business or undertaking (H BU) is	required to thurs out a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.						
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. TE AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditioned unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either conduct or conditional eacthazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must steep unately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							rk being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				k	nown as scope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS supp	olied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON JUCI	N. JRK BEING	ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on or	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.					
is carried out on a	a telecommunication tower.			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
involves demolition	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
involves demolition	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a s	17 e.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporal upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in o	r near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/n	ear a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in o	r near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drow	ning.	involves diving wo	k.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	Bobcat	Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, manual handling injuries	2М	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough risk assessment before beginning work to identify potential hazards in the work area and take necessary precare ins to minimise risks. This should include assessing ground conditions, accur routes, and overhead obstructions that could lead to slips, trips, or <i>f</i>(<i>x</i>).</li> <li>Establish clear and designated walkways in the work that to prevent obstacles and reduce the chances of trip hazards. These ways are used would be marked with visible signage indicating their purpose.</li> <li>Implement housekeeping minutures, such as regular clear of and maintenance of the workspace, to ensure it static clear of debris, spin of other hazards that can cause slips or trips in the periodic inspections to surface these housekeeping practices.</li> <li>Provide works with appropriate PF users as non-slip safety footwear, gloves suitable for the wisks be of performed, for relevant safety harnesses to mitigate the risk or these housekeeping practices.</li> <li>Provide works with appropriate PF users as non-slip safety footwear, gloves suitable for the wisks be of performed, for relevant safety harnesses to mitigate the risk or these housekeeping manual handling or falls.</li> <li>Imple level buddy testem where two or more workers collaborate on tasks requirin the a lifting manual handling. This ensures that loads are distributed evenly by wee workers, reducing the likelihood of injury from excessive force or n.</li> <li>Train opponnel on proper lifting techniques and body mechanics, emphasising opper power, grip, and positioning when moving and handling materials. Regularly by dide refresher training to keep workers up-to-date with best practices.</li> <li>Utilise ergonomically designed tools and equipment whenever possible to reduce muscle strain and the potential for injury during manual handling materials. These may include using levers to move heavy equipment or utilising equipment like lift-assist devices to maneuver granite slabs into place.</li> <li>Use mechanical aids, such as hoists or troll</li></ul>	1L	
2. Equipment Selection	Incorrect equipment, overloading	ЗH	- Proper Equipment Inspection: Thoroughly inspect all rigging equipment prior to use, ensuring that they are in good working condition and free from any visible defects or damages.	1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			<ul> <li>Manufacturer's Guidelines: Follow the manufacturer's guidelines and recommendations for the selection, usage, and maintenance of rigging equipment to prevent incorrect equipment selection and overloadin risks.</li> <li>Load Rating Compliance: Ensure that all rigoin equipment has a load rating appropriate for the weight and size of the gravite being handled to avoid overloading.</li> <li>Equipment Compatibility: Make sure that all rigoin equipment has a load rating and work together seamlessly, minimising the second sing incorrect equipment or overloading.</li> <li>Skills and Training: Provide to bring to all workers evolve on rigging operations involving granite, for second could equipment selected, inspection, and safe handling proceeders.</li> <li>Rigging Planevelopmer Create componensive rigging plan that outlines the specific equipment and no edures to based for each step of the operation, aiming to minore error same by incorrect equipment selection and overloading.</li> <li>Superise and Schmunication: Ensure that a qualified supervisor with rigging experting is usent as all times during the operation, closely monitoring the work and communication to workers as needed.</li> <li>Angular, Equipment Maintenance: Implement a regular maintenance schedule for all he indication graphers to worker as needed.</li> <li>Angular, Equipment, Keeping them in optimal working condition and reducing the hances contail rigging incidents, including contingencies for situations involving incorrect equipment and overloading.</li> <li>Periodic Review and Update: Conduct periodic reviews of the implemented control measures and make updates as necessary, considering factors such as changes in equipment technology, industry best practices, and lessons learned from past incidents.</li> </ul>		
3. Rigging Inspection	Defective rigging components, worn slings	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct pre-use visual inspection: Check all rigging components, including slings, hooks, and shackles, for any visible signs of wear, damage, or defects before initiating the rigging work.</li> <li>Follow manufacturer's guidelines: Always adhere to the equipment manufacturer's specifications and recommendations in terms of maintenance, inspections, and load limits.</li> <li>Establish regular inspection intervals: Schedule periodic inspections of rigging components by a competent person to identify any wear, damage, or potential hazards.</li> <li>Implement a tagging system: Attach tags indicating inspection dates, load limits, and relevant information on all rigging components to maintain an organised and trackable inspection regime.</li> </ul>	2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Conduct load testing: Periodically perform load tests on rigging gear to ensure its capacity and stability under different working conditions.		
			- Complete repairs or replacements promptly: If domus are identified during inspections, immediately address them by reporting or replacing the affected components to prevent accidents and injurition the workplace.		
			- Remove damaged equipment from service. It work of defective rigging components should be removed from service, the advective relevant information, and quarantined until properly reprired or replaced.		
			- Provide adequate training: E. the that workers reconcise for rigging operations have received approximation training and certification scenar they can competently inspect, assembly and $o_{\mu}$ and $o_{\mu}$ and $\sigma_{\mu}$ systems.		
			- Use appropriate sling materials: Sline muture made of suitable materialssuch as synthetic, we rope, or nainthat a compatible with the loads and environmental conditions they will be subjected to during rigging operations.		
			- Store ig, g equipment appropriately: When not in use, rigging components should be compared as stored in places that are free from moisture, chemicals, or other far ors of t could antribute to their degradation.		
	•		the starts of the starts of the start of the		
			- cument inspection findings: Keep a record of all rigging equipment inspections, including the inspector's name, date of inspection, equipment details, and any actions taken in response to identified hazards or defects.		
	5				
4. Setting Up Work Area	Falling objects, obstructions in work area	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Load Calculation	Inaccurate load estimate, poor communication	ЗН		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Sling Attachment	Pinching hands, improper sling attachment	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Lifting Operation	Sudden shock loading, load swing	ЗH		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	S				
8. Load Transportation	Collision with workers or structure, dropping load	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Load Positioning	Crushing hands, trapped fingers	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	S				
10. Dismantling	Rigging component entanglement, falling debris	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Storage	Rigging components not stored properly, hazards in storage area	1L		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	S				
12. Inspection and Maintenance	Overdue inspection, inadequate maintenance	ЗH		2M	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON			
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON			



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE	REFERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEG	GISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Action 04 Occupational Health and unfetwing gulations 2017 Legismon VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- tulatures</u> Unles of mactice VICe <u>uttps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017         Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic</a> Codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lib">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic</a>	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation, 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-sect-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/fect.org/d-resources/compliance/worplace-sect-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legulation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice         - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work         - Confined spaces         - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals         - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace         - Welding processes
Tasmania         Work Health and Safety Act 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012         Legislation for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>	<ul> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> </ul>
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	<ul> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>Construction work</li> </ul>

- Any required documents.



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

#### SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reworkplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and acception of the process should be carried out in s any subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who recented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effectine sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of continue measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vortat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
			·
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	