

Repair Or Replace Sanitary Plumb	ing Stackwork SAFE WOI	RK METHOD STATEMENT (S	WMS)
TASK OR ACTIVIT	Y: Repair Or Replace Sanitary Pl	umbing Stackwork	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E vil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY 1	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the condition	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS			
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	nature:							
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.		
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.				
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.				
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.				
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.		
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.			
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY			
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -		





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, exposure to hazardous materials	2M	 Conduct a thorough risk assessment before starting the work to identify potential hazards and put necessary control measures in plac Keep the work area clean and tidy with apprentate signage to avoid trip hazards, including marking out any uneven surfaces oprotrusions that could cause tripping. Provide all workers involved with adequate propart ofective Equipment (PPE) such as safety boots, gloves, eye protection, or many and masks or respirators if required when dealing with hazardous materials. Ensure all workers have received proper training a manying hazardous materials and are aware of safety necessary and emergency in ponse protocols in case of an accidental spiral expose. Designate to cific areas or hazardous manying a manying hazardous materials and are aware of safety necessary hazardous manying hazardous protocols in case of an accidental spiral exposence. Designate to cific areas or hazardous manying hazardous protocols in case of an accidental spiral exposence. Utility or blookes or porary barriers, or other means to provide safe walking paths around any ment, ords, or piping to minimise the possibility of tripping. Implement to hekout proud system for any electrical components that may pose tisks during replacement of the sanitary plumbing stackwork. Exposlis proper ventilation systems in enclosed spaces to mitigate hazardous material or osure and maintain air flow to ensure a healthier work environment. Legularly inspect and maintain tools and equipment to ensure they are in good we sing condition, and promptly replace any damaged parts or tools to prevent accidents. Encourage open communication among workers encouraging them to report any potential hazards or issues they may encounter during the repair or replacement process. Develop an emergency response plan complete with a designated evacuation route, assembly point, and prepared team members trained in first aid and the administration o	1L	
2. Inspection	Working at heights, falling objects	3H	 Proper Training: Ensure all workers engaged in the task have received adequate training and have demonstrated competence in working at heights, as well as understanding the risks associated with falling objects. Work Area Setup: Establish a designated work area around the base of the plumbing stack, using barrier tape or temporary fencing to restrict unauthorised access and reduce the risk of injury from falling objects. Height Safety Equipment: Provide personal fall protection equipment (such as harnesses, lanyards, and anchor points) to all workers working at heights and ensure it is properly inspected, maintained, and used according to manufacturers' guidelines and workplace procedures. 	2M	



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			 Edge Protection: Install guardrails or suitable edge protection systems where possible to minimise the risk of falls from heights and limit potential falling object incidents. Tool Tethering: Secure all tools, materials, are a quipment with tool tethers or other attachment methods while working at height a prevent them from falling and causing injury. Ladder Safety: When using ladders, ensure the sering good condition and secured to prevent slipping or being knocked over. Works a should main in three points of contact while ascending or designating ladders. Safe Manual Handling Frain wasters on proper many an analling techniques for lifting, carrying, a smaller bring any materials for equipment to reduce the risk of strains and or a musculos sietal in the sufficient me inspection process. Spotter Assis ace: Assar a spotter conety monitor to provide assistance and watch a potential had also while workers perform their tasks at height. The spotter can also a force so work practices and ensure compliance with site safety guidelines. Regula Breach: Encapage workers to take regular breaks and rotate tasks to injunise atigue which can impact focus and contribute to increased risks of we ling a height and handling dangerous objects. Incident aporting and Communication: Establish clear communication channels and incident reporting procedures to encourage immediate reporting of any hazards, no misses, or incidents related to working at heights or falling objects. Regularly review these reports to identify trends and areas for improvement in safety measures. 		
3. Tools & Equipment setup	Electric shock, improper handling	2M	 Regular Inspection and Maintenance: Ensure all tools and equipment are well-maintained, in proper working order, and have undergone regular inspections before usage. Use GFCI Outlets: Always use a Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected outlet when working with electrical tools and appliances to prevent electric shocks. Equipment Training: Make sure all workers are thoroughly trained on the correct usage, handling, and safety protocols for the specific tools and equipment being used for the task. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure all workers wear appropriate PPE, such as gloves, safety eyewear, and footwear with non-conductive soles to minimise their exposure to the hazards involved. Ergonomic Work Practices: Encourage and follow ergonomic work practices, like proper lifting and carrying techniques, to minimise risks associated with improper handling of tools and equipment. Proper Storage and Handling: Store electrical tools and equipment in dry, safe locations when not in use, and transport them to and from the workplace using appropriate containers or carry bags. 	1L	



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			- Disconnect Power Before Servicing: Always disconnect power supplies before cleaning, servicing, or adjusting any electrical tools or equipment to minimise the risk of electric shock.		
			- Keep Work Areas Dry: Make sure all work are are free from water spills or dampness, which can increase the risks are traited with electric shock and improper handling.		
			- Clear Workspaces: Maintain clear and clutter orkspaces to eliminate obstacles that may lead to improper handling, sharp trips, and for the control of the		
		- Follow Manufacturer Instructions: Adhere to manual turn instructions and guidelines regarding to the operation and maintenation of tools and equipment.			
			- Emergency Powaredness Have to amergency action plan in place, including first aid procedule contact numbers for error y services, and trained personnel to handle emerge vies show they arise.		
4. Isolation & Lockout	Electrical hazards, unexpected energising	ЗН		1L	



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5. Removal of old stackwork	Inhalation of dust, chemical expos	2M		1L	



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6. Cutting new pipes	Hand injuries, sharp edges	2M		1L	



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7. Installation of new stackwork	Heavy lifting, working at heights	3Н		1L	



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8. Plumbing connection	Leakage, water damage	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	bursts, electrical hazards	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	2M	NAME OF PERSON



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10. Cleanup & Waste Disposal	Trip hazards, expositive azardous waste	2M		1L	



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	1				
11. Labeling & Signage	Miscommunicatio ack of information	1L		1L	



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12. Final Inspection	Poor installation, incorrect use	2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor	
				Date:				
				Date				
				L te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
	SAF WC A STHED STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW							
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to reak sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontracted by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontracted) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reduces who reduced that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	