

Poultry Saw   Sa	AFE WORK METHOD STAT	EMENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Poultry Saw	ı	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E il:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ure at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS					
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise						
Project Address:					known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager Sig	nature:										
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:										
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT						
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.							
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.					
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.						
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY						
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift				
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer				
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -					





### PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips, and falls, Cross-contamination	2M	<ul> <li>Ensure the work area is well-lit, clean, and free from any obstructions or debris that can cause slipping, tripping, or falling.</li> <li>Regularly perform safety inspections of the flooring and surfaces in the work area, ensuring they are in good condition and procung adequate grip for workers.</li> <li>Implement a strict cleaning protocol to main on clear cleas and hygiene standards, minimising the potential for cross-contamination of elevations workplace.</li> <li>Provide appropriate person protective equipment (PPE) from ployees, such as non-slip footwear, gloves, and or ons, in order to receive risk of slips, trips and falls, as well as cross comminators.</li> <li>Conduct training and process guidence on procediffing techniques and ergonomics, or suring work as undersood by the consafely handle heavy loads and avoid intigry.</li> <li>Estatoric clear receives and paths for workers to move about the workplace, minimously expected all for trip hazards, and encouraging regular foot traffic.</li> <li>Installing a to remost workers of proper practices, emphasising the importance of maintoning relean and safe workspace throughout the entire workflow process.</li> <li>Experience all employees to take regular breaks and engage in stretching exercises to minious other risks associated with fatigue and musculoskeletal disorders.</li> <li>Introduction among team musculoskeletal disorders.</li> <li>Introduction among team</li></ul>	1L	
2. Equipment Set-Up	Electric shock, Lacerations	3Н	<ul> <li>Regular inspection and maintenance: Ensure that all equipment, including the poultry saw and related electrical components, are in good working condition, regularly inspected, and promptly repaired if necessary.</li> <li>Safety switches: Install safety switches (Residual Current Devices) on all electrical outlets used for this operation to minimise the risk of electric shock.</li> <li>Circuit breakers: Make sure circuit breakers with appropriate ratings are in place for all electrical connections, providing enhanced protection against overloads and short-circuits.</li> <li>GFCI protection: Use Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) outlets or extension cords where possible to prevent electric shock.</li> <li>Proper training: Provide adequate training to all workers handling the poultry saw, ensuring they know how to operate the equipment safely and correctly, preventing lacerations and other injuries.</li> </ul>	2M	



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			- Personal protective equipment: Require the use of appropriate PPE such as cut- resistant gloves, eye protection, and non-slip footwear when setting up and operating the poultry saw.		
			- Blade guards and safety features: Ensure that the poultry saw is equipped with blade guards and properly functioning safety seatures to protect users from accidental contact with the moving blade.		
			- Clear workspace: Maintain a clean and organ cork area, free of clutter or obstructions, to minimise the risk of trips and fall curing equipment set-up and operation.		
			- Proper grounding: The that electrical equipme including the poultry saw, is grounded correct to reach the introduction of electric shock.		
			- Safe handling procedures established on the safe handling procedures for the poultry taw, in a ding procedure flifting technical establishment and moving a equit to be safe handling procedures for the poultry taw, in a ding procedure for the poultry taw and the poultry taw and the procedure for the poultry taw and the procedure for the poultry taw and the procedure for the poultry taw and the poultry		
		1	- Eme plan response plan: Develop and implement an emergency response plan in case of includits involving the identified hazards, including first aid procedures, contacts for including and investigating near isses and accounts.		
	7	\	Proper tilation: Ensure that the workspace has adequate ventilation to reduce concentration of airborne dust and prevent it from spreading further.		
			- Personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers should wear appropriate PPE such as safety goggles, dust masks, gloves, and aprons to minimise the risk of exposure to dust and contaminants.		
			- Regular cleaning: Routinely clean the work area and machinery, including saw blades and cutting surfaces, to minimise the buildup of dust and contaminants.		
Pre-cut Inspection	Airborne dust, Contamination exposure	2M	- Training: Provide regular training to workers on the correct handling and use of poultry saws as well as the potential hazards of airborne dust and contamination exposure.	1L	
3. Fre-out inspection	All bothe dust, Contamination exposure	ZIVI	- Securely store raw materials: Keep all poultry products securely stored in a designated area to minimise the risk of cross-contamination.	16	
			- Hygiene protocols: Implement strict hygiene protocols for workers, ensuring they wash their hands before and after working with poultry, and regularly sanitize any tools used during the cuts.		
			- Pre-cut inspection process: Develop a thorough pre-cut inspection process that involves checking the quality of poultry products, tools, and equipment, and looking for potential risks that may cause contamination.		
			- Equipment maintenance: Carry out routine maintenance and checks on all equipment, including the poultry saw, to ensure that it is functioning correctly and safely at all times.		



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			<ul> <li>Airborne dust management: Use dust collection systems, air scrubbers, or vacuum cleaners where possible to extract and remove dust generated during the sawing process.</li> </ul>		
			- Waste disposal: Establish proper waste disposal systems for both solid and liquid waste generated during the cutting process assuring its containment and minimising its contact with other surfaces.		
			- Work breaks: Schedule regular breaks for wood allow them time to recover from prolonged exposure to arborne dust and comminants, reducing the risk of long-term health effects.		
4. Saw Operation	Noise exposure, Pour Langleme	3H		2M	



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5. Blade Changing	Risks during blade the rit, Incorrect blade installation	JA		2M	



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6. Product Handling	Inadequate glove use, Punctures/Laceration			1L	



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7. Clean-Up	Chemical exposure, Wet surfaces	2M		1L	



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8. Maintenance	Electric shock, Line of fire	ЗН		2M	



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9. Waste Disposal	Sharp objects, Manual handling	2M		1L	



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10. Packing/Sealing	Ergonomic strain, Pinching injuries	2M		1L	



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11. Loading/Unloading	Falling objects, Vehicle movements	4A		2M	



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12. Palletizing/Storage	Stability, Manual handling weight	ЗН		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$ 

Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor</a> aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				l te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
	SAF WC STHED STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW							
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to the ke sure it remains effortive and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a country review by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who redesented that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.			The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.					
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of contameasures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vorat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CC	MPLETED	