

Positioning Scaffolding Near Po	ower Lines   SAFE WORK	METHOD STATEMENT (SW	MS)
TASK OR ACT	VITY: Positioning Scaffolding No	ear Power Lines	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVID BY	THE PC. 'OF TP' ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduthe proposed work starts.			statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant e of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:	<i>                                      </i>	Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	NEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND FITHIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheded in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to contain the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contain the accordance of the contained by the con			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stee dately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 1



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 2



RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the in nost e	e tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE		

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPL	abo. suitat	or the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	TEARING STION	P _CTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Installation Approval	Incorrect authorization, Inadequate site analysis	ЗН	<ul> <li>Obtain written approval from the relevant predical authority before commencing work, verifying that all workers understand the specific requirem is and limit ons imposed.</li> <li>Conduct a comprehensive site analysis to identify the location of all overhead and underground power lines in relation to the planned scaffolding set.</li> <li>Develop and implement a sactivork method state central difficulty tailored for installation activities near power lines.</li> <li>Brief all worker on the pointial as and copt of measures related to working near power lines through pre-job safe centerings.</li> <li>Section access to up-to alter maps on can's from utility companies that clearly indicate the positions of near a worker cold the necessary qualifications and have completed specific training on working safely it an it workers cold the necessary qualifications and have completed specific training on working safely it an it workers cold the necessary qualifications and have completed specific training on working safely it an it work in a solution work in the product of power lines.</li> <li>Ensure at a sporter with appropriate training is on-site whenever there is a risk of encroaching on the clusion zone around power lines.</li> <li>Pendically review and update all safety protocols and response plans associated with working near power lines as part of ongoing risk management.</li> <li>Verify prior to scaffold erection that no components or materials will penetrate the minimum safe approach distance specified by authorities.</li> <li>Implement regular checks by a qualified safety inspector to ensure compliance with all safety measures and immediate rectification of any identified issues.</li> </ul>	2M
2. Site Closure	Misinformed public access, Improper boundaries	3Н	<ul> <li>Install clear, visible signage around the work area to inform the public about potential hazards and that unauthorised access is prohibited.</li> <li>Maintain a secure perimeter using barriers or fencing that are robust enough to prevent accidental entry, particularly in areas adjacent to pedestrian paths.</li> <li>Regularly inspect the integrity of temporary fencing and barriers throughout the day to ensure they remain effective in restricting access.</li> <li>Deploy trained security personnel or site marshals to monitor points of entry and manage the movement of authorised personnel and vehicles.</li> <li>Implement a visitor sign-in procedure at site entrances to keep track of everyone entering and leaving the site, ensuring all visitors are briefed on safety protocols.</li> <li>Provide bright, clear lighting during low-light conditions to ensure the boundaries and warning signs are easily visible at all times.</li> </ul>	1L



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			- Use lockable gates at access points to prevent unauthorised after-hours entry to the site.	
			- Distribute leaflets or pamphlets to local businesses and residents prior to commencing work, explaining the nature of the project and highlighting safety cautions.	
			- Conduct briefings for all workers regarding the importance of maintaining boundary controls and immediately reporting any breaches of security.	
			- Set up CCTV cameras at strategic location of the interfer any unauthorised access or suspicious activity around the site perimeter.  - Schedule regular team meanings to review site a sure recedures and discuss any potential improvements based on observations and incident	
			- Use electronic ants or a rms or nected to boundary breaches to quickly notify site security of any unauthorise access attents.	
			- Cor the a though a spection of all scaffolding components for signs of damage or wear before asser I). Insure a part is used if found faulty.	
			- Utilise on anduct a scaffolding materials to reduce the risks associated with electrical conductivity near poler lines.	
			- tablis and corce a minimum safe distance between the scaffolding and power lines, adhering to Safe at Australia guidelines and local regulations.	
			mplement lockout/tagout procedures to ensure that any nearby electrical installations are de-energised was positioning the scaffolding.	
Equipment     Verification	Faulty/falling scaff parts, Powerline proximity damage	4A	Provide ground crew and installers with personal protective equipment (PPE), including insulated gloves and boots to protect against electrical shocks.	3H
verification	proximity damage		- Erect prominent signage and barriers to clearly demarcate the safe zone around power lines where no scaffold should be positioned.	
			- Train all personnel involved in the erection and use of scaffolding on electrical safety practices and emergency response procedures specific to working near power lines.	
			- Regularly verify the integrity of scaffolding once erected, particularly before starting work each day or after adverse weather conditions, to prevent collapse or accidental contact with power lines.	
			- Use proximity alarms or range-finding technology that can alert workers if scaffolding gets too close to power lines during positioning or adjustment.	
			- Appoint a competent safety observer whose sole responsibility is to oversee the positioning of the scaffolding near power lines, ensuring all safety protocols are diligently followed.	
4. Scaffold Assembly	Employee falls, Scaffold destabilisation	4A		1L



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5. Daily Inspections	Misidentified hazards, Overhead powerline dangers	3Н		1 2 2 M







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7. Movement around the site	Rush or stress, Un parked s, Contact with metal lung	4A		2M



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8. Height Jobs	Height fear, Falling off scaffold, Electrocution in close contact with power lines	4A		1
9. Earth Pands Checks	Poor grounding, Faulty connections, Sudden electrical surge	ЗН		1 1 2M



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10. Emergency Procedures	Unresolved hazards, Panic-induced accidents	ЗН		2M



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				•
11. Plan for Weather Changes	Unprotected equipment against add se conditions, Ignoring safety due dush	3H		1L



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12. Clear Signage/ Barriers	Not enough signs, Public crosses perimeter	ЗН		2M
13. Check Equipment Insulation	Shoddy insulation, Electrical leakage	4A		3H



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14. Train Staff for Emergencies	Non-compliance with procedures Misuse of PPE, Unclean protocol	ЗН		1L



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15. Job Completion/ Dismantle	Uncleared live wires, Scaffold collapsiduring dismantling	4A		
16. Post-Use Inspection	Rusting equipment, Unstable scaffold left standing	3H		<b>I</b> 1L



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17. Restoring Original Site Condition	Insufficient safety measures, Hazardous debris left behind	ЗН		2M



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18. Feedback for Improvements	Lack of communication, Unresolved safety issues left unrecorded	4A		3H
19. Regular Audit Checks	Non-compliance with legislation, Untrained or unfit personnel on site	4A		2M



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20. Maintain Documentation	Improper reporting, Missed crucial details, Inadequate record-keeping	ЗН		1 1 1 1



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. N ANY STATEMENT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

#### Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</a> Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library.

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/prkplate fety-lay

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.av and-reso per des ractice

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources gislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w/wplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A 2004

Oct ational Health an Safe\* regulations 2017

- Legis ion VIC: https://www.orksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-
- des of actice VI attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</a> Model Codes of Practice: <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice</a>

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature		Date

### SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the theoretical with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 20



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
TIEMS WHICH MOST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWIMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	$\boxtimes$	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV 5.		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the splenetation of control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be	$\boxtimes$	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE RE\	/IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED