Pipeline Pressure Testing SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)						
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Pipeline Pressure	Testing				
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#			
Business Address:						
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:				
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD		THE PC. OF THE ROJECT				
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person condu the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under thing (Pu-U) is	required to entry of that a safe work method :	statement (SWMS) is prepared before			
Full Name:						
Signature:		Title:	Date:			
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring the	compliance of the SWI, was well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.				
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:			
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NACE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND (THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE			
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be schedued in accounce with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and the to further take steps to either eliminate or conclusion hazard.						
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stude under the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.						
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.						
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.						



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS							
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							
Project Address:							
Project Manager:							
Contact Phone:							
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:							
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	d is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping						
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines						
□ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services						
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integritystructure	\Box is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere						
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as the set of the	□ involves tilt-up or precast concrete						
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to prary support to prevent collapse	\Box is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor						
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	\Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant						
□ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper the first or tunnel involving use of explosives	\Box is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.						
\Box is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.						
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY						



	RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and key recorde		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	Low Low MODERATE High Low Reference Description Notes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrence on control grant and the preferrence on the prevent of th									

	PERS_NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) Select the appropriate PPL about suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).										
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION			RL SPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Other PPE Required:										
	P	ermit or Lice	nses Requiren	nents			Ma	andatory Qua	ifications and	Training	

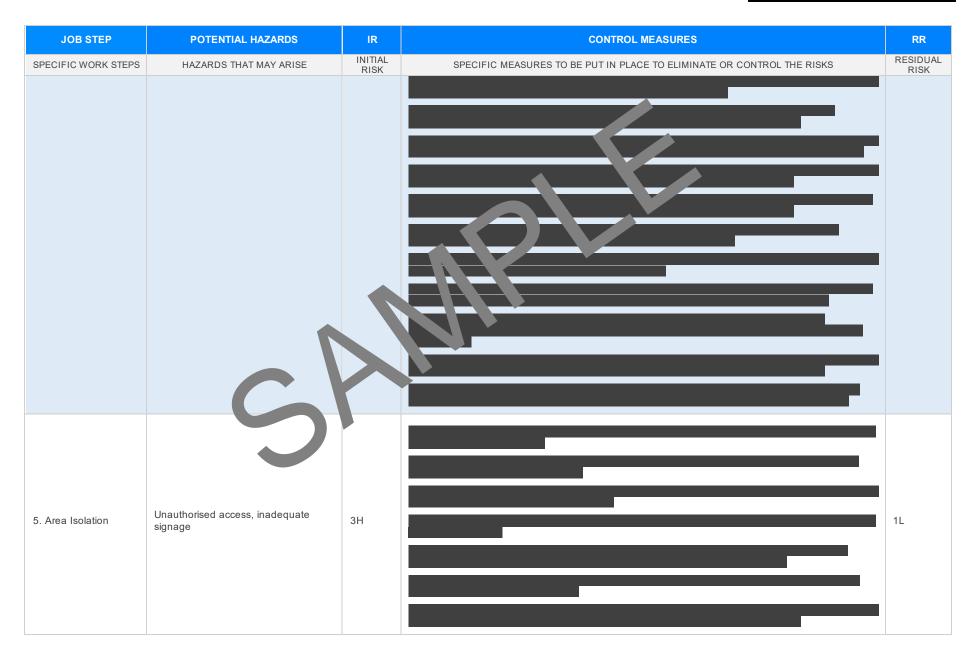


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Inadequate planning, incorrect equipment	ЗН	 Conduct a thorough risk assessment prior ocommencing work to identify potential hazards and determine necessary controls. Verify that all personnel involved in the preparation are trained and competent in pipeline pressure testing processes and equipment. Develop a detailed plan out sing each step of the preparative testing process, including roles and responsibilities. Ensure all even with that even in neceted, test to and tagged as safe for use before the pressure testing commences. Use out-odate and who maintained examplent suited specifically for the pressure test being conducted. Consist we all statisticates for pressure gauges and other relevant instruments are current and valid. Consist we all statisticates to allow enough time to address unforeseen issues without rushing or comparing safety. Clearly communicate any changes in procedure or equipment to all team members involved in the tung. Establish emergency procedures and ensure all personnel are familiar with them in case of an unexpected event during testing. Implement a permit-to-work system to formalise the approval process before proceeding with preparation and subsequent testing phases. Onduct a toolbox talk before commencing the preparation, reviewing the plan, identified hazards, and control measures. Arrange for adequate supervision during the preparation stage to enforce adherence to safety protocols and procedures. 	2M
2. Site Inspection	Uneven ground, environmental hazards	ЗН	 Conduct a thorough site assessment prior to starting work to identify uneven ground and environmental hazards. Implement signage and barricades around areas of uneven ground to alert workers and limit accessibility where necessary. Use matting or portable walkways to level out severely uneven areas for safer movement across the site. Ensure workers wear appropriate footwear with good grip to reduce the risk of slips, trips, and falls on uneven surfaces. 	2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Provide training for all personnel on recognising environmental hazards such as wildlife, plant life, and weather conditions.	
			- Develop an emergency response plan specific to invironmental hazards identified during the site inspection.	
			- Regularly inspect the worksite for change in condition that may introduce new hazards during the project.	
			- Install erosion and sediment control measure prevent environmental degradation and maintain stable footing.	
			- Use hazard tape or point to metareas of signification vation changes or potential trip hazards clearly.	
			- Assign a design ted same office to monitor environmental conditions and report any changes to the team promp	
			- Ensury all equipment any materials a sucored securely so they do not contribute to hazards on uneven group	
			- Ence ray open ommunication within teams to report any observed hazards or unsafe conditions immediately	
			- Nect pressure mauges that are rated for the specific pressure range of the pipeline to ensure proper measurement.	
			Conduct egular inspections and calibrations of pressure gauges to maintain accuracy and reliability.	
			- pressure gauges from reputable manufacturers with known quality standards.	
			- Implement a tool management system to track usage, maintenance, and calibration records of all pressure testing equipment.	
3. Equipment Selection	Wrong pressure gauge, faulty tools	4A	- Train personnel on correct tool and pressure gauge selection, usage, and identification of faulty equipment.	ЗН
3. Equipment Selection	wrong pressure gauge, raulty tool	4A	- Implement pre-use inspections to identify any visible damage or defects in tools and pressure gauges before commencing work.	31
			- Establish a procedure for isolating and tagging out defective tools and gauges promptly.	
			- Ensure spare pressure gauges and tools are available on-site to replace any found to be faulty during inspections.	
			- Collaborate with suppliers to provide updated information on new, more reliable, and accurate pressure testing equipment.	
			- Incorporate feedback loops where workers can report issues with gauges or tools for continuous improvement in the selection process.	
4. Personnel Training	Lack of training, unfamiliarity with procedures	4A		2M





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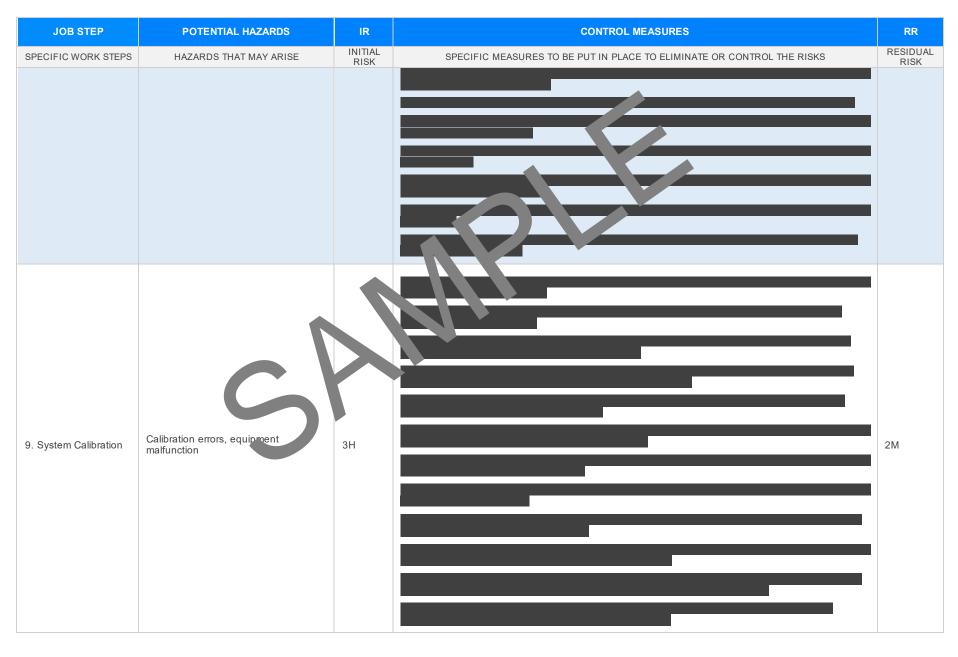














JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Test Procedure Execution	Overpressure risk, burst hazard	4A		3Н
11. Monitoring and Control	Inattentiveness, slow response to issues	4A		2M

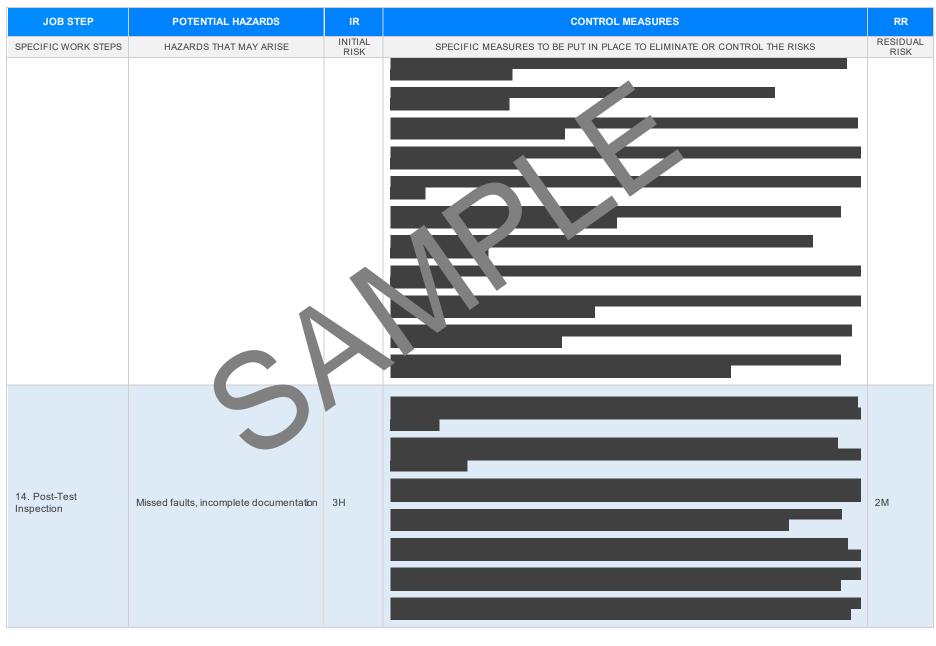
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Version 2.5



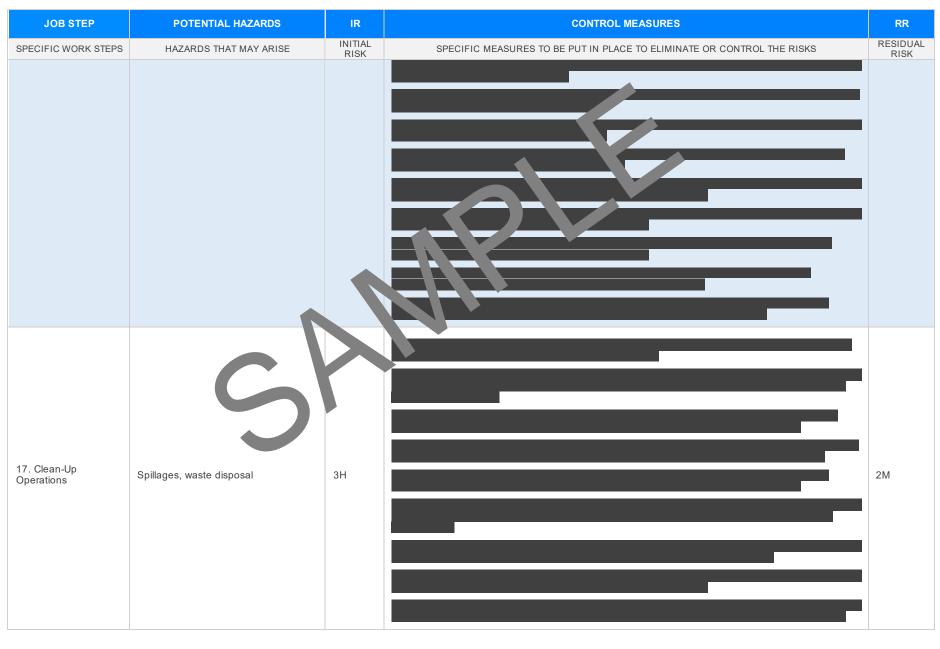






Version 2.5





Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
18. Site Reinstatement	Environmental impact cance to restore site properly	σH		2M
				-
9. Documentation Revisions	Outdated procedures, miscommunication on changes	3H		1L

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
20. Final Approval and Sign-off	Missing signatures, lack of verification	ЗН		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	S			

EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REF	ERENCES					
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. IN ANY STAR THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE						
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Occupational Health & 1 Safety Acce004 Occupational Health and Safety Acce004 Legis from VIC: https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gular s des of mactice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice					
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>					
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance.prkplaterefety-la</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-reso</u> ncessing designed.pressing designed.pr	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-</u> <u>codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice					
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S. Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources_gislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/ve.cplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	 Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes 					
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination 					
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 					

SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK THE S ATEM AT MONITORING AND REVIEW The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect. and mu be reviewed (and The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The s should be carried out in effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The view consultation with workers (including contractors person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should ntractors nay be cted by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who rep sented that work group at the employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: workplace. 1. Spot Checks. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure the all versons involved with the work are 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. advised that a revision has been made and how they can acce the revised SWMS, including all persons 3. Internal audits on a continual basis who will need to change a work procedure or system as a reof the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties ntly with the revised SWMS. All workers that An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the Sλ. S.	\boxtimes	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	\boxtimes	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.	\boxtimes	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spiral of the spiral entry of control measures.	\boxtimes	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be	\boxtimes	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, ang or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\square	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	EWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMP	LETED