

Pallet Stacker S	AFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)	
1	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Pallet Stacke	er	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY 1	THE PL J OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A COMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditionally as a condition of the conditions are or conditionally as a condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the condition of the condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the cond	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise						
Project Address:					known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager Sig	nature:										
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:										
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT						
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.							
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	$H \cap H$	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving work.							
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY						
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift				
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer				
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -					





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips and trips, falling objects	2M	 Conduct a thorough site inspection to identify any potential slip, trip, and fall hazards prior to beginning work with the pallet stacker. Clear the workspace of debris, obstacles, and over materials that may pose a risk for slips, trips or falling objects during oper over. Ensure proper footwear with non-slip soles ower for all personnel involved in operating the pallet stacker. Implement a regular maints once schedule for no pallet stacker to avoid unexpected malfunctions that hold lead to incident. Train staff on proper produces and techniques for using the pallet stacker safely, including how rangage entrgency top function if necessary. Require open part to use appropriate to half protective equipment (PPE) such as glove to and have and one ty glasses when working near the pallet stacker. Implement a system for reporting and addressing any spills or slippery surfaces in the work and immediately. Clearly nark usignal walkways and create exclusion zones around the pallet tocker to minimals foot traffic and the risk of contact with moving equipment. Starm, arials neatly and orderly to prevent instability or falling items from the allet stacker. In the height of stacked materials to remain within safe guidelines and ensure stability during transport. Securely fasten loads to the pallet stacker before lifting or moving, using ratchet straps or other approved methods if necessary. Assign a spotter to assist the operator in maintaining visibility when moving large or obstructing loads with the pallet stacker. Avoid abrupt changes in speed or direction when operating the pallet stacker, to minimise the risk of items falling off or destabilisation of the load. Conduct periodic toolbox talks to reinforce safe work practices and discuss any jobspecific concerns regarding slips, trips, and falling objects for tasks involving pallet stackers. 	1L	
2. Equipment Inspection	Electrical hazards, equipment malfunctions	3Н	 Regular Equipment Inspections: Conduct thorough visual inspections of the pallet stacker and its components before each use, checking for any signs of wear, damage, or malfunction. Qualified Personnel: Ensure that only trained and competent operators are responsible for inspecting and operating the pallet stacker equipment. Provide regular training sessions to keep staff updated on proper procedures. 	1L	



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			- Electrical Maintenance: Schedule routine electrical maintenance checks by a qualified electrician to assess the integrity of wires, cables, and connections, as well as to identify potential electrical hazards.		
			- Power Supply: Verify that the pallet stacker is unnected to a grounded power supply with appropriate voltage levels to mixture the risk of electrical hazards.		
			- Equipment Lockout/Tagout: Implement an active is out/tagout system to ensure equipment remains de-energised during activities.		
			- Operating Instructions: Make the operation in the pallet stacker is readily available and the date that operators call before it as necessary for proper equipment sage at main chance guidance.		
			- Fault Repo. g: Encoura workers promuly report any observed faults or issues with the allet star of to their second sor to address the problem quickly and previous rither of the second sort of the secon		
			- PPE sa Requirement workers involved in the equipment inspection process to wear appropriate sonal attention better equipment (PPE) such as safety boots, gloves, and protecti eye ar.		
	•		nerge by Sto Buttons: Test the functionality of the emergency stop buttons regularly lensure they work in case of unexpected equipment malfunctions or other azardo lituations.		
			- ad Capacity Check: Confirm that the load-bearing capacity of the pallet stacker is clearly marked and understood by operators to prevent overloading, which may lead to equipment failure.		
			- Safe Workspace: Maintain a clean and organised work environment around the pallet stacker site to minimise the risk of accidents, slips, trips, and falls.		
			- Routine Maintenance Checks: Establish a regular schedule for equipment maintenance, including lubrication, battery checks, and part replacements as needed to minimise the risk of malfunctions or sudden equipment failure.		
			- Incident Reporting and Analysis: Maintain a system for reporting incidents related to pallet stacker usage, which will help identify patterns or trends in hazards and inform strategies to improve overall workplace safety.		
			- Provide proper training and instruction for workers on how to safely load and unload pallets using the pallet stacker, including correct lifting techniques.		
3. Pallet Loading	Heavy lifting injuries, dropped pallets	2M	- Ensure all workers involved in pallet loading tasks wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), such as steel-toed shoes, work gloves, and high-visibility vests.	1L	
			- Develop clear guidelines for maximum weight limits of pallets and ensure these are communicated to all workers handling them.		



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		- Implement a two-person lift policy for heavy or awkwardly shaped pallets to reduce individual strain and foster teamwork in sharing the load.		
		- Use mechanical aids such as forklifts, pallet jacker hoists to help in the movement and lifting of heavier or large pallets necessary.		
		- Allow workers to take regular short break rest and struch their muscles to prevent strain and overexertion injuries while prking and heavy loads.		
		- Regularly inspect and maintain pallet stackers of other tools used in the loading process to ensure they are it optimal working order and safe use.		
		- Keep a tidy and well-organise work area, ensuring uny obstructions or tripping hazards as a color of tripping hazards as a		
		- Implement a cotter syst of where of the control was an age and direct the movement of the callet cocker and help manage any potential risks.		
		- Carr or requer sk assessment checks throughout the loading process to identify and oldress olving hazards before they result in injury.		
		- Encour ge of a communication between all staff members, empowering them to port are concluded to some state of the state of the proventies of the state of the		
Collision with pedestrians, collision with equipment	3H		2M	
	Collision with pedestrians, collision with	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK Collision with pedestrians, collision with	INITIAL RISK - Implement a two-person lift policy for heavy or awkwardly shaped pallets to reduce individual strain and foster teamwork in sharing the load. - Use mechanical aids such as forklifts, pallet jacks, whoists to help in the movement and lifting of heavier or large palleters accessary. - Allow workers to take regular short break or rest and struct their muscles to prevent strain and overexertion injuries while, which or heavy loads. - Regularly inspect and maintain pallet stackers or other tools used in the loading process to ensure they are in optimal working order and safer use. - Keep a tidy and well-proparaises nork area, ensuring any obstructions or tripping hazards a group to tele, of from aisles and yathways to minimise accidents during hallet loading process. - Implement a cotter syst where or our user can oversee and direct the move ont of the hallet useker and help propagation of the loading process to identify into hidress polying hazards before they result in injury. - Encourge or incomplication between all staff members, empowering them to sort an iconol, is or issues related to the task at hand so proactive steps can be tank. To it prove weitly measures.	INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS - Implement a two-person lift policy for heavy or awkwardly shaped pallets to reduce individual strain and foster teamwork in sharing the load. - Use mechanical aids such as forklifts, pallet jacks a hoists to help in the movement and lifting of heavier or large pallets wicessary. - Allow workers to take regular short breaks—rest and such their muscles to prevent strain and overexention injuries while briting an heavy loads. - Regularly inspect and maintain pallet stackers—or other tools sted in the loading process to ensure they are in hitmal working order and safe use. - Keep a tidy and well-acranises—ork area, ensurins—carry obstructions or tripping hazards a work of clerk of from asiles and wathways to minimise accidents durin, affelt load approx loss. - Implement a notter syst where to work are an oversee and direct the move for the halles acker and help-unange any potential risks. - Carry a requely—sk assessment checks throughout the loading process to identify into hidress oliving hazards before they result in injury. - Encoulage on a communication between all staff members, empowering them to nort an condo so or issues related to the task at hand so proactive steps can be taken to give a process of the staken and a process to identify into hidress. Collision with pedestrians, collision with



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5. Pallet Stacking	Toppling stacks, crushing hazards	2M		1L	



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6. Pallet Unloading	Manual handling injuries, dropped pallets	2M		1L	



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7. Stacker Maintenance	Exposure to hazardous substances, electrocution	ЗН		1L	



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8. Battery Charging/Replacement	Battery leaks, electrical hazards	2M		1L	



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9. Housekeeping	Slips and trips, blocked exits or paths	2M		1L	



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10. Accident Response	Inadequate first aid provision, delayed emergency response	ЗН		2M	



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11. Operator Training	Untrained operators, poor communication	2M		1L	



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12. Equipment Storage	Obstruction in storage area, unauthorised access	1L		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
	Date:							
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains efficiency and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are usually revery process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract is) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reduces essented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	