

Organising Site Amenit	ies SAFE WORK METHO	D STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK (OR ACTIVITY: Organising Site An	nenities	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E qil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROV D BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or und	required to en that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant e of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND (THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accorde with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to continuing the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or conclude.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead dately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the nost of	e. tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work.		

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo suitak	ok for the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	THE ARING STION	P _cCTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ients		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Injury from manual handling, Slips due to uneven or wet ground	ЗН	 Conduct a site risk assessment to identify a cential hazards related to manual handling and uneven or wet ground before work commences. Provide training for all workers in safe manual a suing techniques, emphasising proper lifting methods to reduce the risk of injury. Utilise mechanical aids such a trolleys, hoists, one rklift a nere possible to assist with heavy lifting and transportation of maturb is. Ensure that a workers what appropriate permulal protective equipment (PPE), including non-slip footwear, to criminise the score silpengeness areas with signs or barriers to alert workers to potential slip or trip his us. Clear mark revenue and or hazard as areas with signs or barriers to alert workers to potential slip or trip his us. Main trip ar consumication among team members regarding any changes to work conditions or emerging heards. Schedule regard rinspections of the site to ensure pathways remain clear and free from obstructions that conclude a regard to tripping or manual handling injuries. Assign as based on individual capabilities and provide sufficient rest breaks to prevent fatigue, which an increase the likelihood of manual handling injuries. Illuplement emergency procedures to respond quickly if an incident occurs, ensuring that first-aid kits are readily available and accessible. Deploy temporary flooring or matting solutions on slippery or wet areas to improve traction and safety. Optimise the layout of site amenities and work areas to minimise unnecessary movement and awkward lifting scenarios. Ensure good site drainage to mitigate water pooling, and regularly check weather forecasts to anticipate and prepare for potentially hazardous conditions. 	2M
2. Delivery of Amenities	Vehicle accidents, Falling objects during unloading	3Н	 Conduct a site induction for all workers focusing on traffic management and safe unloading procedures. Implement a traffic management plan, including designated routes for delivery vehicles to minimise interaction with pedestrians. Use spotters to direct vehicles during reversing and manoeuvring to prevent accidents. Ensure all delivery vehicles are equipped with reversing alarms and functional lights. Securely cordon off the unloading area to keep unauthorised personnel at a safe distance. Utilise appropriate lifting equipment like cranes or forklifts operated by trained personnel to safely unload amenities. Regularly inspect and maintain all lifting equipment to ensure it is in good working condition. 	1L



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			- Use properly rated slings and chains when physically lifting goods, ensuring they are regularly inspected for wear and tear.	
			- Implement clear communication protocols betwee delivery drivers and onsite personnel, utilising radios or hand signals as necessary.	
			- Ensure hard hats and high-visibility cloth, are worn by a personnel involved in the unloading process to protect from falling objects.	
			- Assess weather conditions prior to delivery a unloading, postponing work if there are hazardous conditions such as high win or heavy rain.	
			- Develop an emergency proce are for vehicle accident of other incidents, ensuring all staff are familiar with the steps.	
			- Keep a first a kit readily allable ose to unloading zone, and ensure a qualified first-aid officer is onsite.	
			- Use the "ed and alined personnel to operate lifting gear, ensuring they have a clear understanding of the eq. on, at.	
			- Condulta properate check of all lifting gear to ensure it is in safe working condition and certified for	
			- Imp. to a traffic management plan to prevent collisions, including designated pathways and spotters.	
			se barners or physical markings around the work area to keep unauthorized personnel away from the vity during lifting operations.	
			Ensure that all workers are wearing appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as hard hats and high visibility clothing.	
Positioning of Amenities	Risks from using lang go machine	1A	- Maintain clear communication among the team using hand signals or radios to coordinate movements of amenities and machinery.	2M
			- Assess ground conditions prior to positioning amenities to ensure stability and prevent tipping or sinking.	
			- Position amenities with sufficient clearance from electrical lines, structures, and other hazards present on-site.	
			- Schedule lifts during times when site activities are minimal to reduce the risk of collisions with ongoing operations.	
			- Regularly inspect and maintain rigging equipment to ensure reliability and safety during use.	
			- Clearly mark the intended location of amenities to guide the placement and prevent accidental misalignment or obstruction.	
			- Validate weather conditions, avoiding lifting operations during high winds or severe weather which can increase risks significantly.	
4. Amenities Installation	Electrical hazards, Cuts or scratches from sharp edges	3H		2M

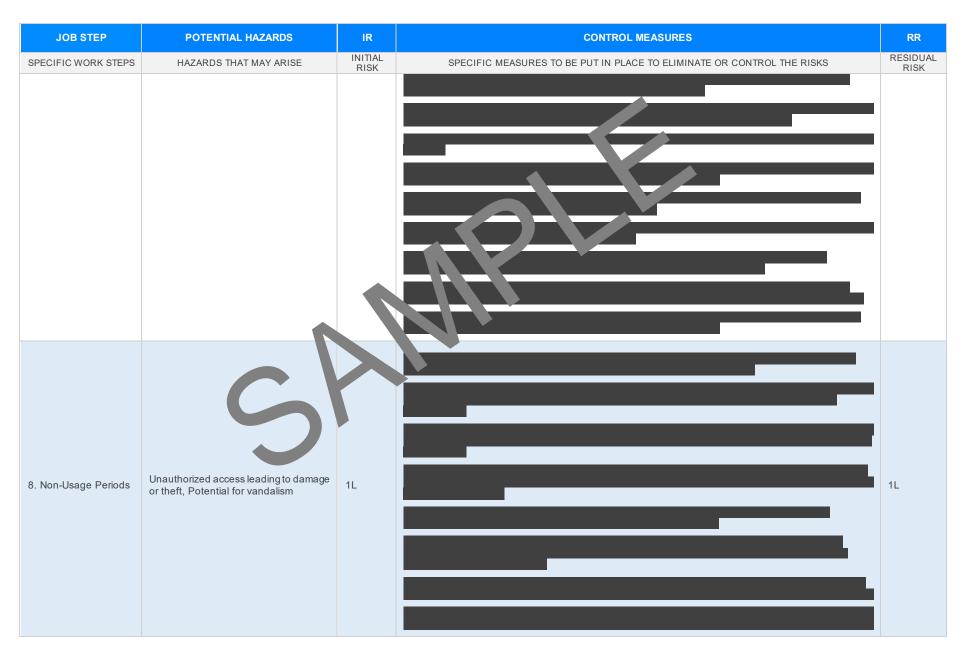


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5. Inspection of Installed Amenities	Trips over equipment, Hazards from faulty amenities	2M		1L



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6. Maintenance of Amenities	Chemical exposure, Injury from improper use of tools	2M		1L
7. Cleaning of Amenities	Exposure to hazardous cleaning substances, Slips due to wet surfaces	2M		1L







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9. Removal/Relocation of Amenities	Injury from heavy associated with the	ЗН		2M



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10. Evaluation and Feedback	Incorrect storage of documents, Loss of confidential information	1L		1L
11. Emergency Situations	Risks due to lack of safety routes, Panic and injury in evacuation	4A		3H



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12. Documenting Site Conditions	Falling or tripping on site debris, Eye strain from data entry work	2M		1L
13. Weather Conditions	Slippery conditions due to rainfall, Sunburn or heatstroke in outdoor conditions	2M		1L



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				1
14. Regular Site Checks	Potential for overlooked dangers, Complacency due to routine	2M		1L



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15. Training Staff on Site	Risks from inexperienced staff, Misunderstandings due to communication barriers	2M		1L
16. Regular Updates on SWMS	Outdated information leading to poor decision making, Time pressure due to updates	1L		1L



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17. Ongoing Risk Assessment	Mistakes in risk evaluation, Underestimation of hazards due to complacency	2M		1L



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l 8. Community nteraction and Feedback	Public complaints concerns, Miscommunicatio vith members the public	e 1L		1L



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19. End-of-Day Procedures	Knocks or jolts from rushed cleaning, Forgotten tasks due to fatigue	1L		1L
20. Review and Continual Improvement	Resistance to change, Overlooking improvements due to habit	1L		1L



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		'		



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. N ANY STATEMENT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library.

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/prkplate fety-layers

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.av and-reso per des ractice

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources gislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w/wplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A 2004

Octational Health an Safe* regulations 2017

- Legis ion VIC: https://www.rksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-
- les of actice VI attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the total with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV 5.		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effer ve secutions.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the splenetation of control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so n as Hot Work, Electral Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REV	/IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED