

Mobile Scaffold Erection	on SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Mobile Scaffold E	rection	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROV D BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductor the proposed work starts.	ucting a business or und	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant a of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND (THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according e with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to continue to those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continue to the reaction of the relationship of the r			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the nost of	e. tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work.	

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo suitak	ok for the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	THE ARING STION	P _cCTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ients		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Incorrect assembly, Inadequate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	ЗН	- Ensure all workers involved in the assemble of the mobile scaffold are trained and competent in scaffold erection procedures. - Inspect all scaffold components for damage or prects prior to use; remove any defective parts from service immediately. - Provide clear and detailed in a uctions or a manual cturs or manual for the correct assembly procedure and ensure it is availed to on-sit. - Conduct a sit expecific halp assembly are nent to identify potential hazards, such as uneven ground or overhead precifies, better beginning as exploy. - Desirate a competer overson to suppose and guide the assembly process, ensuring adherence to safetive focols a vocedures. - Use in ly empore as that are suitable for the specific type of scaffold being erected, ensuring comparability and continuous with relevant standards. - Equip torkers bith appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as hard hats, gloves, and he slip in otwers and ensure they wear it at all times during assembly. Implement a safe work method statement (SWMS) that outlines step-by-step procedures for the safe sembly of the scaffold. - Surup a designated exclusion zone around the work area to prevent unauthorised access during the assembly process. - Maintain clear communication among team members using hand signals or radios if necessary, particularly when visibility or noise is an issue. - Employ the buddy system to ensure that workers are not assembling the scaffold alone, providing assistance and additional safety oversight. - Prior to assembly, verify that ground conditions are stable and even, making adjustments or using base plates to stabilise the scaffold as needed. - Keep the assembly area tidy and free from tripping hazards, ensuring that tools and components are organised and safely stored when not in use.	2M
2. Mobile Scaffold Erection	Falling from heights, III maintained equipment	4A	 Implement training programs to ensure workers are competent and knowledgeable in erecting mobile scaffolds safely. Inspect all components of the scaffold prior to erection for any signs of damage or wear and ensure all equipment is well-maintained and functional. Use only qualified personnel to erect, dismantle, and alter mobile scaffolds to minimise the risk of accidents due to improper setup. Ensure the surface where the scaffold will be erected is stable, level, and capable of supporting the intended load without risk of collapse or imbalance. 	3Н



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			- Make use of personal protective equipment such as hard hats, gloves, and safety boots to protect workers from falling objects or other injuries.	
			- Install guardrails and toe boards on the scaffold provide edge protection and prevent falls from heights.	
			- Use fall arrest systems such as harnesse, and lanyard the work requires being above a certain height where fall risks cannot be completely mitigal.	
			- Limit the number of persons on the scaffold overloading and potential tip ing.	
			- Clearly mark and barricade the area surrounding coaffold to prevent unauthorised access and eliminate the risk coaffold to close or being struck by falling tools or materials.	
			- Regularly station weather conditions, as young in adverse weather like high winds or rain can increase risks ostpone of k if necessary	
			- Positive the scale way from powerlines and electrical hazards to prevent electrocution or arc flash incide is	
			- Implementally effect a communication system among workers to swiftly address issues or risks that might alled up scale id erection.	
			- sure heels mobile scaffolds are locked during use and unlocked only when the scaffold needs to be in act to prevent unintended movement which can lead to accidents.	
			Pisplay wear signage indicating weight limits, dangers, and emergency contact numbers to inform and regind workers of safety protocols.	
			- Ensure all workers involved in the inspection of the mobile scaffold are adequately trained and hold necessary competencies.	
			- Conduct a thorough visual inspection for any visible defects such as cracks, corrosion, or deformities on the scaffold components before use.	
				- Implement a regular inspection schedule to assess the mobile scaffold's condition before and after each shift.
	Ineffective safety checks, Lack of		- Use a detailed checklist to ensure all aspects of the mobile scaffold are checked systematically during inspections.	214
3. Inspection	training	3H	- Inspect locking mechanisms to ensure they function correctly and hold the scaffold securely in place.	2M
			- Verify the stability of the scaffold by checking that wheels or castors are locked and the base is level.	
			- Confirm that guardrails are properly installed and secure to prevent worker falls.	
			- Check that all connections between scaffold sections are tight and secured according to manufacturer instructions.	
			- Review the integrity of platforms to ensure they are free from damage and have no missing components.	
			- Validate that weight loads on the scaffold do not exceed the designated safe working load limits specified by the manufacturer.	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS - Report and document any deficiencies or hazards identified during inspection immediately to the	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Do not allow unauthorised personnel to perform spections or modifications to the scaffold setup.	
			- Ensure adequate lighting is available during inspection times to identify potential hazards effectively.	
			- Reassess the scaffold setup after significant weath a vents, strong winds, or alterations to site conditions.	
4. Use of Mobile Scaffold	Slip and falls, Collisions with other workers or machinery	4A		3H
5. Dismantling of Scaffold	Fall of materials, Equipment malfunction	3H		2M



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6. Transport	Improper lifting techniques, Slips trips and falls	3Н		2M



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7. Storage	Mishandling of equipment, Slip and falls due to incorrect surage	3H		114
8. Maintenance	Electrical hazards, Exposure to hazardous substances	4A		2M



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9. Training	Inadequate training methods, Miscommunication due to language barriers	3H		1L



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10. PPE	PPE failure, Inapplication of on the	βН		2M
11. Safety Check	Overlooked safety checks, Inefficient reporting systems	3H		1L



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12. Emergency Procedures	Lack of properly communicated procedures, Inadequate exit routes	4A		3H



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13. Regular Inspection	Negligence in inspections, Missing inspection schedules	ЗН		2M
14. Reporting	Inefficient report system, Lack of communication channels	ЗН		1 L



SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				1
				1
15. Review of WHS Procedures Obsole current	Obsolete Procedules, Unawareness of current WHS regulations	4A		2M
				1







EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. N ANY STATEMENT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library.

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/prkplace/fety-la

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.av and-reso pes des ractice

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources gislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w/wplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A 2004

Oct ational Health an Safet segulations 2017

Legis ion VIC: https://www.orksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

des of actice V/ attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties cently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV \$.	\boxtimes	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the place of control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, ang or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEW	ED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLE	TED