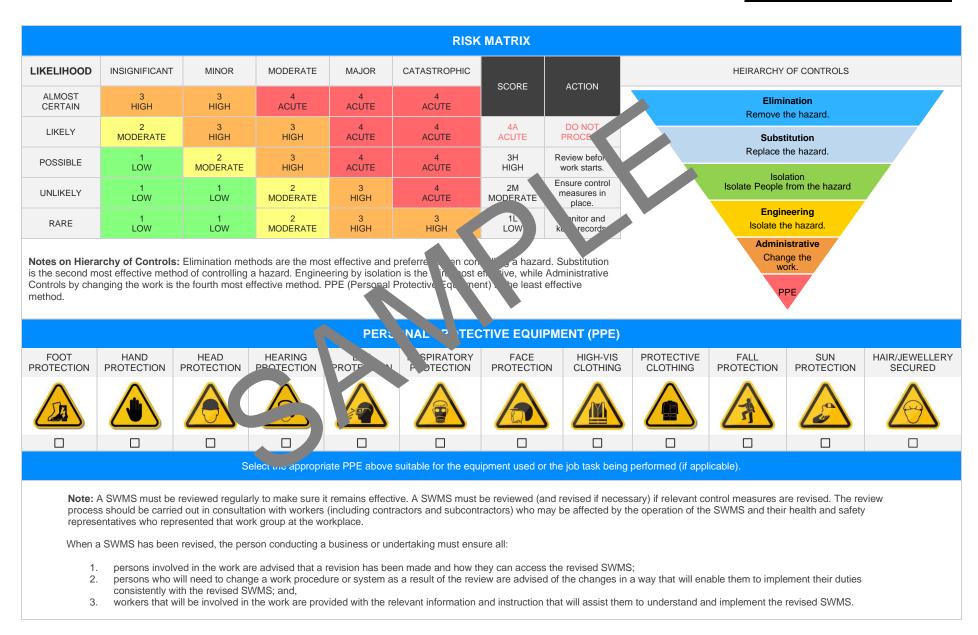
Metal Shielded Metal Arc Weld	ing Machine   SAFE WORK	METHOD STATEMENT (SWM	/IS)
TASK OR ACT	IVITY: Metal Shielded Metal Arc V	Velding Machine	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E All:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	icting a business or undertaking (H BU) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conduct unica those hazards and then to further take steps to either chare or contained whazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must study unately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							rk being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:					known as cope of works)						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS supp	olied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON JUCT	N JRK BEING	ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on c	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.						
is carried out on a	a telecommunication tower			is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
involves demolition	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
involves demolition	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a s	tr e.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporal, upp to	o prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in o	r near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/n	ear a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel invol-	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in o	r near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drow	ning.	involves diving wo	ork.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINI	ERY OR EQUIPMEN	<b>FNEARBY</b>						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	Bobcat	Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Improper setup, Insufficient personal protective equipment (PPE)	3Н	<ul> <li>Ensure the welding machine set-up is done according to manufacturer's guidelines by a trained professional.</li> <li>Conduct regular maintenance and inspection on the equipment for any potential faults or wear &amp; tear.</li> <li>Use insulating mats during the setup process to present the risk of electric shocks.</li> <li>The worker performing the weld should be fully a aned in welding safety, with training updated on a regular miss.</li> <li>Workers should always use Protonal Protective Equipment (PPE) compliant with Australian standard and the weld welf heat the orrect shade of filter lens, flame-resistant outing, safety should gloves a super protection.</li> <li>Carry put subjent risk an essment bio undertaking any welding operation to identification to response to the equipment of the equipment to use them.</li> <li>Ensure the sport or standby person is present during welding operations. This person how the equipment of harmful gases and particles.</li> <li>Immediate area around the weld must be free from flammable substances.</li> <li>Only use equipment that has been regularly tested and tagged according to Australian workplace regulations.</li> <li>Regular breaks should be encouraged to avoid eye fatigue and other health complications that can occur as a result of prolonged exposure to welding arcs.</li> </ul>	2M	
2. Equipment Inspection	Faulty equipment, Electrical hazards	ЗН	<ul> <li>Ensure all welding equipment is inspected and tested by a qualified professional prior to use. Any faulty items should be immediately reported and removed from use.</li> <li>Regularly inspect power cords, plugs and sockets for any sign of damage or wear and tear. Replace any damaged components immediately.</li> <li>Always use equipment with an automatic shut-off system in the event of a power surge or overheating.</li> <li>Utilise appropriate safety gear such as welding masks, gloves, aprons and boots, to reduce exposure to electrical hazards.</li> <li>Always use welding machines on dry ground conditions to avoid any instances of electrical shock or electrocution.</li> <li>To mitigate the risk of fire, ensure there are no flammable materials near the work zone.</li> </ul>	1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Avoid using welding equipment near water sources or damp areas that may potentially conduct electricity.		
			- Establish a detailed checklist to be used prior to a pration. This should involve verifying that all safety features are functioning paperly.		
			- Ensure employees have undergone appropriate training on the safe use of the equipment, including what to do in case of element or accidents.		
			- Use grounding and other fault-protection method, such as residual current devices (RCDs). These help limit the arount of current the bould part arough when there is a failure within the insulation		
			- Incorporating recommender tenan wand servicing schedules of welding tools and equipment interporkplace, stocols win also held to prevent faults and hazards from developing.		
			- Tidy and space of our that the metal welding workspace is kept clean and free from contract that mix cause slip, trip and fall accidents.		
			- Safety foot, ar: We are must wear appropriate safety footwear with non-slip toles to yoid a ping or smooth or wet surfaces.		
			- S. age Display clear warning signs in areas where there may be slip, trip and fall		
			umination: Have sufficient lighting in all working areas to improve visibility and present incidents.		
			Obstruction Removal: Regularly inspect the area for any potential obstructions or tripping hazards and remove them promptly.		
3. Site Assessment	Slip, trip and fall hazaros, Poor		- Safety Training: Train all workers in identifying possible risks and enforcing precautionary measures to handle welding machines safely.	1L	
5. Sile Assessment	ventilation	2M	- Proper Ventilation: Make sure the workplace has adequate ventilation systems to ensure safe breathing conditions.	1L	
			- Use of Fume Extractors: Utilise portable fume extractors closer to the source of fumes to capture them efficiently and maintain air quality.		
			- Respiratory Equipment: Provide suitable respiratory protective equipment (RPI) if ventilation does not reduce fume exposure to a safe level.		
			- Regular Breaks: Encourage regular breaks for workers to mitigate the risk of dizziness and fatigue due to poor ventilation or long working hours.		
			- Safety Checklists: Implement safety checklists for pre, during, and post-operation stages to monitor and address potential hazards timely.		
			- Emergency Action Plan: Develop and enforce an emergency action plan that includes procedures for handling incidents related to slip, trip, fall and poor ventilation hazards.		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
4. Setting Up Welding Machine	Inadequate grounding, Improper connections	3Н		2M	
5. Personal Protective Equipment Check	Inadequate protection, Faulty PPE	ЗН		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Welding Process	Eye damage from arc flash, Fume inhalation	4A		2М	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Post Weld Cleanup	Burns from hot metal, Cuts from sharp edges	ЗН		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Power Down Procedure	Electrical shock, Burn injury	2М		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Equipment Maintenance	Electric shock, Unexpected startup of machine	ЗН		2М	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Waste Management	Hazardous material exposure, Poor manual handling			2М	
11. Periodic Safety Training	Non-compliance to safety regulations, Ignorance about potential hazards	2M		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	S				
12. Storage & Handling of Welding Wires	Poor Manual handling, Unexpected fall of objects	ЗН		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
13. Electrode Handling	Electric shock, Forced posture	ЗН		2М	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
14. Air Quality Control	Fume Inhalation, Insufficient air supply	4A		2М	





JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
15. Emergency Procedures Training	Delayed response Panic	ЗН		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
16. Routine Machine Safety Checks	Neglect of early woung signs, Wear and tear	ЗН		2M	

Version 2.5



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
17. Correct Work Posture Training	Chronic painful coulitions fre posture, Workplace	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
18. Quality Control Checks	Non-compliance to specifications, Product rework or write			2М	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
19. Hydration and Breaks	Dehydration, Worker fatigue	2M		1L	
20. End of Day Shutdown Procedure	Inadequate machine shutdown, Unsafe workspace left unattended	ЗН		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

	REFERENCES						
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEG	RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE						
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Octopational Health and Safety Act 2004 Octopational Health and Safety Act 2004 Legislation VIC: https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- oulations Contest on Safety Act 2004 Safety						
New South Wales         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017         Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati</a> Codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati</a>	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>						
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-sector-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/fector-d-resourcestor-sec</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice						
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_dces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	<ul> <li>Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work</li> <li>Confined spaces</li> <li>Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals</li> <li>Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace</li> <li>Welding processes</li> </ul>						
Tasmania         Work Health and Safety Act 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012         Legislation for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/cats-and-regulations">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/cats-and-regulations</a> Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>	<ul> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> </ul>						
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work Any required decumpets	<ul> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>Construction work</li> </ul>						

- Any required documents.

#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

#### SAL WO A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are revised of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reworkplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and are subcontractions) who may be affected by the operation sentatives who received that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effectines.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wrap Electrical Work, Variat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be upd.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed ar noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience reining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	