

Metal Bandsaw and Power I	Hacksaw SAFE WORK ME	THOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR AG	CTIVITY: Metal Bandsaw and Pov	wer Hacksaw	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ure at a safe work method si	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BE PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS					
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise						
Project Address:					known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager Sig	nature:										
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:										
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT						
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.							
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.					
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.						
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY						
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift				
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer				
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -					





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Unsecured equipment, Inadequate PPE	2M	- Conduct a pre-operational checklist for the metal bandsaw and power hacksaw, ensuring that all equipment is in proper working condition and securely anchored to the floor or workspace. - Provide adequate PPE such as safety glanus, gloves, hearing protection, and steel-toe footwear to workers who will be operating the compment. - Train workers on the proper use of the providence, emphasising the importance of wearing it at all times, especially during operation and maintenance of the metal bandsaw and power hacksaw. - Maintain clear paths an around the work area, free coepins or other tripping hazards, to ensurgate meaning the respective properties of the metal before and after cutting. - Ensure that its workshot of its well-life acceptable yentilated, reducing the risk of accidence related to the visibility or inhalmg potentially hazardous particles. - Instruct the kers its andle sharp edges with caution and only use tools designed for cutting lask pointmis of the risk of accidental cuts or injuries. Develor a cle prominification system among workers, including hand signals and whole in the first others of potential hazards, such as starting the saw or mover last periodic the area. - Insure that guards are properly installed and adjusted on the metal bandsaw and proper hacksaw, covering the blade to protect workers from accidental contact. - Establish a regular maintenance schedule for the metal bandsaw and power hacksaw, ensuring they remain in good working order and reduce the risk of malfunction. - Implement an emergency stop procedure for the metal bandsaw and power hacksaw, allowing workers to quickly shut down the equipment in case of a hazard or potential incident. - Store all cutting tools, such as the metal bandsaw and power hacksaw blades, safely and securely when not in use to prevent injury to workers on any changes to health and safety protocols, ensuring they remain vigilant in identifying and mitigating potential hazards in the workplace.	1L	
2. Set-up	Misaligned parts, Insufficient clearance	ЗН	Regular maintenance and inspection: Ensure that the bandsaw and power hacksaw are routinely inspected for any misalignment of parts and kept in proper working condition. Proper installation and calibration: Always set up the equipment according to the manufacturer's guidelines, ensuring that all parts are correctly aligned.	1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			 Adequate workspace clearance: Ensure sufficient space is available surrounding the workstation, allowing for safe operation, material handling, and movement around the area by workers. 		
			 Clear instructions and signage: Provide clear an uctions on how to set up and operate the machinery to minimise risks as truated with misaligned parts and insufficient clearance. 		
			- Employee training: Ensure all operators are to an correct setup and operating procedures to avoid hazards associated with missing and parts of insufficient clearance.		
			- Proper equipment (2002): Story tools and accessory securely when not in use to prevent unintentifical control or delarge resulting in misaligned components.		
			- Promptly at less malfunctions: Replication pair any malfunctions, loose fittings, or mise tignment as soon as they are in the med.		
			- Use a popriate conal protective equipment (PPE): Equip operators with neces ry PE such is gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed shoes to reduce the risk of cury ring so ip and operation.		
			Follow pre-checknist: Implement a standard checklist for operators to follow pig set p, columning all components are aligned correctly and sufficient clear ce available.		
			Two-person set-up procedure: For heavy or more complicated assemblies, employ a signated spotter to assist in aligning components and maintaining proper cleurance during set-up.		
			- Avoid overcrowding: Limit the number of personnel in the working environment during setup to prevent accidents caused by congestion and restricted clearance.		
	5		 Install guarding devices: Implement safeguard systems such as barrier guards, interlocks, or light curtains to protect workers from potential hazards caused by misaligned parts and insufficient clearance. 		
			- Continuous review and improvement: Gather feedback from operators and conduct regular risk assessments to identify potential hazards and refine control measures relating to misaligned parts and insufficient clearance for bandsaws and power hacksaws.		
			- Prior to starting up the machines, properly inspect and ensure all equipment is in good working condition, including blades and other parts.		
3. Start-up	Noise, Vibration	2M	- Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as earplugs or earmuffs, to protect against noise exposure.	1L	
			- Provide workers with ongoing training on proper operating procedures for metal bandsaw and power hacksaw machines, particularly focusing on start-up processes, to reduce the risk of hazards.		



POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
		- Ensure workstations are isolated from one another to minimise noise levels and vibrations. Install acoustic barriers where necessary.		
		- Develop a schedule for regular maintenance chession of machines to prevent malfunctions that could contribute to increased use and vibration levels.		
		- Implement a clear communication system, nong worker using visual cues and hand signals if needed, to avoid miscommunication of the excessive noise.		
		- Schedule periodic breaks for employees to give time away from continuous exposure to noise and vibrat		
		- Position machine operators so ey can maintain a constance from the source of noise and vibration and a main ining full control of the equipment.		
		- Encourage and Kers to repair any by sual notes or vibrations immediately to supervisors of anagementor an immediately analysis of potential problems.		
		- Including bration being padding or mats under the machines to help absorb and recording start-up and operation.		
		- Monit and mit the gration of each employee's exposure to high levels of noise and vibration comply at h prescribed guidelines and regulations.		
		and the vision wand update SWMS documentation to reflect best practices and vibration control to ensure worker afety it is a top priority during the start-up stage of metal bandsaw and power sksaw operations.		
5				
Kickback, Flying debris	4A		2M	
	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK	INITIAL RISK - Ensure workstations are isolated from one another to minimise noise levels and vibrations. Install acoustic barriers where necessary. - Develop a schedule for regular maintenance chess of machines to prevent malfunctions that could contribute to increased use and vibration levels. - Implement a clear communication system along worker busing visual cues and hand signals if needed, to avoid miscommunication of use excessive noise. - Schedule periodic breaks for employees to give tem time awar from continuous exposure to noise and vibration in the source of noise and vibration and	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS RESIDUAL RISK - Ensure workstations are isolated from one another to minimise noise levels and vibrations. Install acoustic barriers where necessary. - Develop a schedule for regular maintenance cher of machines to prevent malfunctions that could contribute to increased use and vibration levels. - Implement a clear communication system along works a using visual cues and hand signals if needed, to avoid miscommunication of use excessive noise. - Schedule periodic breaks for employees to give tiem time awar from continuous exposure to noise and vibration when it man bring full control ovariae equipment. - Position machine operators six eye can maintain a reasonable from the source of noise and vibration when it man bring full control ovariae equipment. - Encourage were to ret it any to usual not so revibrations immediately to supervisors or anagement or an immediate analysis of potential problems. - Inch wibration is exposure to help absorb and retain vibration and resultations. - Monit and mit the viration of each employee's exposure to high levels of noise and vibrion comply with prescribed guidelines and regulations. - Admit and the analysis of standards concerning noise and vibration control to ensure worker afety to use a top priority during the start-up stage of metal bandsaw and power is ksaw operations.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Stopping	Unsafe handling, Unexpected shutdown	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Material loading	Manual handling, Crush injury	3H		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Cut adjustment	Entanglement, Pinch points	ЗН		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Blade replacement	Sharp edges, Improper installation	3Н		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Lubrication	Slips and falls, Exposure to chemicals	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Cleaning	Electric hazards, Debris ignition	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Maintenance	Incorrect tool use, Unplanned activation	4A		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
				NGIX -	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
40 Januariin	nadequate inspection, Missing safety reatures	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES		RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON





EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-oi-practic

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor	
				Date:				
				Date				
				L te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to reach the sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements and subcontractors and subcontractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who resented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	