

## Lock Seamer | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)

## TASK OR ACTIVITY: Lock Seamer

Business Name: [Company Name]

ABN: [ABN]

SWMS#

Business Address: [Company Address]

Contact Person:

Phone: [Phone]

Email:

## THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PERSON OF THE PROJECT

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

Full Name:

Signature:

Title:

Date:

Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS, as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.

Full Name:

Title:

Phone:

ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED

NAME AND DATED SIGNATURE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS

Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to consider how to remove those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard.

If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.

Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.

The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.

NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE

CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS		SCOPE OF WORKS					
Client:							
Project Name:	Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise known as scope of works).						
Project Address:							
Project Manager:							
Contact Phone:							
Project Manager Signature:							
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:							
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT							
<input type="checkbox"/> involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.						
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on a telecommunication tower.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.						
<input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.						
<input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity of a structure.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.						
<input type="checkbox"/> involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asbestos.	<input type="checkbox"/> involves tilt-up or precast concrete.						
<input type="checkbox"/> involves structural alteration or repair that requires temporary support to prevent collapse.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.						
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near a confined space.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.						
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5m or tunnel involving use of explosives.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.						
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	<input type="checkbox"/> involves diving work.						
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY							
<input type="checkbox"/> Forklift	<input type="checkbox"/> Crane/s	<input type="checkbox"/> Hoist/s	<input type="checkbox"/> Excavator	<input type="checkbox"/> Backhoe/Loader	<input type="checkbox"/> Boom Lift	<input type="checkbox"/> EWP	<input type="checkbox"/> Genie Lift
<input type="checkbox"/> Trencher	<input type="checkbox"/> Drilling Rig	<input type="checkbox"/> Trucks	<input type="checkbox"/> Formwork	<input type="checkbox"/> Bobcat	<input type="checkbox"/> Flammable Gas	<input type="checkbox"/> Fuel	<input type="checkbox"/> Dozer
<input type="checkbox"/> High Voltage	<input type="checkbox"/> Mulcher	<input type="checkbox"/> Tilt-up Panels	<input type="checkbox"/> Roller	<input type="checkbox"/> Scissor Lift	<input type="checkbox"/> Tractor	<input type="checkbox"/> Other -	

RISK MATRIX								HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS			
LIKELIHOOD	IN SIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION				
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE			Elimination Remove the hazard.			
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution Replace the hazard.			
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Isolation Isolate People from the hazard			
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Engineering Isolate the hazard.			
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	Monitor and keep records	Administrative Change the work.			
<b>Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:</b> Elimination methods are the most effective and preferred when controlling a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the third most effective, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) is the least effective method.								PPE			
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)											
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	EYE PROTECTION	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Select the appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).											
<b>Note:</b> A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represent that work group at the workplace.											
When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:											
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;</li> <li>2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS; and,</li> <li>3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.</li> </ol>											

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Machinery mishandling, Inadequate knowledge of work equipment	2M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Conduct thorough inductions and training sessions for workers to familiarise them with the lockseamer machinery, including its operating methods and potential hazards.</li> <li>- Implement a strict authorisation process for machine operators listing only trained and competent personnel permitted to use the equipment.</li> <li>- Display clear and visible signage near the lockseamer to indicate potential hazards associated with its operations.</li> <li>- Provide relevant personal protective equipment (PPE) for employees, such as safety gloves, safety glasses, and eye protection gear, and ensure proper usage at all times.</li> <li>- Develop and enforce standard operating procedures (SOPs) for lockseamer tasks, ensuring that they are followed by all employees.</li> <li>- Keep the worksite clean, organised, and free of unnecessary clutter to minimise the risk of incidents or injuries during lockseamer operations.</li> <li>- Establish regular maintenance and inspection schedules for the lockseamer machinery, examining it for signs of wear, damage, or abnormalities that could pose a hazard.</li> <li>- Implement efficient lockout/tagout procedures to prevent accidental activation of the lockseamer during maintenance or repair works.</li> <li>- Clearly mark all emergency stop buttons and ensure their accessibility and functionality in case of an emergency.</li> <li>- Encourage and maintain open communication between supervisors and team members regarding any concerns or suggestions regarding work processes and equipment.</li> <li>- Regularly review and update risk assessments, incorporating feedback from employees and analysing incident reports related to lockseamer usage.</li> <li>- Organise ongoing refresher trainings or toolbox talks to update employees on safe work practices, preventive measures, and any new developments related to lockseamer operations.</li> </ul>	1L	
2. Setting up Equipment	Incorrect Assembly, Insufficient safety measures	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Thoroughly inspect equipment components prior to assembly, ensuring they are in good working order and free from defects.</li> <li>- Follow manufacturer's instructions and guidelines for assembling the lockseamer with utmost precision and care.</li> <li>- Implement a strict policy of using the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety glasses, and ear protection when setting up the equipment.</li> <li>- Provide comprehensive training to workers responsible for lockseamer set up, focusing on correct assembly techniques and adhering to safety procedures.</li> </ul>	1L	

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ensure the work area where the lockseamer is being set up is clear of any potential obstacles or tripping hazards.</li> <li>- Establish an efficient communication system amongst team members during the equipment set-up process to identify and address any issues promptly.</li> <li>- Regularly update risk assessment documentation to reflect any changes in the workplace environment or equipment used, ensuring all potential hazards are identified and mitigated.</li> <li>- Conduct routine maintenance checks on the lockseamer and any associated auxiliary equipment as per the manufacturer's recommendations.</li> <li>- Clearly label the lockseamer and its components to provide guidance for assembly, minimising the risk of incorrect setup.</li> <li>- Incorporate sufficient break periods for workers during the assembly process to prevent fatigue and reduce the likelihood of errors or accidents.</li> <li>- Employ qualified technicians and engineers to periodically review lockseamer installations and verify the integrity of safety mechanisms installed.</li> <li>- Encourage a culture of proactive hazard reporting within the workplace, so that workers feel comfortable raising safety concerns regarding equipment set-up and operation.</li> </ul>		
3. Electrical Installation	Electric Shock, Overloading	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ensuring all electrical equipment and machinery are tested and tagged by a qualified electrician as per the Australian Standards (AS/NZS 3760:2010).</li> <li>- Confirming that workers have received proper induction and training before operating the lockseamer or any other electrical tools.</li> <li>- Implementing a regular inspection and maintenance programme for the lockseamer and any related electrical equipment to ensure they are always in good working condition and complying with the Australian Standards.</li> <li>- Utilising appropriate safety devices, such as Residual Current Devices (RCDs), to provide additional protection against electric shock hazards.</li> <li>- Ensuring that all electrical installations are completed and maintained by a licensed electrician, following the electrical safety guidelines stated in the Australian Standard AS/NZS 3012:2019.</li> <li>- Enforcing a strict "no-dry" policy for hands and work area surfaces when dealing with the lockseamer and any associated electrical equipment.</li> <li>- Implementing clear signage to indicate high-voltage and electrical hazards within the worksite.</li> <li>- Encouraging workers to report any damaged or frayed electrical cords or equipment immediately for replacement or repair.</li> </ul>	2M	

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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Mandating the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) like insulated gloves, safety glasses, and appropriate footwear to minimise risks associated with electric shock hazards.</li> <li>- Ensuring safe handling and storage procedures for the lockseamer and other electrical equipment, keeping them away from water sources and flammable materials.</li> <li>- Conducting regular safety meetings and toolbox talks to emphasise the importance of following all electrical safety procedures on the worksite.</li> <li>- Educating staff on how to recognise and manage electrical hazards effectively, including avoiding damaged extension cords and using appropriately rated cabling and circuit breakers.</li> <li>- Keeping an easily accessible first-aid kit stocked with necessary materials, like burn dressings and low-adhesive bandages, in case of an electrical injury on-site. Additionally, making sure employees are trained to administer basic first-aid for electrical shock situations.</li> </ul>		
4. Pre-Operation Inspection	Unchecked hazards, Faulty equipment	2M	[REDACTED]	1L	

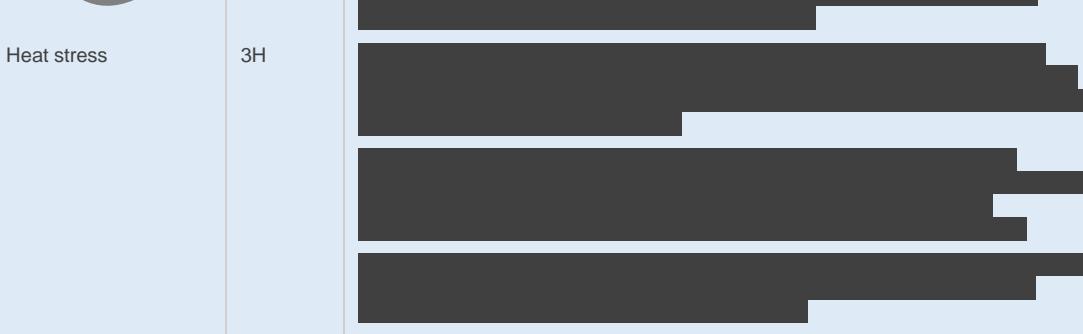
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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
					
5. Operation Start	Poor communication, Human error	3H		2M	

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6. Manual Handling	Musculoskeletal injuries, Slips and Falls	2M	 A large 'SAMPLE' watermark is overlaid across this row.	1L	

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7. Noise Exposure	Hearing damage, Communication issues	3H		1L	

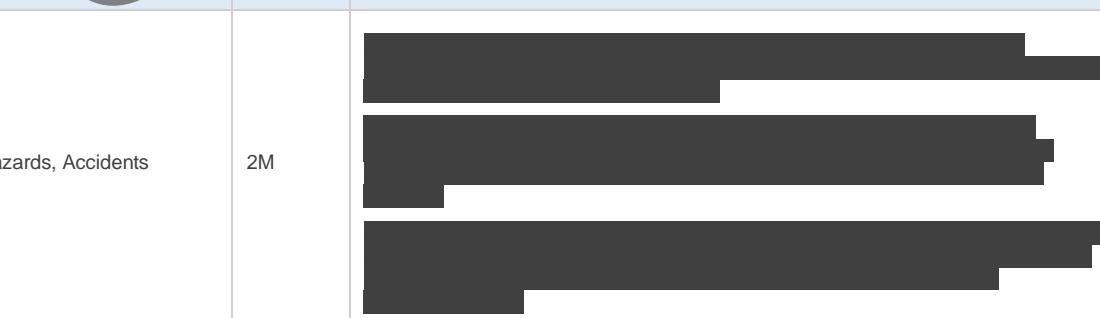
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8. Regular Maintenance	Equipment failure, Dust exposure	2M		1L	

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9. Emergency Response Planning	Ineffective response, Increased injury risks	2M		1L	

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10. Protective Gear Usage	Inadequate gear, Heat stress	3H		1L	

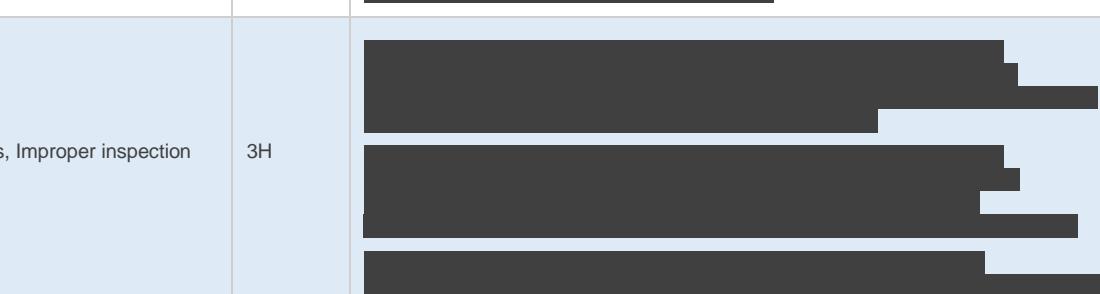
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11. Housekeeping	Clutter, Tripping hazards	2M		1L	

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12. Safe Work Procedures	Non-compliance, Work accidents	3H		2M	

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13. Hazard Reporting	Unaddressed hazards, Accidents	2M		1L	

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
14. Tool Storage	Disorganization, Accidental use	2M		1L	

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15. Shut Down and Clean Up	Improper shut down, Chemical exposure	2M		1L	

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
					
16. Post-Operation Evaluation	Undetected risks, Improper inspection	3H		2M	

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17. Training and Induction	Incompetent operators, Unawareness of risks	3H		1L	

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			[REDACTED]		
18. Incident Investigation	Ineffective prevention strategies, Health and Safety breaches	2M	[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]	1L	

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
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19. Workplace Monitoring and Review	Unidentifiable hazards, Ongoing risks	3H		2M	

**SAMPLE**

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
20. Continuous Improvement	Failure to implement effective practices, Repeated incidents	2M		1L	

**SAMPLE**

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE

## EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES TO ANY STATE THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011  
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011  
Legislation QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws>  
Codes of Practice QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>  
Legislation ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>  
Codes of Practice ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011  
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017  
Legislation NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation>  
Codes of Practice NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-of-codes-of-practice>

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011  
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011  
Legislation NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-safety-laws>  
Codes of Practice NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/resources/codes-of-practice>

#### **South Australia**

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)  
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)  
Legislation for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation>  
Codes of Practice for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs>

#### **Tasmania**

Work Health and Safety Act 2012  
Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012  
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012  
Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012  
Legislation for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>  
Codes of Practice for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### **Victoria**

Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004  
Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017  
Legislation VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations>  
Codes of Practice VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice>

#### **Western Australia**

Work Health and Safety Act 2020  
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022  
Legislation Western Australia: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation>  
Codes of Practice WA: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice>

#### **Safe Work Australia Links**

Law and Regulation (All States): <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation>  
Model Codes of Practice: <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice>

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work

## SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		

## SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

**The SWMS must be reviewed regularly** to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are changed. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represent that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

**The SWMS must be monitored regularly** for the effectiveness of hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST			
<p>This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.</p>			
ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective solutions.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of control measures.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be used.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training or skills required to perform the work.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Lists any required permits or licenses.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
REVIEWED BY			DATE REVIEWED
SIGNATURE			DATE COMPLETED