

Liquid Waste Handling	g SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Liquid Waste Ha	ndling	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E qil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVAD BY	THE PC VOF TP' ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	acting a business or und ing (PC V) is	required to electhat a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant e of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according e with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to continue the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or con			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the nost of	e. tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work.		

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo suitak	ok for the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	THE ARING STION	P _cCTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ients		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slips, Trips and Falls, Chemical Burns	ЗН	 Ensure all workers are provided with release a safety training regarding slips, trips, falls and chemical bums. Conduct a comprehensive work area inspectors or to beginning tasks in order to identify and mitigate potential hazards. Use appropriate signage to bark areas where to be probled a risk of slipping or tripping, especially around liquid waste handling so it. Provide person protect or equipment (PPEY sich as gloves, safety boots, aprons, and glasses for protection a most chemic bums. Implement plundure or safe handling, storage, and disposal of liquid waste, including the use of approximate contain. Main in quipme used for liquid waste handling responsibly, ensuring that they are clean, functional, and frection defects. Install tririers or covers over open pits, trenches, and other fall hazards associated with liquid waste has ling. Put time e an emergency action plan (EAP) addressing possible injuries from slips, trips, falls, or emical burns. Nowly-hired staff members or those inexperienced in liquid waste handling should be closely supervised until they gain enough confidence and proficiency. Ensure non-slip floor surfaces wherever possible and maintain dry floors, cleaning up spills promptly to prevent slips. Use appropriate manual handling techniques while dealing with potentially heavy liquid waste containers. Regularly review and update the safe work method statement (SWMS) to incorporate any changes or improvements to safety protocols. Encourage open communication among team members about safety concerns or issues, promoting a proactive approach to accident prevention. 	2M
2. Liquid Waste Collection	Incorrect Manual Handling, Exposure to Hazardous Substances	зн	 Provide and maintain proper training in manual handling techniques to all members of the team. This includes lifting correctly, using mechanical aids when necessary, and avoiding awkward postures or repetitive movements. Ensure all workers are equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety glasses, and chemically resistant overalls to minimize exposure to harmful chemicals. Conduct regular briefing sessions to emphasize the importance of the correct handling and disposal of liquid waste. 	2M



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			- Implement clear signage indicating the nature of the liquid waste, associated risks and the importance of correct disposal methods.	
			- Ensure that all waste containers are clearly laborated to avoid incorrect disposal and potential cross-contamination.	
			- Regularly inspect all equipment used for ste collection including tanks and pipelines, to ensure they are functioning effectively.	
			- Provide controlled ventilation systems where a mful chemical fumes could pose a health risk to employees.	
			- Establish and enforce strict placedures for the clear maintenance, and sterilisation of equipment in order to reduce the post fall for entamination.	
			- Regularly resitor the world genvicement of any abnormal conditions or spillages, and promptly clean up any spills prevent prential skill process or inhalation of dangerous substances.	
			- Male re the mergency washing facilities in case of accidental exposure.	
			- Incluit some some to manage work-related hazards in the Safe Working Method Statement (SWMS).	
			- Utilizer afer heckling before starting tasks to ensure all safety measures are in place and that no ddition hazer's have arisen since the last assessment.	
	•		- Fig. ar a ffective system in place for monitoring employee health, particularly those constantly exposed to haze a substances. This could involve regular medical checkups or health assessments.	
			- Regular vehicle maintenance: To minimise the risk of traffic accidents, ensure all vehicles used for transporting waste are regularly serviced and maintained to high safety standards.	
			- Driver's Training: All drivers should have appropriate licenses and undergone structured, rigorous training in defensive driving techniques and emergency response procedures.	
			- Route Planning: Prior to transportation, carry out strategic route planning to avoid congested areas and reduce the likelihood of accidents.	
			- Securely Sealed Containers: Make sure all liquid waste is securely sealed in specially designed, robust containers to prevent spillage during transit.	
3. Transporting Waste	Traffic Accidents, Spillages	3H	- Spillage Response Kits: Ensure all transport vehicles are equipped with spillage response kits including absorbents, PPE, and containment tools.	1L
			- Load Management: Regular inspections should be conducted to check the stability of loaded waste, ensuring it's properly balanced to prevent tip-overs or spillage during transit.	
			- Vehicle Monitoring: Use technology to track the movements of your fleet, allowing for immediate action if a vehicle goes off-route or stops unexpectedly.	
			- Contingency Plan: Develop a comprehensive contingency plan that outlines necessary steps in the event of traffic accidents or spillages.	
			- Worker Education: Conduct regular training sessions for workers. Include topics on safe handling procedures for hazardous liquid waste and what to do in case of a spill or accident.	



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			- Schedule regular breaks for drivers: This can help mitigate fatigue-related accidents. Encourage drivers to pull over and rest if they're tired and schedule jobs with enough time for breaks.	
			- Vehicle Signage: Vehicles carrying hazardous lies awaste should be marked with appropriate signage to alert other road users about the nature of cargo.	
4. Unloading Waste	Leakage, Explosion	MA		ЗН
5. Waste Treatment	Chemical Reaction Risks, Equipment Failure	4A		3Н







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7. Vehicle Maintenance	Injury from Tools, exposure to Hermful Dusts	ЗН		



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8. Health Monitoring	Medical Records Issues, Non-compliance with Laws	21v.		1L
9. Training	Insufficient Competence, Language Barriers	2M		1L



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10. Emergency Responses	Unprepared for Emergencies, Inadequate Resources	3Н		1L



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44.5		011		
11. Record Keeping	Data Breach, Loss of F	2M		1L
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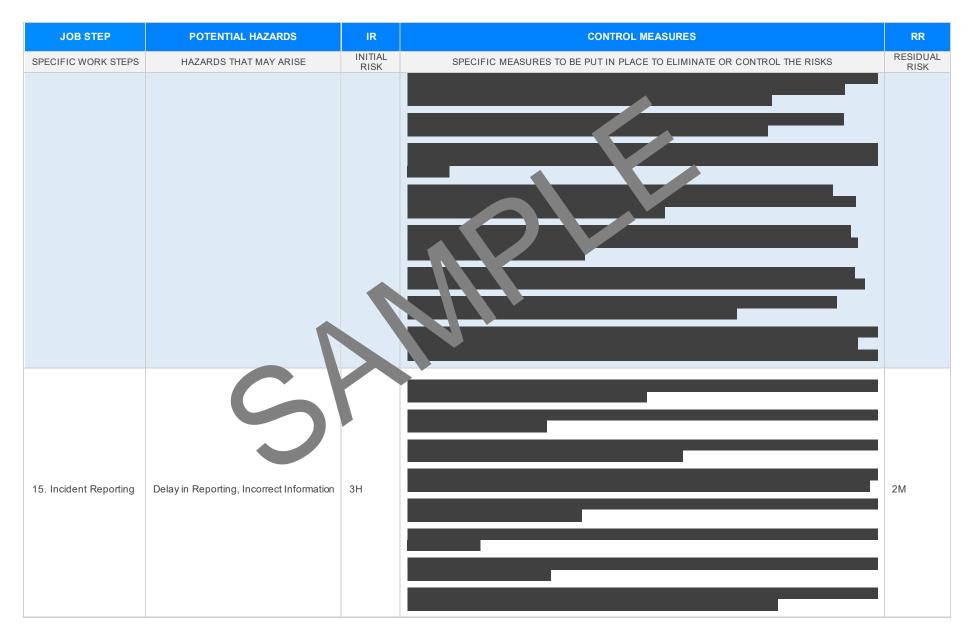


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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
12. Method Statement Reviews	Outdated Procedures, Neglect of Ne Risks	M		1L
13. Personal Protection Equipment Checks	Wear and Tear, Incorrect Usage	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
14. Hazardous Materials Checks	Weak Containers, Insufficient Labelling	зн		2M







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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
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				_
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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

N ANY STATEMAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.qov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legi

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-librar

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance orkpla

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.a nd-reso

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w laces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A

regulations 2017 ational Health an Safe

Legis ion VIC: https://v rksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

ttps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice des of actice VV

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/modelcodes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as an intractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a remotified the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the thing with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS	
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.			
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV. 5.			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the high centary of control measures.			
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, ang or skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		