Light Fitting Maintena	nce SAFE WORK METHO	O STATEMENT (SWMS)					
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Light Fitting Maint	enance					
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#				
Business Address: [Company Address]							
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E ail:					
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P OF THE PROJECT					
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	ucting a business or undertaking (N_BU) is	required to ure at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before				
Full Name:							
Signature:		Title:	Date:				
Signature: Date: Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS, well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.							
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:				
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N TE AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND				
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditioned inical those hazards and then to further take steps to either chare or control ear hazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE				
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must successful unately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.							
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.							
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.							



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							rk being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				k	nown as scope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS supp	olied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON YUCI	N. JRK BEING	ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on or	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.					
is carried out on a	a telecommunication tower.			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
involves demolition	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
involves demolition	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a s	17 e.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporal upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in o	r near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/n	ear a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in o	r near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drow	ning.	involves diving wo	k.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	Bobcat	Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Poor lighting, Tripping hazards	2М	 Ensure adequate lighting: Check and maintain sufficient lighting in the work area before starting the task to minimise the risk of poor wibility leading to accidents. Clear walkways: Keep work areas and pathwar clear of obstructions, tools, or equipment to prevent tripping hazards. Use appropriate signage: Place warning sign or backades at the designated work area to alert others of maintenance activities, number isk of trip-related accidents. Proper storage of materials: transise and store magric tools, and equipment neatly in designated work mean to alert others of maintenance activities, number of the work area to identify any hoential hazard, include under surfaces or cables, and address them according. Inst to approach using if needed: When carrying out maintenance tasks where lighting much be affered, provide portable lights to ensure adequate visibility during the work process. Use not slip is twear wear appropriate footwear with slip-resistant soles to homotoprocess. Frain, no hazard awareness: Provide workers with training about common nrkplace azards and how to prevent accidents, such as using proper lifting trupiques and recognizing risky situations. Remove and manage cables: Bundle cables together and secure them away from walkways, or use cable covers to eliminate tripping hazards. Implement a safe work procedure: Develop and implement relevant Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) specific to the task being performed, ensuring workers follow set procedures and are aware of associated hazards and controls. Regular break schedules: Encourage workers to take regular breaks to avoid fatigue, which can contribute to slips, trips, and falls. Encourage reporting of hazards: Foster a culture of open communication where workers feel comfortable reporting any hazards or near misses to supervisors for timely investigation and remediation. 	1L	
2. Ladder Setup	Falls from height, Ladder instability	ЗН	 Inspect ladders before use: Thoroughly check the ladder for any visible defects or damage, such as bent rungs, loose joints, or faulty locking devices, to ensure its stability and safety. Proper ladder selection: Choose a ladder made of suitable material (non-conductive for electrical work) and with an adequate load capacity rating for the task at hand. Ensure that the ladder height is sufficient to reach the work area comfortably without overreaching. Correct ladder positioning: Set up the ladder on firm, level ground, avoiding slippery or unstable surfaces. Position the ladder correctly, following the 4-to-1 rule — for 	2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			every 4 feet of vertical height, the ladder base should be horizontally 1 foot away from the support structure.		
			- Secure the ladder: Whenever possible, secure the udder at both the top and bottom positions to prevent movement during the This may involve using ladder brackets or anchors, or having a colleague to vide additional support by holding the ladder at the base.		
			- Maintain three points of contact: While ascent the usescending or working from the ladder, maintain three points of contact (two hand and one for for two feet and one hand) to promote stability and duce the risk of fa		
			- Avoid overreaching the youl only centered between the side rails of the ladder while working to prevent up ing our sing balance too not overreach or lean too far to either side		
			- Use foll protection equipment: When using at heights, always use appropriate fall protection equipment and as a harness, lanyard, and anchor point, to minimise the risk of n, in the ent of a fall.		
			- Limit a worth on a ladder: Adhere to the ladder's load capacity rating and avoid carrying leav, r bulk, the up the ladder. Instead, consider using a tool belt, hoist, noulley extend transport materials when necessary.		
	7		- Provide, idder safety training: Ensure that all workers who will be using ladders uring new titting maintenance have received proper training on ladder safety, rard identification, and safe work practices.		
			- hyplement a buddy system: Encourage the use of a buddy system where workers can observe one another, provide support and assistance as needed, and ensure that safe work practices are being followed.		
	5		- Regularly review and update the SWMS: Revisit the Safe Work Method Statement regularly to evaluate its effectiveness, making any necessary adjustments or updates based on new hazards, changes in the work environment, or feedback from workers.		
			 Ensure a qualified electrician isolates the power at the main distribution panel or switchboard, and securely locks it in the "off" position using individual lockout devices. 		
3. Isolation of Power	Electrocution, Arc flash	4A	- Tag all isolation points with a "Danger - Do Not Operate" tag to warn others that the equipment is undergoing maintenance and should not be turned on.	3H	
			- Use a voltage tester or multimeter to verify the absence of voltage at the light fitting location before beginning any maintenance work.		
			- Make sure all workers involved are familiar with the emergency shutdown procedures in case of sudden re-energization of the electrical circuit. Train them regularly on these procedures to ensure proper execution when needed.		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			 Provide Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as insulated gloves, safety goggles, and flame-resistant clothing to minimise the risk of electrocution or arc flash injuries. Schedule maintenance activities during low-compancy periods where possible, to minimise the number of people exposed to extential hazards. If live testing must be performed, ensure the only shout personnel trained in lockout/tagout procedures and with experience or paining with live electrical systems carry out this task. Implement strictly enforced shout procedures, inclution or arc flash incidents. Train concerns the only shout performed with the task and establish clear communication protects. Develop a war rescue plu for situations into the appropriate equipment, such once extinctions and first aid kits, readily available at the worksite. Conduct equipment by within the vicinity of the light fitting. Fix any encountered issues it mean equip. Specific disposes of used or damaged electrical equipment to prevent accidents causes by improper handling, storage, or disposal of these items. Stablish a system for reporting and recording near misses, accidents, and hazard or ervations to identify trends, improve safety procedures, and encourage a culture of continuous improvement. 		
4. Removing Faulty Light Fitting	Sharp edges, Falling objects	ЗН		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Installing New Light Fitting	Incorrect wiring, Falls from height	ЗН		2М	





JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	S				
6. Restoring Power	Electrocution, Overheating	4A		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Testing New Light Fitting	Faulty equipment, Electrical shock	ЗН		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Cleanup & Disposal	Slips, trips and falls, Inadequate PPE	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Equipment Checks	Faulty equipment, Untrained personnel	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Documentation & Reporting	Incomplete records, Data breaches	2М		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Access Control	Unauthorised entry, Collisions with vehicles	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. Emergency Response Plan	Inadequate first aid, Inability to evacuate	ЗH		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEG	
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Octopational Health and Safety Action of Octopational Health and Safety Action of Legistrion VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- uulations</u> Unles of watchice VICT_https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_placev-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_placev-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_placev-laws	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Dat		
			l te:		
			Date:		

SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and acception of the process should be carried out in s any subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who recented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wey, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approved on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
			·
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		