

| Lathe Wood Turning | g SAFE WORK METHOD S | STATEMENT (SWMS) | |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| TAS | K OR ACTIVITY: Lathe Wood Tu | rning | |
| Business Name: [Company Name] | | ABN: [ABN] | SWMS# |
| Business Address: [Company Address] | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: [Phone] | E ill: | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY | THE P. OF THE PROJECT | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductor the proposed work starts. | cting a business or undertaking (I SU) is | required to ure at a safe work method s | statement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring | compliance of the SWMS well as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO | ILL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS | EEN CONSULTED AND |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the cond | NAME | SIGNATURE | DATE |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structurately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| | | CLI | ENT OR PRINCIPAL | CONTRACTOR D | ETAILS | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Client: | | | | | | SCOPE OF WORKS | | | |
| Project Name: | | | | | Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise | | | | |
| Project Address: | | | | | known as cope of works). | | | | |
| Project Manager: | | | | | | | | | |
| Contact Phone: | | | | | | | | | |
| Project Manager Sig | nature: | | | | | | | | |
| Date SWMS supplie | d to Project Manager: | | | | | | | | |
| | | ANY HIGH- | RISK CON PUCT | N' JRK BEING | CARRIED OUT | | | | |
| ☐ involves a risk of a pe | erson falling more than 2 m | neters. | | is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping. | | | | | |
| is carried out on a tel | ecommunication tower. | ` | M + M | is carried out on | or near chemical, fuel or refrig | erant lines. | | | |
| ☐ involves demolition o | f an element of a structure | that is load-be n. | | is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services. | | | | | |
| ☐ involves demolition o | f an element related to the | physical integrit of a str | 3. | is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere. | | | | | |
| ☐ involves, or is likely to | o involve, disturbing a | tos. | | involves tilt-up or precast concrete. | | | | | |
| involves structural alt | eration or repair that re | upp to p | prevent collapse. | is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor. | | | | | |
| is carried out in or ne | ar a confined space. | | | is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant. | | | | | |
| is carried out in/near | a shaft or trench deeper th | nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin | g use of explosives. | is carried out in a | areas with artificial extremes of | temperature. | | | |
| is carried out in or ne | ar water or other liquid tha | t involves a risk of drowning | ng. | ☐ involves diving w | vork. | | | | |
| | | ANY HI | IGH-RISK MACHINER | RY OR EQUIPMEN | IT NEARBY | | | | |
| Forklift | ☐ Crane/s | ☐ Hoist/s | ☐ Excavator | ☐ Backhoe/Loader | ☐ Boom Lift | ☐ EWP | ☐ Genie Lift | | |
| ☐ Trencher | ☐ Drilling Rig | ☐ Trucks | Formwork | ☐ Bobcat | ☐ Flammable Gas | ☐ Fuel | ☐ Dozer | | |
| ☐ High Voltage | ☐ Mulcher | ☐ Tilt-up Panels | Roller | ☐ Scissor Lift | ☐ Tractor | Other - | | | |





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | HEARING PPOTECTION | PROTE | SPIRATORY P STECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
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Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| 1. Preparation | Sharp tools, Slippery surfaces | 2M | Equipment inspection and maintenance: Regularly inspect the sharp tools used in wood turning, such as chisels, gouges, and knives. It insure they are in good condition and properly sharpened. Replace any chaged or overly blunt tools. Proper training and instruction: Ensure all torkers using these sharp tools and equipment have received adequate training and know the bafest techniques for their use to prevent accidental injuries. Clean work environment: Thirroughly clean the preshop floor and maintain a dry surface to prevent slips and in caused by debris, slipper ourfaces. Consider implementing regular cleaning to edules and routin. Personal prote to equipment (No E): Provide antoropriate PPE, including safety glasses, global and non-suffootwes to might be the risk of injury while operating wood-turning uchines are mandling to the safe use and emergency procedures specific to wood turning uchines are mandling to the safe use and emergency procedures specific to wood turning makenes. Works note anisate after a Arrange the workspace to promote clear access to aterials and signess for turning, ensuring that clamps and securing equipment are key clost at harmand that floor space is free from clutter. Anti-signets: Place anti-slip mats in areas with a higher risk of falling or slipping to to wetness or wood shavings, such as around the wood-turning machine and we blenches. Tool storage safety: Store sharp tools in dedicated holders or cases when not in use, preventing unnecessary exposure to individuals working in the vicinity. Emergency safety protocols: Establish and practice emergency safety procedures for incidents related to sharp tools and slippery surfaces. Ensure all staff members know how to access first aid kits and report accidents or near-miss events. Encourage open communication: Create an open atmosphere where workers can voice concerns or suggestions about potential hazards related to wood turning, helping further refine | 1L | |
| 2. Machine setup | Electrical hazards, Entanglement | 3Н | Regular inspection and maintenance of electrical equipment: Ensure that all electrical cords, outlets, and tools are inspected and maintained regularly to detect any faults, damages, or wear. Use of proper protective gear: Mandatory use of safety glasses or a face shield to reduce the risk of eye injuries from flying debris and proper gloves for hand protection during machine setup. | 2M | |



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| | | | -In-depth tool training: Provide comprehensive training for employees on the specific wood-turning lathe being used, including safe operating procedures, handling techniques, and entanglement prevention. | | |
| | | | - Ensuring machine guards are in place: Verify at all machine guards, including emergency stop buttons, are functioning country and are recurely fitted before the operation begins. | | |
| | | | - Proper workspace planning and layout: Design and clear work area with sufficient lighting and space for easy movement, ensuring are is no clumpresent, which could contribute to entanglement trisks. | | |
| | | | - Implement a lockor to ut sys in: Develop and en the strict lockout/tagout procedures to see juard a linst to tended machine start-up or energization during setup and more tenance tas | | |
| | | | - Emergency state of these protocols in case of electrical hazards or entance, in tinches. | | |
| | | | - Work manageable peeds: Encourage operators to work at slower speeds during in chine setup a limitial phases to minimise the risk of accidents associated ith high speed stations. | | |
| | 7 | | - Pis, and pile management: Keep power cords and cables neatly organised and ecures a revent tripping, entanglement, or contact with moving parts during points setup. | | |
| | | | - Evablish a buddy system: Encourage a culture of teamwork where workers double-check each other's setup and adherence to safety protocols, reducing the chance of oversights. | | |
| | | | - Restrict access to authorised personnel only: Limit access to the wood-turning lathe to trained, authorised personnel, ensuring that inexperienced staff or visitors do not unintentionally interact with the machine. | | |
| | | | - Conduct toolbox talks and refresher courses: Regularly review safety protocols and update employees on any changes or improvements to workplace health and safety practices surrounding wood-turning lathes. | | |
| | | | - Pre-assessment of wood: Before the wood selection, make sure to conduct a thorough assessment to identify any signs of visible cracks, knots, or other imperfections that may increase the risk of splinters or excessive dust during the turning process. | | |
| 3. Wood selection | Splinters, Wood dust | 2M | - Proper storage and handling: Ensure that wood materials are stored in a clean, dry, and organised environment, with proper stacking methods in place to minimise the risks of accidents or damage to the materials. | 1L | |
| | | | - Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Workers should wear appropriate PPE, including safety goggles, gloves, respiratory masks, and long-sleeved clothing to protect against splinters, wood dust, and other potential hazards. | | |



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| | | | - Training and education: Provide ongoing training and education to employees on safe wood handling techniques and best practices for reducing the risks associated with splinters and wood dust exposure. | | |
| | | | - Ventilation and air filtration systems: Install and Jate ventilation and air filtration systems to help control the level of airborn and dust in the work area and minimise inhalation hazards for workers. | | |
| | | | - Regular cleaning and maintenance: Implement an ar cleaning procedures for the workspace, tools, and equipment to help reduce a build-up of bod dust and minimise the risk of splinters using the wood selection process. | | |
| | | | - Safe lifting techniques pooling workers to use pool fifting techniques when handling heavy to age process of pod, such as bending at the knees and keeping the back strategy, to miniminate rise of injury or splinters or other hazards. | | |
| | | | - Selection of a propriate cols: Use such a cutting and shaping tools, designed specific for the very wood being used, to minimise the risk of splinters and help control to general of wood dust during the turning process. | | |
| | | | - Wasterdisk all make rement: Establish and enforce clear guidelines for disposing of wasternaterd is, increasing how to safely handle and contain splintered or amage piece of wood. | | |
| | 1 | | Instantia and monitoring: Regularly inspect and monitor the work area for any igns on the essive wood splinters or dust, and be proactive in addressing the antified hazards to ensure a safer working environment. | | |
| | | | - Signage and warning systems: Display clear and visible signage in the workplace to remind workers of the potential hazards associated with wood selection, including the risks posed by splinters and wood dust. | | |
| | | | - Encouraging communication and reporting: Foster a culture of open communication within the workplace, encouraging workers to report any concerns related to the handling and selection of wood materials, enabling timely response and risk mitigation strategies to be implemented. | | |
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| 4. Roughing | Flying wood chips, Excessive noise | 2M | | 1L | |
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| 5. Shaping | Vibration, Overheating tools | 2M | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |
| 6. Sanding | Dust inhalation, Eye injury | 3H | | 2M | |



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| | | | | | |
| 7. Finishing | Chemical exposure, Fire hazard | 2M | | 1L | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
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| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| 8. Quality inspection | Ergonomic stress, Eye strain | 1L | | 1L | |



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| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| 9. Cleanup | Slips and trips, Chunical spills | 2M | | 1L | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
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| | Manual handling injuries, Environmenthazards | Z. | | 1L | |
| 11. Maintenance | Equipment malfunction, Unplanned movement of machinery | 3H | | 2M | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
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| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| 12. Storage | Collapse of storage racks, Lifting injurits | | | 1L | |



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

Tulat

des on actice VI autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Pos | sition | Signature | Date | Time | Supe | ervisor | |
|---|-----|----------|-----------|--|-------|------|---------|--|
| | | | | Date: | | | | |
| | | | | Date | | | | |
| | | | | L te: | | | | |
| | | | AV | Date: | | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | | |
| | | SAF WC A | STATEMENT | MONITORING AND R | EVIEW | | | |
| The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontracted, are very process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontracted) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who redesented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. | | | | The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles. | | | | |
| REVIEW NUMBER | □ 1 | □ 2 | □ 3 | □ 4 | □ 5 | □ 6 | □ 7 | |
| NAME | | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | TO BE DONE | COMMENTS |
|---|-----------|------------|----------|
| | | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | | |
| Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | P P | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | P | | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | | | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | | | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh | | | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed. | | | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions. | | | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures. | | | |
| Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc. | | | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d. | | | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS. | | | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work. | | | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | | | |
| Lists any required permits or licenses. | | | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | | | |
| dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | | | |
| | | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE R | EVIEWED | |
| SIGNATURE | DATE CO | MPLETED | |