

Instal Tree Supports	SAFE WORK METHOD S	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TAS	SK OR ACTIVITY: Instal Tree Sup	ports	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PC. OF TP' ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	ucting a business or und ing (PUV) is	required to el that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant e of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	NEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheded in accordance with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to continue the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continue to the result of the results of the res			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the nost of	e. tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work.		

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo suitak	ok for the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	THE ARING STION	P _cCTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ients		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Falling trees, Inadequate training	ЗН	 Conduct a pre-start safety briefing for all towers to ensure they understand the hazards and control measures associated with tree support in allation. Verify that all workers involved in the task as an entiry trained and qualified for tree work according to industry standards. Conduct a thorough risk as a system of the work read or to commencing operations to identify any potential dangers, in thing unable trees or haza or as weather conditions. Use appropriate personal roted to equipment (PPE) such as helmets, gloves, high-visibility clothing, and safety that is to minimal injury. It from saing branches or tools. Ensure chain was any ther cutting adipment are regularly maintained, inspected before use, and operationly by the ad personnel. Estates in clusion ones marked with barriers or cones to prevent unauthorised access and reduce the risk of a ury. In fall to objects during tree support installation. Implement sale work positioning techniques using harnesses and climbing ropes to secure workers who working at vights in trees. Engagency experienced spotter on the ground to monitor the worksite, communicate with workers, and at them to any emerging hazards or changes in conditions. A cid working in adverse weather conditions such as high winds or storms which increase the likelihood of falling branches or trees. Develop emergency response procedures specific to the site, ensuring that all workers are familiar with the plan and know how to summon assistance if needed. Regularly review and update training programmes to incorporate new safety techniques and technological advancements in arboriculture. Maintain a log of all incidents and near-misses to track patterns and inform future safety improvements, ensuring all workers contribute to a continuous improvement culture. 	2M , 1L
2. Equipment Inspection	Faulty equipment, Lack of understanding about operation	2M, 3H	 Conduct pre-inspection checks on all equipment for visible damage before use. Ensure all personnel involved in the task are trained and competent in operating the equipment. Maintain a regular maintenance schedule for all tools and machinery to ensure they are in proper working condition. Clearly label any equipment that is faulty or out of service, and remove it from the work area until repaired or replaced. Provide safety information and operation manuals for each piece of equipment available on site for reference. Use equipment inspection checklists to ensure thorough examination of each tool or machine. 	1L , 2M



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			- Verify that any necessary certification or licensing for specialised equipment is current and valid.	
			- Implement a reporting system for any equipment faults encountered during operations.	
			- Educate workers on the potential risks of using aulty equipment and their role in identifying issues.	
			- Rotate the responsibility for equipment spections among trained personnel to ensure an unbiased assessment.	
			- Make use of lockout/tagout procedures for a dally dangerous equipment to prevent accidental operation.	
			- Conduct a thorough linst tion of the site to antify any obvious signs of unstable soil, such as cracks, bulges a water poling.	
			- Use ground enetrating plan or short analogy to detect hidden obstacles below the surface that could defere the equivalent or positives during tree support installation.	
			- Con the cent greechnical reports for the area to understand soil stability and any previous incidents related to all movement or instability.	
			- Implement a lusion, ones around identified areas of unstable soil, ensuring they are clearly marked with sign ge as physical barriers where necessary.	
			- Example qualified geotechnical engineer to assess areas where instability is suspected and provide accommodations for mitigating risks.	
3. Site Analysis	Unstable soil, Hidden obstacles	2i, "H	e manual probing or digging tools in areas known or suspected to contain hidden obstacles, taking can to avoid damage to existing underground utilities or structures.	1L, 2M
			Plan for adverse weather conditions by scheduling work during periods when the soil is less likely to be waterlogged or more susceptible to shifting.	
			- Provide workers with site-specific safety briefings that include information on hidden obstacles and how to safely navigate these areas.	
			- Ensure all machinery and equipment used on-site are suitable for the terrain and fitted with appropriate stabilisation controls to prevent tipping or sinking in unstable soil.	
			- Maintain clear communication channels among the team to report findings of unstable soil or hidden obstacles promptly, allowing for rapid adjustment of work plans.	
			- Develop and practice emergency response procedures tailored to potential incidents involving soil collapse or obstruction by hidden obstacles.	
4. Installation Planning	Incorrect placement, Structural failure	2M , 3H		1L , 2M
motaliation riamility	moshoc placement, ottuctular fallule	ZIVI, OII		, ZIVI



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5. Digging holes	Equipment collision, Accidental injury	2M,3H		2M,1L



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6. Placement of Supports	Incorrect placement, Reinforcement or sufficient	2M		2M,1L
7. Attachment Procedure	Failure to secure properly, Falls from height	3H,3H		2M,2M



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8. Adjustment Process	Over tightening, Not adjusting correctly	2M , 2M		1L , 1L



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9. Checking Work	Incorrect checking method Missed hazards	2 ,21		1L, 1L
10. Cleanup and Removal	Trip hazards, Leaving dangerous objects unattended	2M , 3H		1L , 2M



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11. Reporting and Monitoring	Failing to report, Inadequate monitoring	2M,2M		



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12. Regular Checks and Maintenance	Negligence, Missed signature and tear	wr, 3H		1L,2M
13. Replacement and Repairing	Inadequate knowledge, Slip, trips, and falls during repair	2M , 3H		1L , 2M



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14. Emergency Procedures	Lack of knowledge, Inadequate evacuation plan	3H,3H		2M,2M



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15. Training and Education	Inadequate training, Miscommunication of safety information	3H,2M		2M , 1L



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16. Job Completion	Missed checks, Lack of proper handover, Not removing all waste materials from worksite	3H, 4A		1L,2M, 2M
17. Document Management and Review	Losing vital documents, Inadequate recordkeeping	3H , 2M		2M , 1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
18. Regular Equipment Checks		2M,3H		1L,2M



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19. Incident Handling	Lack of knowledge, Inadequate emergency action plan	31 H		2M, 2M
20. Worker safety review	Neglected worker safety measures, not wearing PPE, inadequate safety knowledge	3H,3H, 3H		2M, 2M, 1L



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. N ANY STATEMENT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library.

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/prkplace/fety-la

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.a/

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources_gislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w/wplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A 2004

Oct ational Health an Safe* regulations 2017

- Legis ion VIC: https://www.orksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-
- tes of actice VI attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the total with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV 5.		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effer ve secutions.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the splenetation of control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REV	/IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED