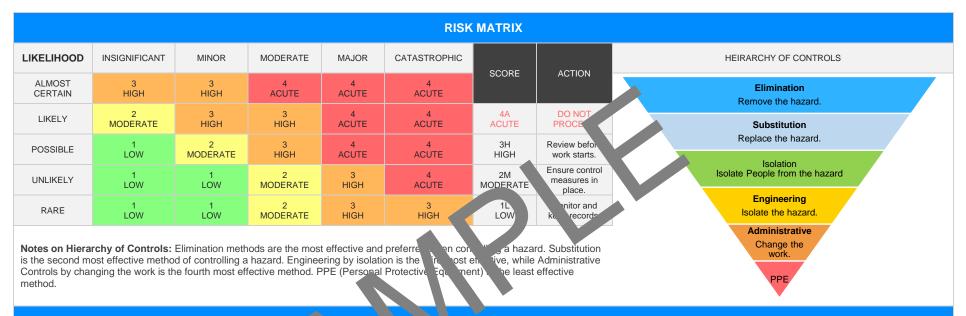


Hinge Borer   S	AFE WORK METHOD STAT	EMENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Hinge Bore	r	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P. OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (I 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the cond	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise known as cope of works).				
Project Address:									
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	nature:								
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		$H \cap H$	☐ is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.			
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	9	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	inporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on	, in or adjacent to a road, railw	ay, shipping lane or other to	raffic corridor.		
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in	an area of a workplace where	there is any movement of p	owered mobile plant.		
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes o	f temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drownin	ng.	☐ involves diving v	vork.				
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINEF	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY				
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loade	r Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -			





### PER NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, Incorrect tool usage	2M	<ul> <li>Ensure that the work area is clean and free of obstacles, debris, and any potential slip or trip hazards.</li> <li>Properly mark and cordon off the work zone to estrict unauthorised personnel and maintain established pathways.</li> <li>Inspect all tools and equipment prior to use ansuring ney are in good working condition and suitable for the task at hand.</li> <li>Provide appropriate training all workers involve in the bit or boring process, ensuring they understand the crect tool usage, pointial azards, and safety precautions.</li> <li>Enforce a strict policy on oper to wear without also be to minimise the risk of slips and fallow the workples.</li> <li>Recomposed to work appropriate posonal protective equipment (PPE) such as safety uses, give and ear protection when operating equipment and tools.</li> <li>Estate shouldeline or wearing high-visibility vests or clothing, particularly in areas where in any particular or vehicles are operating.</li> <li>Taplement a bit by system or supervision protocol to ensure team members can superfice and follow safe practices during the hinge boring process.</li> <li>Developed district and follow safe practices during the hinge boring process.</li> <li>Developed district and follow safe practices during the hinge boring process.</li> <li>Developed district and follow safe practices during the hinge boring process.</li> <li>Developed district and follow safe practices during the hinge boring process.</li> <li>Developed district and follow safe practices during the hinge boring process.</li> <li>Developed district and follow safe practices during the hinge boring process.</li> <li>Developed district and follow safe practices among plan to keep all takers informed about risks and control measures associated with the project.</li> <li>Regularly inspect work surfaces, aisles, and walkways for tripping hazards or slippery conditions, taking corrective action promptly.</li> <li>Maintain proper storage solutions for tools and equipment to prevent accidental misuse or injur</li></ul>	1L	
2. Setup work area	Working at height, Electrical hazards	3Н	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough risk assessment before starting any work to identify potential hazards and establish appropriate control measures.</li> <li>Ensure all workers have received proper training in working at height and are aware of the specific safety procedures, including the use of personal protective equipment (PPE).</li> <li>Set up the work area by clearly marking designated walkways and providing safety barriers or warning signs where necessary to prevent unauthorised access.</li> </ul>	2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			Check that all equipment used for working at height, such as ladders and scaffolding, is in good condition, properly maintained, and inspected regularly.		
			- Implement a fall protection system when working meights, including the use of harnesses, anchor points, and fall arrest system.		
			- Utilise lockout/tagout procedures for electronal equipment the work area to prevent accidental electrocution during setup and teamwin.		
			- Keep extension cords and power tools away free water source, and always use ground-fault circuit interrupted GFCI) protected on its to mirror se the risk of electrical hazards.		
			- Inspect all power cos, and electrical equipment prior to use to ensure they are in proper through conduction and the of damped and the Report any faulty equipment immediately repair or respectively.		
		- r	- Praggood usel ping in the wow area to prevent tripping hazards, such as keep bles a possion organised and out of walkways.		
			- Community le with their workers in the area to make them aware of potential hazards and chintain ten lines of communication regarding any changes in the work en community.		
			- Leading an emorgency response plan, including designated first-aid responders, avacuation procedures, and contact information for local emergency services, should incide to occur during the setup of the work area.		
			Proper manual handling techniques: Ensure all workers are trained in correct lifting methods, including bending at the knees and keeping the back straight, to reduce the risk of injuries while handling materials.		
			- Use of mechanical aids: Whenever possible, utilise mechanical aids such as trolleys, forklifts, or hoists to move heavier materials and minimise manual handling tasks.		
0. 4	Magnet have the principles Characters	OM	- Work in teams: Encourage team lifting for heavy or awkward-sized materials to distribute the load and reduce physical strain on individuals.	41	
3. Assess materials	s materials Manual handling injuries, Sharp edges 2M	2M	- Wear appropriate PPE: Require workers to wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) like gloves, safety boots, and protective eyewear to prevent contact with sharp edges or other hazards.	1L	
			- Regular hazard identification: Conduct frequent inspections of the worksite to identify any potential sharp edges, obstructions, or hazardous materials and take appropriate measures to mitigate risks.		
			- Proper storage of materials: Store materials in designated areas to ensure adequate space and organisation, reducing the likelihood of mishandling or contact with hazards.		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Educate workers about hazard recognition: Train employees to identify different types of hazards present in their work environment, allowing them to take necessary precautions during material assessment.		
			- Implement a clear communication system: For such a system for notifying all workers of potential dangers when assessing a handling materials, such as using signage, flags, or a buddy system.		
			- Apply edge guards and covers: Install protection vices on sharp edges and corners to prevent accidental outs or abrasions of ing material and ling.		
			- Encourage regular breaks: A v workers to take a value eaks throughout the day to rest and recover to phy all exertion associate with material assessment and handling.		
			- Maintain general housekeer of practice of the workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, debris or obstacles that and increase workspaces clean and free of clutter, and the contract of		
		- Rota we ters be een tasks: Assign workers to different tasks throughout the day to due epetit, motions and associated strain on muscles and joints.			
			Implement a corting system: Establish a way for workers to report any identified ards, ose control or actual incidents related to material handling for prompt investigating and corrective action.		
			Monitor and review control measures: Regularly evaluate the effectiveness of lemented control measures, making adjustments as needed to ensure continued wo aplace safety during the assessment of materials.		
4. Positioning hinge borer	Pinch points, Heavy lifting	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Bore holes	Eye injury from flying debris, Noise-induced hearing loss	ЗН		2M	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Inspect holes	Hand-arm vibration syndrome, Falling objects	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Insert hinges	Pinching fingers, Repetitive strain injuries	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Secure hinges	Incorrect use of fasteners, Over-tightening	M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Test door function	Improper alignment, purity door/frame			1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Adjust as needed	Prolonged body partion. To some gequipment	₹M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Clean up work area	Trip hazards, Injury com-demicals	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. Closeout documentation	Incorrect reporting, Lost documents	11.		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$ 

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-syllaws

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a>

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor	
				Date:				
				Date				
				L te:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
		SAF WO A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontracted, are review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors are subcontracted) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reduces essented that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P A	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is as a sign of the SWMS for the imperent person is a sign of the SWMS			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Variat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	