Fume Hood | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)

TASK OR ACTIVITY: Fume Hood

Business Name: [Company Name]	ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]		
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	Email:

THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCBU OF THE PROJECT

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

Full Name:		
Signature:	Title:	Date:

Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.

Full Name:	Title:	Phone:

ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NAME AND DATED SIGNATURE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS		
	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, secondly to communicate those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS	
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise known as a scope of works).
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Project Manager Signature:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	

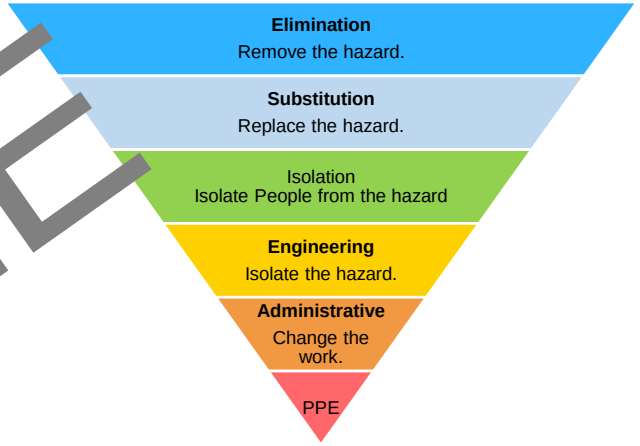
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters.	☐ is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower.	☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-be	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrit of a stru	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as stos.	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete.
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that re mporar upp to prevent collapse.	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space.	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5m or tunnel involving use of explosives.	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.

ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY							
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	☐ Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	☐ Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -	

RISK MATRIX

LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEE
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befo work starts.
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k records

HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS



Notes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferre en co lli d hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the ost e ve, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Eq ment) he least effective method.

PERS NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	E PROTE	SPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
											
☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Select the appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS; and,
3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Inhalation of harmful gases, Fire hazard	2M	- Conduct a thorough risk assessment of the workspace to identify potential hazards, including sources of toxic fumes or flammable materials. - Properly train all personnel on the usage and maintenance of fume hoods, ensuring they understand how they function and why they are important for safety. - Ensure that the fume hood is functioning correctly and efficiently by following the manufacturers' guidelines for installation, inspection, and testing. - Store hazardous chemicals and materials in clearly labelled, approved containers away from ignition sources, ensuring they are tightly sealed when not in use. - Utilise appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves, goggles, and well-fitting respirators, to minimise the risk of exposure to harmful gases and chemicals. - Establish clear emergency response procedures, including alarms, fire extinguishers and eyewash stations, to address potential incidents involving harmful fumes or fires quickly and safely. - Maintain proper ventilation and airflow in the work area to reduce the concentration of potentially harmful contaminants. - Implement appropriate waste management practices to dispose of hazardous materials safely, following relevant regulations specific to the substances involved. - Maintain good housekeeping practices within the work area and around the fume hood, ensuring that spills are cleaned up promptly and any potentially combustible materials are kept at a safe distance. - Regularly monitor and inspect the fume hood and its filters, replacing or repairing any damaged components promptly to maintain optimal performance. - Communicate with coworkers and supervisors regarding any concerns or observations about the safety of the fume hood or surrounding work area, encouraging open dialogue and teamwork in maintaining a safe environment. - Post clear signage and warnings indicating the presence of hazardous materials and detailing appropriate safety protocols, ensuring that people who may enter the area understand the risks and necessary precautions.	1L	
2. Inspection & Maintenance	Chemical spills, Electrocution	3H	- Conduct regular inspections of fume hoods, checking for any signs of wear, damage or malfunction. - Implement a maintenance schedule for fume hoods, ensuring all parts and components are functioning properly and cleaned regularly. - Provide proper training for workers on the safe handling and storage of chemicals, including spill response procedures and personal protective equipment (PPE) requirements.	1L	

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			- Ensure that electrical connections and wiring for fume hoods are routinely inspected and maintained by qualified personnel, while wearing appropriate PPE such as insulated gloves. - Establish procedures for any necessary repairs or replacements for faulty components, including quick response times to address potential risks associated with chemical exposure or electrocution hazards. - Require workers to promptly report any issues or concerns related to fume hood performance, so that maintenance personnel can quickly diagnose and resolve problems. - Keep spill containment kits readily available near fume hoods to effectively manage any chemical spills that may occur during inspection or maintenance. - Utilise clear signage indicating the location of emergency stop buttons and relevant safety equipment such as fire extinguishers and eyewash stations, in close proximity to fume hoods. - Encourage open communication between management, inspection teams, and maintenance personnel to discuss any observed issues and contribute towards continuously improving safety practices. - Promote a safety-first culture within the workplace, reinforcing the importance of adhering to the established inspection and maintenance procedures to minimise the risks associated with chemical spills and electrocution hazards.		
3. Equipment Setup	Improper hose connection, Improper ventilation	2M	- Ensure all workers receive thorough training on the correct procedures for setting up a fume hood, including proper hose connections. - Conduct pre-work inspections to check for any damaged equipment or hoses that need to be repaired or replaced. - Provide clearly written instructions and guidelines near the fume hood area to remind workers about proper setup processes. - Install quick-connect couplings and fittings to minimise the risk of improper hose connections during equipment setup. - Implement clear signage indicating the location of ventilation systems and their corresponding controls. - Utilise tools such as manometers or anemometers to verify that adequate airflow is being achieved within the fume hood. - Perform regular maintenance checks of all fume hood components, including exhaust fans, ductwork and filters, to ensure proper functioning. - Develop a standardised checklist for workers to follow when setting up the fume hood, ensuring all necessary steps are covered. - Establish and enforce strict protocols for reporting and addressing any identified hazards or issues related to equipment setup.	1L	

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			- Reinforce the importance of regular communication between team members throughout the work process, especially during the setup of critical equipment such as fume hoods. - Encourage workers to use the 'buddy system' when setting up complex equipment like fume hoods, having one person verify the work of another to reduce the risk of mistakes. - Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) such as safety goggles and gloves for workers during the setup process, offering additional protection against any potential hazards. - Regularly review and update Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) and protocols to ensure they remain relevant and effective in reducing risks associated with equipment setup and hazards in the workplace.		
4. Chemical Handling	Exposure to toxic chemicals, Chemical reactions	3H	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
5. Fume Hood Operation	Airborne contamin[redacted]ts, Malfun[redacted]ing exhaust fan	2M	[redacted]	1L	

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[redacted]		
6. Emergency Procedures	Lack of emergency [redacted] safety equipment	3H	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
7. Housekeeping	Slippery floors, Cl[redacted]ered work[redacted]	2M	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
8. Waste Disposal	Improper storage of waste, Incorrect waste classification	3H	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
9. Chemical Storage	Labeling errors, Spill containment failure	2M	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
10. Documentation & Recordkeeping	Incomplete records, Lack of proper documentation	2M	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
11. Employee Training	Untrained personnel, Inadequate PP usage	3H	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
12. Periodic Assessments	Non-compliance with regulations, Unaddressed issues	2M	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
13. Ventilation System Monitoring	Blocked air ducts, Insufficient airflow	2M	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
14. Fume Hood Shutdown	Residual chemical fumes, Hazardous byproducts	2M	[redacted]	1L	

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			[redacted]		
15. Decommissioning & Decontamination	Remaining hazardous materials, Incomplete cleaning	3H	[redacted]	1L	

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[redacted]		

EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES FOR ANY STATE THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory
Work Health and Safety Act 2011
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011
Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws
Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice
Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales
Work Health and Safety Act 2011
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017
Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation
Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-of-codes-of-practice

Northern Territory
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 2011
Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-safety-laws
Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/forms-and-resources/codes-of-practice

South Australia
Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)
Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation
Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania
Work Health and Safety Act 2012
Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012
Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012
Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria
Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004
Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017
Legislation VIC: https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations
Codes of Practice VIC: https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia
Work Health and Safety Act 2020
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022
Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation
Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links
Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation
Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work

SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are changed. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	☐ 1	☐ 2	☐ 3	☐ 4	☐ 5	☐ 6	☐ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.	☐	☐	
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	☐	☐	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.	☐	☐	
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	☐	☐	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	☐	☐	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	☐	☐	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	☐	☐	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWM	☐	☐	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.	☐	☐	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecti[illegible]tions.	☐	☐	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the im[illegible]of cont[illegible]measures.	☐	☐	
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wor[illegible]Electrical Work, W[illegible]t Heights etc.	☐	☐	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u[illegible].	☐	☐	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a[illegible]noted on the SWMS.	☐	☐	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training[illegible]skills required to perform the work.	☐	☐	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	☐	☐	
Lists any required permits or licenses.	☐	☐	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	☐	☐	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	☐	☐	

REVIEWED BY		**DATE REVIEWED**	
SIGNATURE		**DATE COMPLETED**	