

Door And Window Install	ation SAFE WORK METH	OD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OF	R ACTIVITY: Door And Window In	stallation	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E il:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ure at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS		
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS	
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise
Project Address:					known as cope of works).		
Project Manager:							
Contact Phone:							
Project Manager Sig	nature:						
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:						
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT		
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on	or near pressurised gas mains	s or piping.	
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.	
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on	or near energised electrical in	stallations or services.	
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in a	an area that may have a conta	minated or flammable atmo	osphere.
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		☐ involves tilt-up or	r precast concrete.		
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on,	, in or adjacent to a road, railwa	ay, shipping lane or other to	raffic corridor.
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in a	an area of a workplace where t	here is any movement of p	owered mobile plant.
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.	
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.		
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY		
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -	





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON															
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON															
			- Training and Induction: Ensure all personnel involved in the door and window installation process are properly trained and have a prough understanding of safe manual handling techniques and general workplan practices.																	
			 Use correct lifting techniques: Workers should be instructed on how to safely lift, carry, and position heavy doors and window using est a shed manual handling procedures. This may include bending knees wile may or seeking assistance when needed. Protective clothing and foot par: Workers should par and priate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as steel-toe boots, and high-visibility vests to minimise potential, and durn manual handling was. 																	
			- Conduct risk assessment A hazz Identific on and Risk Assessment (HIRA) should be called out for each installation of identify specific risks and develop suitable control passure for effectively analysing those risks.																	
			- Keep by areas par: Maintain clean and organised installation zones by keeping pathways a par of doors, cords, tools, and materials to prevent unintended tripping hazard. Utilise trachangal aids: Whenever possible, use equipment such as trolleys, carts, or ling of vices trachangal strain and minimise the risk of injury due to manual aid dling tasks.																	
1. Preparation	Manual handling injuries, Slips, trips a b falls																	nplement a buddy system: Encourage workers to assist one another when pourming tasks that involve heavy lifting or awkward positions, such as maneuvering large doors and windows.	1L	
				- Inspect equipment regularly: Routinely check all tools and equipment for defects or damage and address any issues immediately to ensure continued safe operation.																
			- Plan and organise work tasks efficiently: Schedule deliveries of doors and windows at optimal times to minimise obstruction and ensure adequate space is available for installation procedures.																	
			- Step prevention strategies: Remove obstacles, provide boundary marking tape, and install warning signage to alert personnel of ongoing installation processes and help mitigate slips, trips, and falls in the workspace.																	
			- Encourage regular breaks: Allow installation crews to take short breaks and stretch periodically to prevent muscle fatigue and strain, which can contribute to manual handling injuries.																	
			- Proper storage of materials: Store doors, windows, and other installation materials in designated areas, ensuring they are properly supported and secured to prevent movement or dislodgment while not in use.																	
			- Ladder safety: Ensure workers using ladders follow established safety guidelines, such as maintaining a 3-point contact, positioning ladders securely, and choosing the right type of ladder for each individual task.																	



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			 Conduct regular safety meetings: Continuously assess work processes and discuss methods on improving workplace safety while actively engaging all personnel in establishing and reinforcing safe work procedures. 		
2. Delivery & Unloading	Falling objects, Traffic hazards	2M	 Properly secure materials during delivery assuring they are tightly strapped and covered to prevent any falling objects. Assign a designated unloading zone, which is any marked and away from high traffic areas, pedestrians, and other workers. Implement a traffic management plan with well-decred cases and clear signage for vehicles and workers are ved in the delivery and unloading process. Ensure that a personnel rolved the deliver and unloading process have undergone an opriate train grand has the easily licenses or qualifications. Maltonse of his visit by clothing and aftery gear such as hard hats and steel-toed into during a delivery and unloading process. Inspectate suipment used in the process (e.g., cranes, forklifts) to ensure they are in good torker order for to commencing work and conduct regular maintenance shecks. Use a seam approach with clear communication between drivers, spotters, and inload and coordinate safe movement and positioning of materials. In the area sam approach with clear communication between drivers, spotters, and inload and coordinate safe movement and positioning of materials. In the area sam approach with clear communication between drivers, spotters, and inload an ecological safe movement and positioning of materials. In the provide equipment, such as cranes or forklifts. Establish an exclusion zone around the unloading area where unauthorised personnel are prohibited while operations are ongoing. Never stand beneath or near suspended loads, maintaining a clear line of sight and ample distance from potential falling objects. Prohibit the use of mobile phones or other distractions that could compromise concentration and situational awareness during the delivery and unloading process. Regularly review and assess risks associated with the work step and hazards and adjust controls accordingly to meet evolving needs and conditions. Provide emergency r	1L	
3. Window/Door Framing	Tool-related injuries, Incorrect measurements	2M	- Provide all workers with proper training on the use of tools and equipment required for window/door framing, including correct handling, maintenance, and storage. - Ensure that only qualified and licensed personnel are allowed to operate power tools and machinery involved in the framing process.	1L	
			- Regularly inspect and maintain all tools and equipment used in window/door framing tasks, ensuring they are in good working condition and free from any defects that could cause injuries or accidents.		



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			- Establish clear communication channels among team members to communicate measurements accurately, minimising the risk of errors resulting from misheard or misunderstood instructions.		
			- Implement double-checking protocols for mean rements and calculations to further minimise the likelihood of mistakes and product costly rework.		
			- Create a designated work zone surrounding e win undoor framing area, marked with visible signage, to remind workers to be convergence when approaching it and help prevent unauthorised access		
			- Require workers to wear appeariate personal productive adipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety glasses and steel ed boots, when personal framing framing tasks to minimise the risk anjury on she tools or drombed objects.		
			- Facilitate the use of ergor unic hand ols sugged to reduce strain and lessen the chance of repeative motification of the chance of repeative motifications over the chance of the chan		
			- Approximate and ling techniques when lifting and positioning heavy window and do not nest, used mechanical aids where necessary to alleviate potential risks of must be supported in juries.		
			Develo an expressions plan that includes first aid provisions and percedure to be glowed in case of an injury sustained during window/door framing task.		
			Schedul egular breaks for workers engaged in window/door framing activities to expree they remain alert and focused on the task at hand, reducing the likelihood of fatigue-related errors or incidents.		
4. Insulation	Exposure to hazardous materials, Inadequate ventilation	ЗН		2M	



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5. Installation	Incorrect handling techniques, Falls from height	3H		2M	



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6. Glass Handling	Glass cuts, Lifting injuries	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Waterproofing	Slippery surfaces, Chemical exposure			1L	



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8. Plasterboard Installation	Material falling on waters, each inhalation	σif		1L	



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9. Painting & Finishing	Fumes, skin contact with soint, Eye injuries			1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Clean-up	Sharp objects injuries More and ginjuries	PM.		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Waste Disposal	Improper waste de losal, Nearbyshazards	2M		1L	



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12. Final Inspection	Falls from height, proper equipment usage	2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor
				Date:			
				Date			
				L te:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WO A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontracted, are very well-benefit who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who redesented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.			The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting secutions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of contameasures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vocat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	