

Delivery And Installation Of Large	e Sculptures   SAFE WORK	( METHOD STATEMENT (S)	WMS)
TASK OR ACTIVI	TY: Delivery And Installation Of	Large Sculptures	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E qil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROV D BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or und ring (Pc V) is	required to element that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant e of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND ( THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to contribute those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or conclude acchimacy.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead dately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the nost of	e. tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work.		

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo suitak	ok for the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	THE ARING STION	P _cCTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ients		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Conduct a pre-work safety briefing to informal team members about the specific hazards associated with handling large sculptures.  - Implement clear signage and barriers around the work area to highlight dangers of tripping and alert	
			others to keep the area clear  - Ensure that the sculpture is apported at all times tring eparation by using sturdy braces or supports designed for heavy of the ts.	
			- Maintain a tide corkspace by organising tools and materials in designated storage areas when not in use, to minit use the risk or ipping.	
			- Province all we cars with personal province equipment (PPE) such as steel-toe boots, gloves, and helm approve const potential impacts.	
1. Preparation	Unsupported Sculpture, Tripping Over Tools	3H	- Use 1 'gh colour tape or markers to clearly indicate any step offs, uneven surfaces, or other tripping hazard. In the preparation area.	2M
			Peliver egular aining sessions on the safe handling and movement of large sculptures, including lifting teamign and be use of mechanical aids.	
		'	Conde utine checks on all equipment and supports used for stabilising the sculpture, ensuring they in good condition and properly installed.	
			- Exablish clear communication protocols among team members, using radios or hand signals, especially when moving or adjusting heavy items.	
			- Develop an emergency response plan specifically tailored for incidents involving large sculptures, including injuries or equipment failure.	
			- Limit access to the preparation area strictly to personnel who are directly involved in the installation process, to avoid unnecessary traffic and reduce tripping hazards.	
			- Conduct a comprehensive risk assessment before any inspection activity to identify potential hazards associated with the sculptures.	
			- Ensure that all inspectors are trained on manual handling techniques specifically tailored for dealing with heavy objects.	
2. Pre-Delivery	Injury from Inspecting Heavy Sculpture,	2M	- Use mechanical aids such as forklifts, hoists, or cranes whenever possible to minimise direct contact with the sculptures during inspection.	1L
Inspection All	Allergic Reactions to Materials		- Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety boots, and helmets to all personnel involved in the inspection process.	
			- Implement a buddy system where no one inspects heavy sculptures alone, ensuring assistance is available if an emergency arises.	
			- Develop clear guidelines on how to interact with materials that could cause allergic reactions, including the use of appropriate PPE like gloves or respiratory masks.	



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			- Maintain a clean and organised inspection area to reduce the risk of accidents and exposure to harmful substances.	
			- Offer regular health screenings and allergy tests employees who frequently handle diverse materials.	
			- Keep Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS accessible at the inspection site to provide information on handling emergencies related to allergic actions or expected to hazardous materials.	
			- Establish emergency procedures and conducte car drills to prepare staff for potential incidents during sculpture inspection.	
			- Limit the time spent directly and ling or being in the second with the sculptures to reduce exposure to potential allergens.	
			- Provide adequate ventils in in the inspection and a to dissipate any airborne particles from the materials used in the inpures.	
			- Cor the a pre-ting to ensure all involved personnel understand the specific tasks, associated risks, its control asures.	
			- Imple and addy tem where team members work in pairs to monitor and assist each other during the loading process.	
			- me nanica ids such as forklifts, cranes, or hoists to manage the weight of the sculpture, mining incompanual handling.	
			nstall and-slip matting at the loading area to reduce the risk of slips and falls, especially in wet or so very conditions.	
			Ensure that all workers wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including steel-capped boots, gloves, and high visibility clothing.	
			- Train all workers in proper lifting techniques to prevent manual handling injuries.	
3. Loading Sculpture onto transport vehicle	Crush Injuries, Slips and falls while loading, Manual handling injuries	4A	- Secure the load using straps, chains, or other appropriate securing devices to prevent movement during transportation.	2M
			- Position spotters on both sides of the sculpture during the loading process to guide and alert drivers or operators of any hazards.	
			- Conduct regular maintenance checks on all equipment used during loading to ensure they are safe and functional.	
			- Set up barriers or exclusion zones around the loading area to keep unauthorized persons away from the site.	
			- Provide sufficient lighting around the loading area to ensure clear visibility during early morning or late evening operations.	
			- Develop an emergency response plan specifically for incidents that could occur during the loading process, such as equipment failure or sudden adverse weather conditions.	
			- Keep all pathways and areas around the vehicle clear of obstacles and debris to provide secure footing and easy access.	



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			- Regularly review and update the SWMS to reflect any changes in work practices, feedback from staff, or after an incident to continuously improve safety.	
4. Transport of Sculpture	Road Accidents, Unsecured load moving during transit	ЗН		2M
5. Site Assessment	Uneven or unsafe terrain, Public traffic	2M		1L



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C. Uniondina Coulpture	Injury from uncontrolled movement of	4A		3H
6. Unloading Sculpture	Injury from uncontrolled movement of sculpture, Falls from Height	4A		3H



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7. Positioning Sculpture	Risk of sculpture falling onto workers, Trip hazards due to repositioning equipment	4A		2M



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8. Securement of Sculpture	Incorrectly secured sculpture falling, Injury from use of incorrect tools	ЗН		2M
9. Post-Installation Check	Falling from heights, Sculpture instability	ЗН		2M



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10. Cleanup	Hazardous substances, sharp objects, Trip hazards	2M		1L



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				_
11. Transportation Back o Depot	Fatigue related acc., Road Accidents	3H		2M
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12. Post-Delivery Checks	Manual handling injuries, Cuts and abrasions from checks	2M		1L
13. Training for Future Deliveries	Inadequate knowledge leading to potential future risks	2M		1L

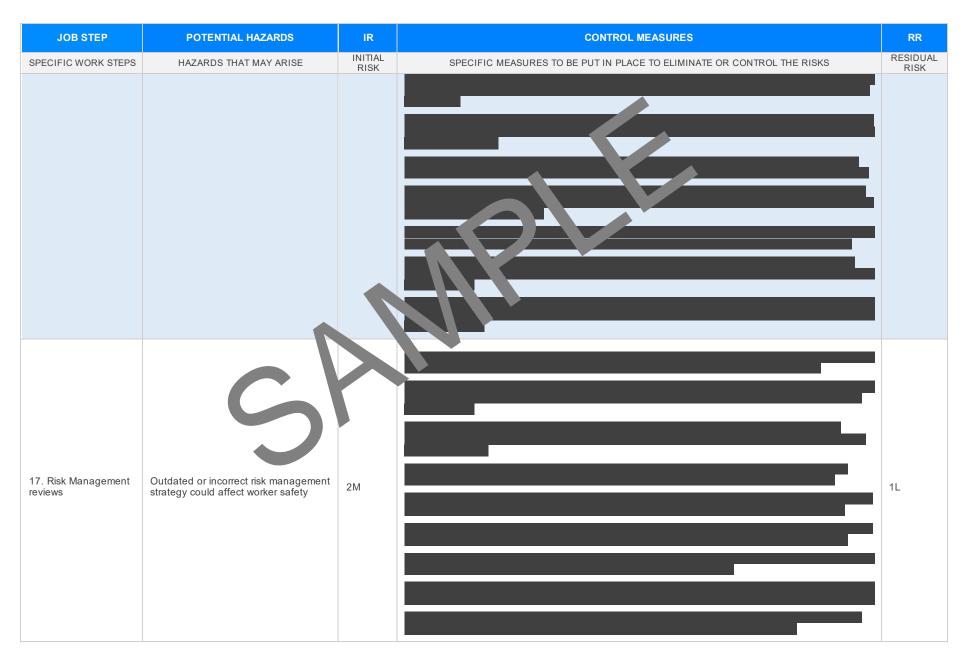


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14. Reporting &	Inadequate reporting leading to unidentified hazards in h	1L		■ ■ 1L
Documenting	unidentified hazards in	'L		•



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15. Emergency response planning	Inadequate planning could lead to injuries during emergencies	ЗН		2M
16. Regular Inspections	Unidentified risks due to outdated reports or missed inspections	2M		1L







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18. Continuous Leaming and Improvements	Lack of continuous learning can lead to repeated risks / hazards	2M		1L
19. Safety Audits	Incorrect reporting, overlooking potential hazards	2M		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
20. Crew Certifications	Untrained crew handling operations could lead to accidents	ЗН		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. N ANY STATEMENT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

#### Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library.

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/prkplate fety-lay

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.av and-reso pes des ractice

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources gislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w/wplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health Safety A 2004

Oct ational Health an Safe\* regulations 2017

- Legis ion VIC: https://www.fksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-
- les of actice VI attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</a> Model Codes of Practice: <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice</a>

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature		Date

### SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the theoretical with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
TIEMS WHICH MOST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWIMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	$\boxtimes$	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	$\boxtimes$	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV 5.		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the splenetation of control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be	$\boxtimes$	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE RE\	/IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED