Cutting Or Grinding Con	crete SAFE WORK METH	OD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OF	R ACTIVITY: Cutting Or Grinding	Concrete	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person condu the proposed work starts.	icting a business or under thing (Pu-U) is	required to entry that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitorin	compliance of the SWI, was well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	NEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND C	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be schedued in according e with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and the to contain the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contail each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must support an adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	d is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
□ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity structure	\Box is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as the set of the	□ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to prary support to prevent collapse	\Box is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	\Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
□ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper the first or tunnel involving use of explosives	\Box is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\Box is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



	RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	800DF	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and key recorde		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	RARE 1 1 2 3 3 1L Inition and ke precorder Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the humost effective, while Administrative controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PE (Personal Proterive equipment) is the least effective Isolate the hazard.									

		Select the an	propriate PPL	PERS	VAL TEC	TIVE EQUIPM oment used or	ENT (PPE) the iob task	being perfor	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION			RL SPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:					_					
	P	ermit or Lice	nses Requiren	nents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					

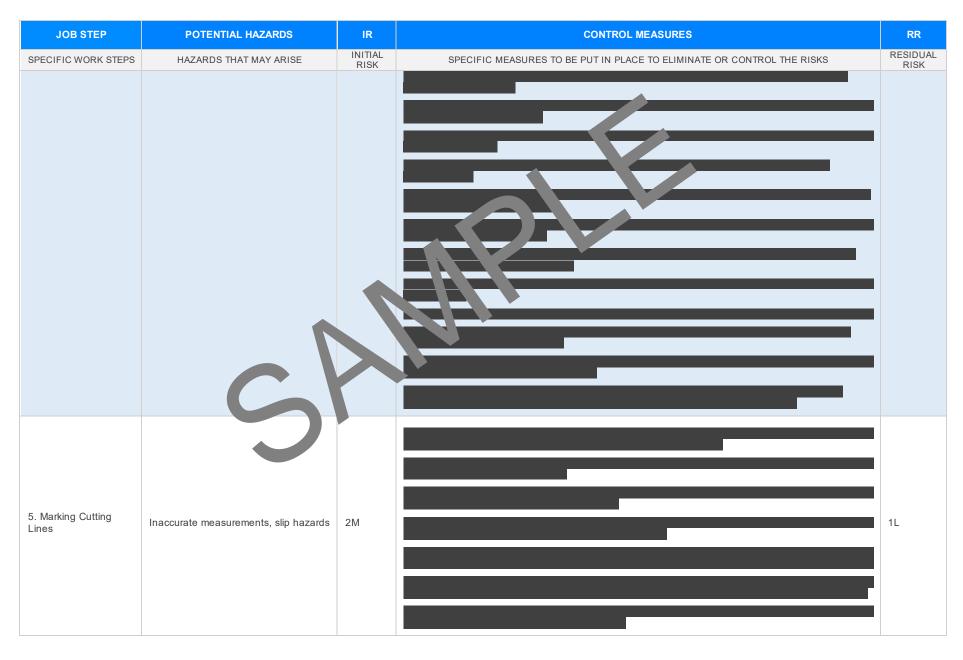


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	2M	 Conduct a thorough inspection of the work we a to identify and remove trip hazards such as loose cords, debris, and uneven surfaces. Provide comprehensive training for all operation on the correct setup and safe use of cutting or grinding equipment. Use barricades or safety tap to clearly delineate the work area, minimising the risk of unauthorised or unintended access. Implement a support of the training for all operations were area, minimising the risk of unauthorised or unintended access. Ensteall work reside that includes verifying the stability and proper installation of the equipment theore use. Ensteall work reside that includes that includes the equipment (PPE), including steel-toed boots, safety and the residence of the provide that masks. Regularity equipment to prevent malfunctions that could pose safety risks; check for signs of wear and replace fauctoparts immediately. Plan wisk during less busy hours if possible, to minimise exposure to uninvolved workers and reduce constitue in the work area. Estably explored access among team members, including hand signals and verbal 	1L
2. Site Inspection	Unidentified underground utilities, uneven surfaces	ЗН	 Provide adequate lighting in the work area to ensure that employees can see potential hazards and verbal accurately without mistakes. Keep a first aid kit readily accessible and ensure that all employees know how to respond to emergencies related to cutting or grinding concrete. Conduct a thorough visual inspection to identify uneven surfaces and potential tripping hazards. Use ground-penetrating radar (GPR) technology to locate underground utilities before beginning any cutting or grinding work. Consult with local utility companies to get accurate maps and drawings of underground installations. Implement clear signage to mark areas where uneven surfaces or other potential hazards exist. Ensure the worksite is well-lit to improve visibility during both day and night operations. Develop and implement a site-specific induction programme that includes information on recognising and avoiding hazards related to underground utilities and uneven surfaces. Provide all personnel with proper personal protective equipment (PPE), including sturdy boots with slip-resistant soles to navigate uneven surfaces safely. Regularly update risk assessments throughout the project duration to reflect any changes in the work environment or newly identified hazards. 	1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS - Utilise barriers and physical covers to manage access to areas with significant surface irregularities until	RESIDUAL RISK
			these can be addressed safely.	
			- Engage a professional surveyor or engineer as a finded to evaluate the integrity of the area slated for concrete cutting or grinding.	
			- Train all workers involved in ground disturance activities on how to respond in case they inadvertently expose hidden underground installations.	
			- Establish emergency response procedures a censure all workers are familiar with them, should an interaction with undergroun outilities occur.	
			- Conduct thorous pranting to mimise interaction between pedestrians, workers, and vehicle traffic.	
			- Clearly developed the work as a using using using the barriers or cones to alert both workers and the public of the hazardou, none.	
			- Import strik of us control to ensure only authorised personnel are allowed in the work area.	
			- Place valing signing and instructions at all approach points to clearly communicate potential hazards and nelessing precations.	
			Regulary more prethe conditions of all temporary markings and barriers to maintain high visibility be regulary the contration.	
	Traffic interference, persona marking	3	Liaise plocal authorities to manage possible disruptions and ensure compliance with road safety pulations.	
3. Set-up Area			- Leploy a traffic management plan that includes designated routes for vehicular movement, minimising interference with the workplace.	2M
			- Train all workers on emergency response strategies and evacuation routes specific to the worksite's location.	
			- Use spotter/supervisor to direct traffic flow rigorously around the set-up area during working hours.	
			- Secure overhead protections where necessary to shield workers and passersby from any potential debris from grinding or cutting concrete.	
			- Conduct pre-start safety briefings each day to ensure all staff members understand their roles and the safety procedures established.	
			- Provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as high-visibility clothing to all personnel within the vicinity of the work area.	
			- Ensure maintenance checks are performed regularly on all equipment used for marking the area and managing traffic to prevent malfunctions that could lead to accidents.	
	Faulty equipment, inadequate safety			
4. Equipment Check	guards	3H		2M

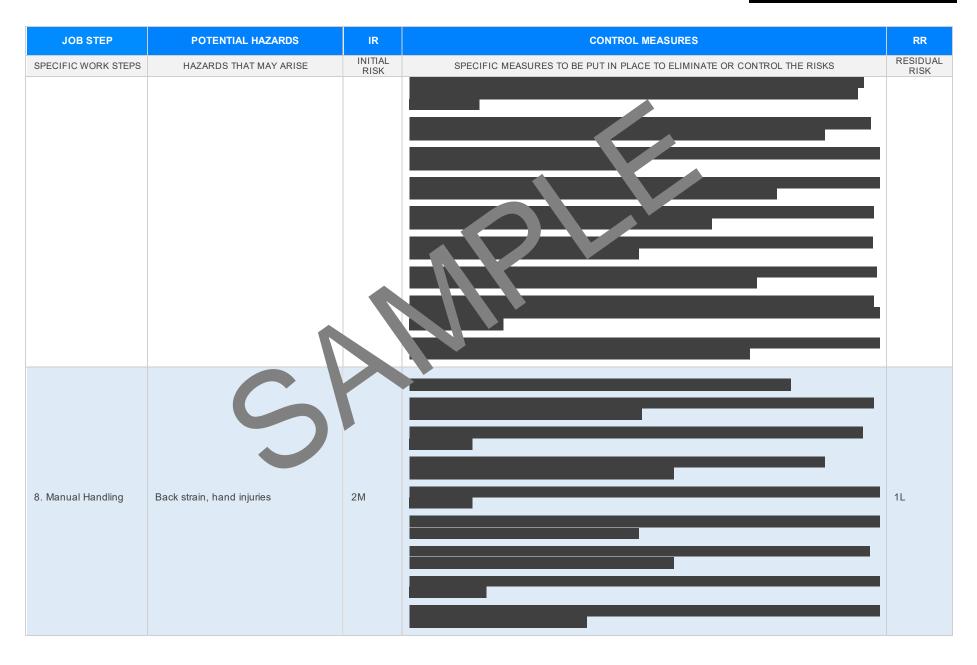






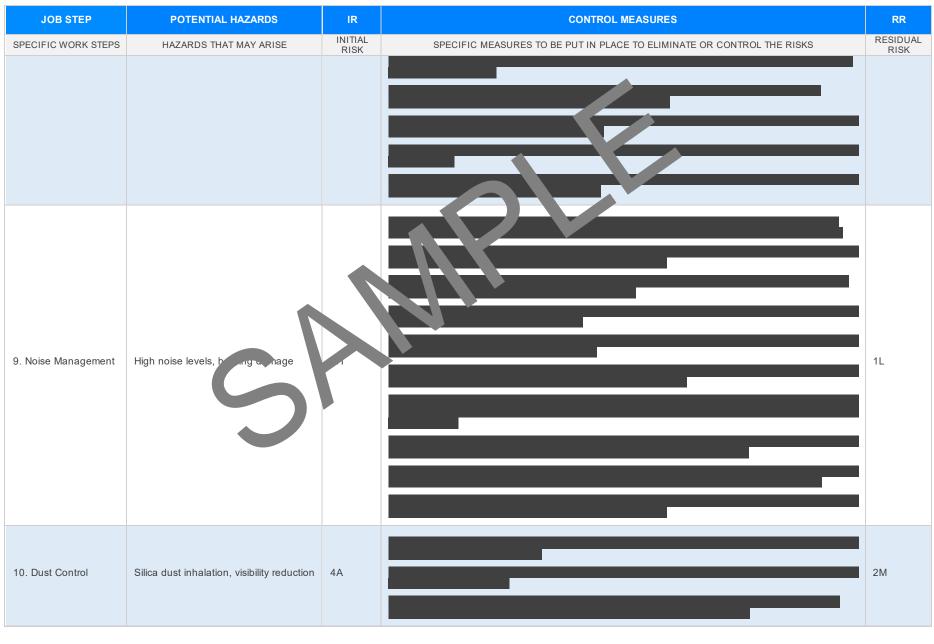
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
6. Initial Cut	Flying debris, overexertion injuries	24		2M
7. Deepening Cut	Vibration exposure, excessive dust	ЗН		2M





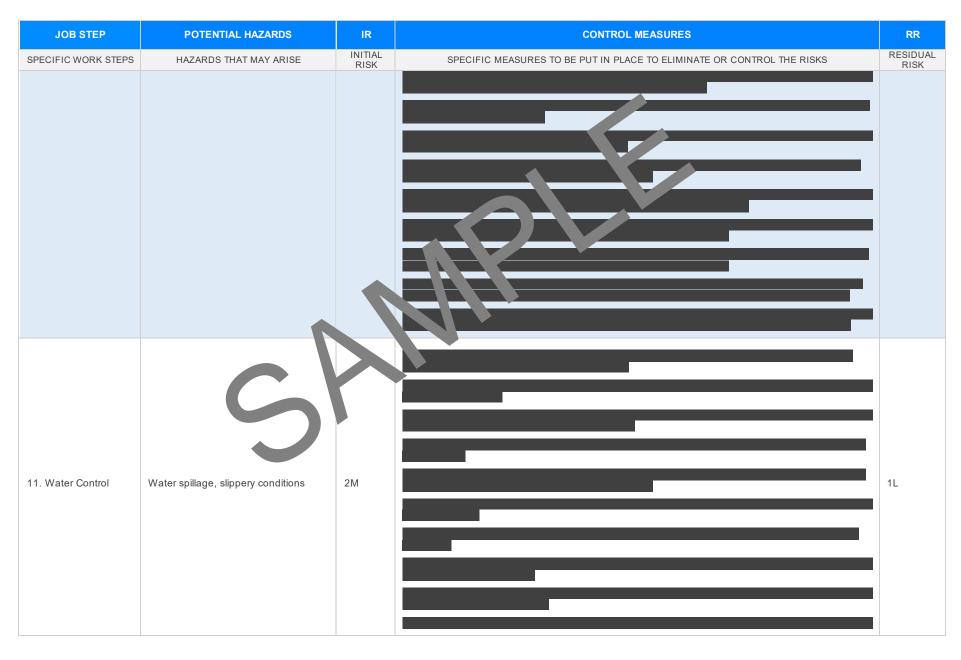
Version 2.5





Version 2.5







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
12. Waste Disposal	Sharp debris, hazardara ale handlin			2M
13. Tool Switching	Electric shock, incorrect tool usage	ЗН		1L

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
14. Final Inspection	Missed defects, incomplete work	2М		1L







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
16. Reporting	Inaccurate reporting, non-compliance to standards	2М		1L
17. Clearance and Clean-up	Obstructive debris, environmental hazards	2М		1L



	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			•
			I
			1
			•
7			
Regulatory breaches, penalties	ZM		1L
			1
Miscommunication, unresolved issues	2M		1L
	Regulatory breaches, penalties	Regulatory breactors, penalties 2M	Regulatory breactury penalties 2 ^M







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	S			

EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REF	ERENCES			
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE IN ANY START ARE NOT APPLICABLE				
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Och pational Health and Safety Andrea004 Och ational Health and Safety Acqualitions 2017 Legis Lion VIC: <u>https://www.acrksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> Ides on Factice VIC <u>attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>			
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>			
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 200 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance.orkplates.fety-lates.compliance.orkplates.fety-lates.compliance.orkplates.fety-lates.compliance.orkplates.fety-lates.compliance.orkplates.fety-lates.compliance.orkplates.fety-lates.compliance.orkplates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fety-lates.fe	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-</u> <u>codes-of-practice</u>			
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S. Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.gislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/ve_cplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes - First aid in the workplace			
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination 			
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 			

SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK THE S ATEM AT MONITORING AND REVIEW The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect. and mu be reviewed (and The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The s should be carried out in effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The view consultation with workers (including contractors person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should ntractors nay be cted by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who rep sented that work group at the employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: workplace. 1. Spot Checks. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure the all versons involved with the work are 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. advised that a revision has been made and how they can acce the revised SWMS, including all persons 3. Internal audits on a continual basis who will need to change a work procedure or system as a reof the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties ntly with the revised SWMS. All workers that An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS	
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	\boxtimes		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the Sλ. S.	\boxtimes		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	\boxtimes		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.	\boxtimes		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spiral of the spiral entry of control measures.	\boxtimes		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be	\boxtimes		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.	\boxtimes		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, ang or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\square		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED		
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		