Copper Pipe Installatio	on SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Copper Pipe Insta	allation	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD		THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person condu the proposed work starts.	icting a business or under thing (Pu-U) is	required to entry that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitorin	compliance of the SWI, was well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS	NATE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL OF	NEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be schedued in according e with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and the to control to those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control leach hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must store a diately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	d is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
□ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity structure	\Box is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as the set of the	□ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to prary support to prevent collapse	\Box is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	\Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
□ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper the first or tunnel involving use of explosives	\Box is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\Box is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



	RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	800DF	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and key recorde		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	RARE 1 LOW 1 LOW 2 MODERATE 3 HIGH 1 HIGH LOW Isolate the hazard otes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrence on controls and the number of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the number of entrols with the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the number of entrols were nuipment is the least effective Substitution Administrative work. ontrols by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Prote ive mulpment) is the least effective Dept									

		Select the an	propriate PPL	PERS	VAL TEC	TIVE EQUIPM oment used or	ENT (PPE) the iob task	being perfor	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION			RL SPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:					_					
	P	ermit or Lice	nses Requiren	nents			Mandatory Qualifications and Training				



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slips, trips, falls, manual handling injuries	ЗН	 Use appropriate PPE (Personal Protective equipment), including gloves, safety boots, and high-visibility clothing. Conduct a site risk assessment to identify a thermate potential tripping hazards. Ensure walkways are cleared debris and obstances. Keep tools and materials organised and stored standard not in use. Implement promounting exhibiting and use machanical aids where possible. Train work to on correct burnual her dling toocedures. Provide adequate liciting in the workarea to enhance visibility. Instant to porary entries or warning signs around hazardous areas. Ensulu ally affaces are free from oil, water, or other slippery substances. Inspecting the staffolding before use to ensure they are safe and stable. Develop is site-specific safety plan outlining potential risks and control measures. Encourse regular breaks to prevent fatigue during manual handling tasks. Ne anti-slip mats or coverings in areas prone to becoming wet or slippery. Provide first aid facilities and ensure there are trained first aid personnel on -site. 	2М
2. Transporting Materials	Vehicle accidents, manual handling injuries	ЗН	 Conduct a pre-start vehicle inspection to ensure the vehicle is in good working condition. Use proper lifting techniques and team lifting for heavy loads to prevent manual handling injuries. Secure all materials firmly within the vehicle to prevent shifting during transport. Ensure that the vehicle load does not exceed the manufacturer's recommended weight limits. Plan the transportation route to avoid high traffic areas and roadworks where possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves and steel-capped boots, during loading and unloading. Train workers on safe lifting techniques and proper use of trolleys or other lifting aids. Ensure adequate rest breaks for drivers to prevent fatigue-related accidents. Use red flags or indicator tapes to mark lengths of copper pipes extending beyond the vehicle's body. Establish a communication plan for the transport team to stay in contact, especially in remote areas. Check weather conditions before transport and avoid driving in hazardous conditions if possible. Display visible signage indicating 'long load' or other relevant warnings when transporting cumbersome materials. 	2М

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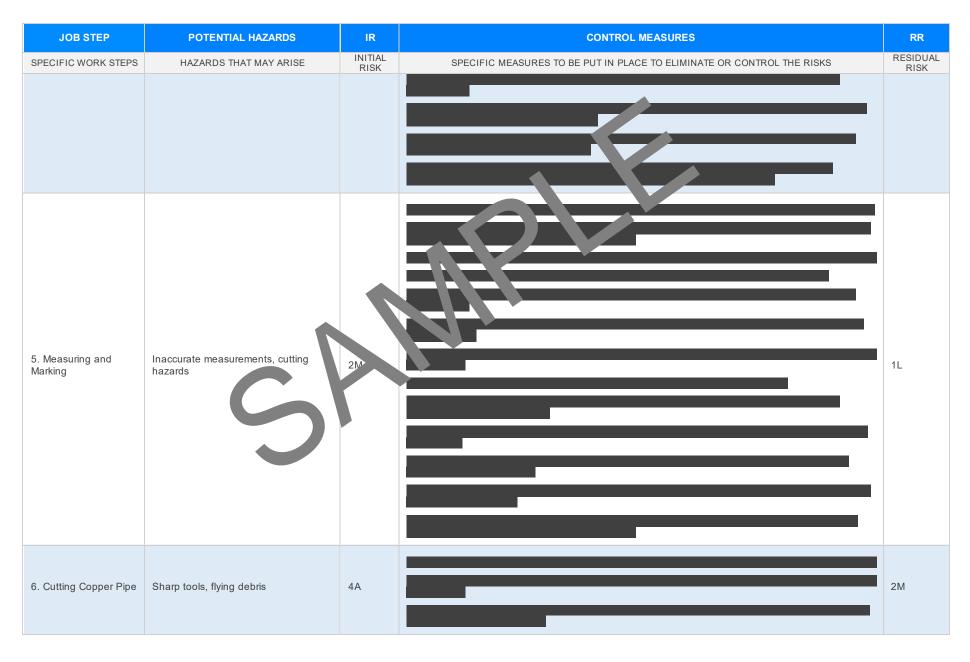
bluesafe.

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Ensure that only trained and licensed personnel operate vehicles used for material transport.	
3. Site Inspection	Uneven terrain, unknown hazards	4A	 Conduct a thorough risk assessment prior to situative. Ensure all team members have appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as steel-toed boots and high-visibility vests. Use caution tape or safety barriers to highliciture ven terrain areas. Employ spotters to assist individuating challed and or hazer due areas. Ensure proper lighting is available if the inspection or use in low-light conditions. Train workers transport and provide and provide and provide any finance of the inspection of the start of the inspectation of the start of the start of the inspectation of the start of the inspectation of the start of the start of the start of the start of the inspectation of the start of the inspectation of the start of the	ЗН
4. Setting Up Work Area	Electrocution, environmental factors	ЗН		2М

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:





Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
7. Deburring Pipe Ends	Cuts, repetitive strain injuries	ЗН		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
8. Cleaning Pipe	Harmful chemicals, inhalation of fumes	4A		2M
9. Applying Flux	Chemical burns, harmful fumes	ЗН		2М



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Fitting Elbows and Tees	Manual handling injuries, awkward postures	ЗН		2M
11. Soldering Joints	Burns, fire hazards	4A		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				1
12. Pressure Testing	Burst pipes, high-ressure releases	4A		2M
13. Inspecting Joints	Leaks, structural weaknesses	ЗH		2M

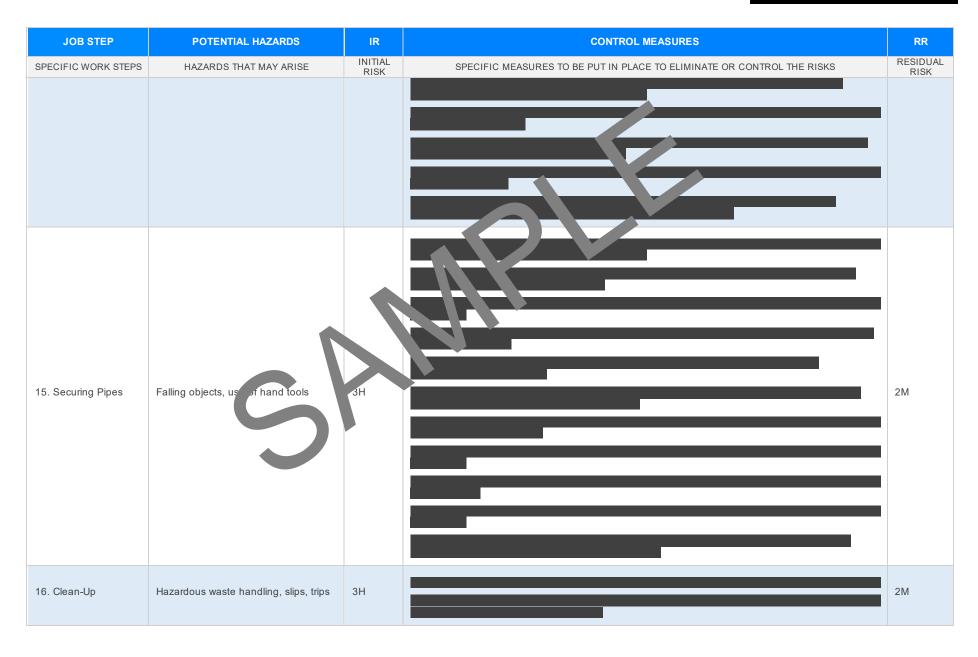




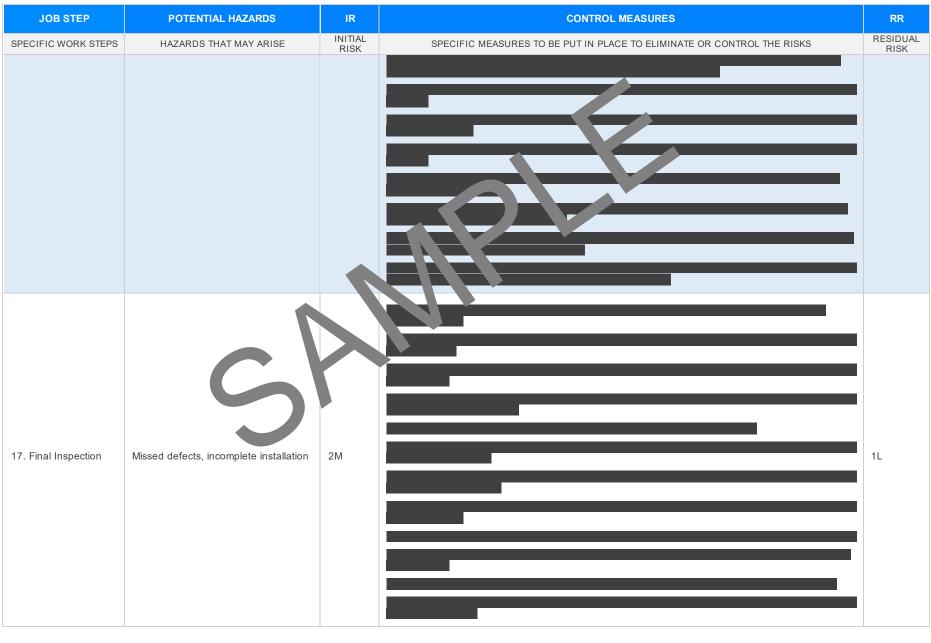
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Date of Issue:











JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
18. Documentation	Repetitive strain injuries, data entry errors	2М		1L
19. Training Workers	Lack of knowledge, ineffective training	ЗН		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
20. Review and Feedback	Miscommunication, overlooking critical feedback	2М		1 1 1 1

EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES				
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. IN ANY STATISTICAL ARE NOT APPLICABLE				
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Octopational Health and Safety Acce004 Octopational Health and Safety Acce004 Legis ation VIC: <u>https://www.acrksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> des on factice VIC <u>attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>			
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>			
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 20 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.orkplates.or</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice			
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.orgislation Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.orgislation Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources.orgislation Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012	 Model Codes of Practice Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces 			
Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	 - Maraging the lisk of fails at workplaces - Hazardous manual tasks - Managing the risk of falls in housing construction - Managing electrical risks in the workplace - Demolition work - Excavation work - Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination 			
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 			

SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK THE S ATEM AT MONITORING AND REVIEW The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect. and mu be reviewed (and The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The s should be carried out in effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The view consultation with workers (including contractors person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should ntractors nay be cted by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who rep sented that work group at the employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: workplace. 1. Spot Checks. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure the all versons involved with the work are 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. advised that a revision has been made and how they can acce the revised SWMS, including all persons 3. Internal audits on a continual basis who will need to change a work procedure or system as a reof the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties ntly with the revised SWMS. All workers that An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the Sλ. S.	\boxtimes	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	\boxtimes	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.	\boxtimes	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spiral of the spiral entry of control measures.	\boxtimes	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be	\boxtimes	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, ang or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\square	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	EWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMP	LETED