

Cooling Towers	SAFE WORK METHOD STA	ATEMENT (SWMS)	
TA	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Cooling Towe	ers	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E 11:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditionally as a condition of the conditions are or conditionally as a condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the condition of the condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the cond	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS					
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise						
Project Address:					known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager Sig	nature:										
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:										
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT						
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.							
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.					
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.						
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY						
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift				
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer				
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -					





### PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls hazards, Hazardous materials handling	2M	- Conduct a comprehensive risk assessment before starting work to identify potential hazards and determine the necessary control measures.  - Ensure that all workers have completed release training in handling hazardous materials and working in high-risk environgers, specifically cooling towers.  - Establish a safe work zone around the cool atowers placing barricades and warning signs to prevent unauthorised personic train entering the area.  - Regularly inspect the work to a for any potentiat los, trips trails hazards, such as wet surfaces, loose floor groups, and uneven such as and address them immediately.  - Implement a condatory posonals atective enterment (PPE) policy for workers, including slips sistant shot safety and representation of the appropriate gear based on the socific tasts involved.  - Keen a work as a well-lit and clean, removing any debris, tools, or obstacles that could has a trippin pazard.  - Provid adde ate ventation in the working area to minimise the risk of exposure to hazardo siche pals and improve air quality for the workers.  - Song ha ardous materials in secure, clearly labelled containers and use proper disposate thods to avoid accidental spills or releases of chemicals.  - splement a spill response plan, including having spill kits and containment materials readily available to quickly clean up any accidental release of hazardous material.  - Schedule regular breaks for workers to prevent fatigue, which can contribute to accidents and improper handling of hazardous materials.  - Develop a detailed work plan outlining the specific tasks required for this work step and establish designated roles and responsibilities for workers to ensure they understand their duties and the safety precautions associated with each task.  - Promote open communication among the workers and encourage them to report any safety concerns or incidents so that corrective action can be taken promptly.  - Continuously monitor and review the implemented control measures, making adjustments as needed to mitig	1L	
2. Isolation	Electrical hazards, Incorrect valve closure	ЗН	<ul> <li>Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) Procedures: Implement a comprehensive lockout/tagout system to isolate, shut down, and de-energise electrical circuits before working on the cooling towers, thus eliminating the risks associated with electrical hazards.</li> <li>Regular Maintenance and Inspection: Conduct maintenance and inspection schedules for electrical components used in the cooling towers, such as circuit breakers, switchgears, and transformers, to identify and resolve any risks of electrical hazards before they occur.</li> </ul>	1L	



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			<ul> <li>Proper Training: Ensure that workers have received adequate training in electrical safety, including recognizing potential electrical hazards and implementing safe work practices while working on or near cooling towers.</li> </ul>		
			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Provide proportiate PPE to workers to protect them from the effects of electrical bounds, such as insulating gloves, safety goggles, and arc flash suits.		
			- Use of Warning Signs: Place visible warning personnel that electrical isolation is in progress a to remain of the of the area to avoid accidental exposures to azards.		
			- Safe Work Method ments WMS): Develop a collow a detailed SWMS that outlines the proof are an control peasures to be followed when isolating the cooling tower and working arby.		
			- Valve Identification: Clearly label each are in the cooling tower system with its proper action and present on (e.g., open or closed) to prevent confusion or incorrect operator.		
			- Doub Chark Valve status: Designate one worker to act as a "checker" to review another lork action a isolating a valve to ensure that it has been done correctly act contain the live's secure closure.		
	7		- Sn. To n Adjacent Systems: When isolating the cooling tower, ensure that djacen, tems are also shut down to minimise the possibility of unintentional eractions between the two systems.		
			- Hunding Points: Establish clear holding points within the isolation procedure where authorised supervisors can review and sign off on each isolation before work progresses to the next step—helping prevent errors and improper valve closures.		
	5		- Emergency Response Planning: Develop an emergency response plan for responding to potential electrical incidents or accidents during cooling tower operations, including establishing a designated medical facility where injured personnel can be treated promptly.		
			- Provide appropriate training to workers about the risks associated with confined spaces and working at heights in cooling towers, as well as the specific precautions to take.		
			- Ensure that cooling tower spaces are kept clean, tidy, and organised to minimise the risk of falls or other incidents during inspection tasks.		
3. Inspection	Inspection Confined space, Falls from height	2M	- Implement a permit-to-work system for entering and inspecting confined spaces within the cooling towers, ensuring that all necessary safety precautions have been taken before access is granted.	1L	
			- Equip workers with suitable personal protective equipment (PPE), such as harnesses, fall arrest systems, and hard hats, to reduce the risk of injury from falling objects or falls from height.		



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			<ul> <li>Regularly inspect and maintain all PPE and fall prevention equipment to ensure its continued effectiveness in protecting workers during inspections.</li> </ul>		
			- Utilise mobile work platforms, scaffolding, or ladd where necessary to allow workers to perform inspections safely without by a gfalls from height.		
			- Establish proper safety barriers and warring signs around the inspection areas, especially near openings and drop-offs, to an awork of potential hazards and help prevent falls.		
			- Implement a buddy system, there workers conditional inspection in pairs or teams, allowing for peer support and in mitoring.		
			- Develop and following the plann case a worker gus trapped, injured or incapacitated in the confine space of alls from light during the inspection process.		
			- Correspicate party of effectively was all team members using radios, hand signal other hands to ensure safety during inspection tasks.		
			- Cond the ular sale v meetings and toolbox talks to reinforce safety protocols and keep which former fany updates or changes to inspection procedures, especial related to commed spaces and working at heights.		
			A sign a composent person to oversee the inspection process, ensuring all safety measure followed and addressing any concerns raised by workers during the spection.  In all appropriate lighting within the confined spaces and at-height work locations.		
	G		to improve visibility and reduce the risk of slips, trips or falls during inspections.  - Encourage workers to report any hazardous conditions, near misses, or incidents during the inspection process so that proper corrective measures can be taken to prevent future occurrences.		
	Chemical exposure, Manual				
4. Cleaning	handling/poor ergonomics	2M		1L	



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5. Maintenance	Rotating & moving machinery, Miscommunication errors	ЗН		2M	



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6. Component Replacement	Incorrect isolation, equipment failure	ЗН		1L	



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7. Water Treatment	Chemical spills, Leaks and water damage	2M		1L	



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8. Drift Eliminator Installation	Falls from height, Cut The hazard	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	
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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	7				
9. Fan Balancing	Noise hazards, Vibraions	2M		1L	
or an Datationing					



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10. System Startup	Unexpected energy release, Incompose startup operation	ЗН		1L	



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11. Testing & Verification	Electrical hazards, Inadequate testing equipment	2M		1L	



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12. Documentation	Errors in data entry, Miscommunication between team members	1L		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a>

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor
				Date:			
				Date			
				L te:			
			AV	Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to reak sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements and subcontractors are subcontractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who resented that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.			
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	