

Concrete Pump and Spraying | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)

TASK OR ACTIVITY: Concrete Pump and Spraying

Business Name: [Company Name]

ABN: [ABN]

SWMS#

Business Address: [Company Address]

Contact Person:

Phone: [Phone]

Email:

THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCBU OF THE PROJECT

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

Full Name:

Signature:

Title:

Date:

Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS, as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.

Full Name:

Title:

Phone:

ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED

NAME AND DATED SIGNATURE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS

Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, then to communicate those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard.

NAME

SIGNATURE

DATE

If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.

Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.

The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.

CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS

| | |
|--|--|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise known as scope of works). |
| Project Name: | |
| Project Address: | |
| Project Manager: | |
| Contact Phone: | |
| Project Manager Signature: | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | |

ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT

| | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters. | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on a telecommunication tower. | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing. | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity of a structure. | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asbestos. | <input type="checkbox"/> involves tilt-up or precast concrete. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves structural alteration or repair that requires temporary support to prevent collapse. | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near a confined space. | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5m or tunnel involving use of explosives. | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | <input type="checkbox"/> involves diving work. |

ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Forklift | <input type="checkbox"/> Crane/s | <input type="checkbox"/> Hoist/s | <input type="checkbox"/> Excavator | <input type="checkbox"/> Backhoe/Loader | <input type="checkbox"/> Boom Lift | <input type="checkbox"/> EWP | <input type="checkbox"/> Genie Lift |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Trencher | <input type="checkbox"/> Drilling Rig | <input type="checkbox"/> Trucks | <input type="checkbox"/> Formwork | <input type="checkbox"/> Bobcat | <input type="checkbox"/> Flammable Gas | <input type="checkbox"/> Fuel | <input type="checkbox"/> Dozer |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Voltage | <input type="checkbox"/> Mulcher | <input type="checkbox"/> Tilt-up Panels | <input type="checkbox"/> Roller | <input type="checkbox"/> Scissor Lift | <input type="checkbox"/> Tractor | <input type="checkbox"/> Other - | |

RISK MATRIX

| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE | ACTION | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | | | Elimination Remove the hazard. |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCEED | Substitution Replace the hazard. |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review before work starts. | Isolation Isolate People from the hazard |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | Engineering Isolate the hazard. |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | Monitor and keep records | Administrative Change the work. PPE |

Notes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferred when controlling a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the third most effective, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) is the least effective method.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | HEARING PROTECTION | EYE PROTECTION | RESPIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Select the appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS; and,
3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--|---------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| 1. Site Preparation | Uneven terrain, Trip hazards | 2M | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Conduct a thorough site inspection before commencing work to identify and address any uneven terrain or trip hazards. - Clearly mark and signpost identified hazards to ensure all workers are aware of their locations and can take necessary precautions. - Make sure all workers are provided with adequate personal protective equipment (PPE), including sturdy footwear with slip-resistant soles, to minimise the risk of slips and trips. - Utilise appropriate machinery, such as excavators and rollers, to level and compact the ground, ensuring a stable and even surface for pumping and spraying concrete. - Ensure proper housekeeping practices are followed throughout the project, maintaining clear and unobstructed access to the worksite, free of debris and minimising trip hazards. - Install temporary barriers and set up exclusion zones around hazardous areas to keep unauthorised personnel out of harm's way from potential accidents. - Implement a regular site clean-up schedule where trip hazards are routinely removed and the general area maintained to prevent new risks from emerging. - Develop and enforce strict operating procedures that require all workers to complete necessary training in hazard recognition, reporting, and mitigation. - Consider using matting or temporary flooring systems in particularly hazardous areas to increase stability for workers and reduce the likelihood of slipping and tripping incidents. - Establish an effective communication system between workers to facilitate swift reporting and rectification of newly discovered hazards. - Regularly review and update risk assessments and Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) to ensure all potential hazards have been identified, and that adequate control measures are implemented accordingly. - Promote a safety-first culture within the workforce, encouraging individuals to take responsibility for their own wellbeing and report suspected hazards or near-miss situations promptly. <p>By enforcing these control measures, we can ensure a safer working environment during the site preparation stage of concrete pump and spraying projects, minimising the risk of accidents and injuries to our workers.</p> | 1L | |
| 2. Equipment Inspection | Faulty equipment, Untrained operators | 3H | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Conduct regular equipment inspections by qualified personnel to identify and address any faults or malfunctions before starting work. - Develop a comprehensive preventive maintenance schedule for the concrete pump and spraying equipment to ensure its safe and efficient operation. | 2M | |

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| | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Train all operators in the correct use, inspection, and maintenance of equipment according to manufacturer guidelines and Australian workplace health and safety standards. - Provide operators with access to user manuals and any relevant documentation to ensure understanding of proper equipment usage and protocols. - Establish a clear procedure for reporting equipment malfunctions or suspected faults, with immediate resolution (e.g., repair, replacement, or isolation) being prioritised. - Ensure all equipment complies with relevant Australian Standards (AS) for design, safety, and performance to minimise risk to operators and other onsite workers. - Store and transport equipment in appropriate conditions as per manufacturer guidelines to prevent damage, which may lead to malfunction or safety hazards. - Implement a system for verifying operator qualifications and competence, such as a skills assessment/certification process. - Assign roles and responsibilities for equipment inspection, maintenance, and supervision within the project team, ensuring clear lines of communication and accountability. - Display warning signs, labels, or decals on equipment where necessary (as per AS 1319) to promote safe and informed operation. - Utilise personal protective equipment (PPE) for all operators, such as safety glasses, earmuffs, gloves, and high-visibility clothing, to reduce the risk of injury while operating the concrete pump and sprayer. - Implement an Emergency Response Plan (ERP) specific to equipment-related incidents or accidents, ensuring that staff are trained to respond accordingly. - Continuously review and update control measures based on feedback, incident reports, and changes in equipment design or legislation to maintain high levels of workplace health and safety compliance. | | |
| 3. Set up Pump and Spray | Manual handling injuries, Noise exposure | 2M | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Proper manual handling training: Ensure all workers involved in this task have received appropriate training, including correct lifting techniques and understanding their physical limits. - Team lifts for heavy loads: Encourage workers to perform team lifts when handling heavy equipment or materials, reducing the strain placed on individual workers. - Use of mechanical aids: Implement the use of mechanical lifting aids, such as cranes or forklifts, where possible to minimise manual handling risks. - Regular breaks: Encourage workers to take regular short breaks to avoid strain and fatigue from continuous manual handling activities. - Hearing protection provisions: Provide suitable hearing protection equipment, such as earmuffs or earplugs, to workers exposed to high noise levels during pump and spray setup. | 1L | |

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| | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Noise barriers: Erect temporary noise barriers or screens around the work area to reduce noise exposure to workers, as well as nearby personnel and public. - Pre-start safety checks: Conduct thorough inspections of all equipment, including pumps, hoses, and nozzles, prior to use to identify any potential issues that may contribute to increased hazard levels. - Proper equipment maintenance: Maintain all equipment regularly, following manufacturer's guidelines, to ensure safe operation and reduced risk of accidents or malfunctions. - Clear communication among workers: Encourage open communication between workers during pump and spray setup to ensure all parties are aware of potential hazards and understand their roles in controlling them. - Implement Job Safety Analysis (JSA) process: Before commencing work, conduct a JSA to identify specific hazard risk factors, and necessary control measures to mitigate risks effectively. - Adequate lighting: Ensure proper lighting is available at the worksite to prevent injuries caused by poor visibility. - Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS): Develop and implement detailed SWMS for all tasks associated with setting up concrete pumps and sprayers, ensuring all workers involved understand their responsibilities in maintaining a safe work environment. | | |
| 4. Connect Hoses | Incorrect connections, Over-pressurisation | 2M | <div>[REDACTED]</div> <div>[REDACTED]</div> <div>[REDACTED]</div> <div>[REDACTED]</div> <div>[REDACTED]</div> <div>[REDACTED]</div> | 1L | |

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| 5. Mix Concrete | Exposure to cement dust, Contact with wet concrete | 3H | | 2M | |
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| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|---|--------------|---|---------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| | | | <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> | | |
| 6. Fill Hopper | Manual handling injuries, Falling objects | 2M | <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> | 1L | |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|---|--------------|--|---------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
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| 7. Start Pump | Trapped fingers, Sudden release of pressure | 2M | | 1L | |

e
 active control due to 3H

com. Slip and 2M

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--|---------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
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| 10. Vibrating Concrete | Machinery malfunction, Noise exposure | 3H | | 2M | |

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------|--|---------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
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| | | | | | |
| 11. Screeding and Finishing | Manual handling injury, uneven surfaces | 3M | | 1L | |
| 12. Clean Up | Rinsing debris into drains, Disposal of hazardous waste | 3H | | 2M | |

SAMPLE

Faulty workmanship

1L

SAMPLE

| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------|--|---------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
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SAMPLE

EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES IF ANY STATE THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws>

Codes of Practice QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Legislation ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Victoria

Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004

Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice>

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation>

Codes of Practice NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-codes-of-practice>

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation>

Codes of Practice WA: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice>

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 2011

Legislation NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-safety-laws>

Codes of Practice NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation>

Model Codes of Practice: <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice>

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation>

Codes of Practice for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs>

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Position | Signature | Date | Time | Supervisor |
|-------------|----------|-----------|-------|------|------------|
| | | | Date: | | |
| | | | Date: | | |
| | | | Date: | | |
| | | | Date: | | |
| | | | Date: | | |
| | | | Date: | | |
| | | | Date: | | |

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are needed. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 7 |
|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | TO BE DONE | COMMENTS |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective solutions. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of control measures. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be used. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training, skills required to perform the work. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Lists any required permits or licenses. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | |
| REVIEWED BY | | DATE REVIEWED | |
| SIGNATURE | | DATE COMPLETED | |