

Concrete Boom Pum	p   SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)						
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Concrete Boom	Pump						
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY 1	THE PLOOF THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N=3U) is	required to ure at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS, well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.								
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either take or conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS					
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise						
Project Address:				known as Cope of works).							
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager Sig	nature:										
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:										
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT						
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on	or near pressurised gas mains	s or piping.					
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	$H \cap H$	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on	or near energised electrical in	stallations or services.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in a	an area that may have a conta	minated or flammable atmo	osphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		☐ involves tilt-up or	r precast concrete.						
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.						
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY						
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift				
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer				
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -					





### PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, Incorrect PPE	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough risk assessment before commencing any work to identify and address trip hazards and other potential risks related the concrete boom pump.</li> <li>Mark and cover all cables, hoses, and obstructoris in the area where the concrete boom pump is operating to minimise the right tripping.</li> <li>Use appropriate signage and barriers to include a real with potential trip hazards, ensuring that clear pathways are maintained to yout the worksite.</li> <li>Implement a housekeeping outline during work to trist, ensuring that the workplace is kept clean and free from delay and spills that council the workplace is kept clean and free from delay and spills that council trip hazards.</li> <li>Instruct all works to the corresponsibility of the task, including the tyboots with any hip soles of an visibility clothing, safety glasses, gloves, and he did hats.</li> <li>Protroprope paining and safety inductions for workers about the use of the concress your proper visibility of the task, including how to recognise potential risks and take precaution or against to hazards and accidents.</li> <li>Estable has merges response plan with clear procedures and designated personn troles or dealing with any injuries, incidents, or accidents resulting from the bazards or in crect use of PPE.</li> <li>Regulationspect and maintain the concrete boom pump and related equipment to source it was afeworking condition, scheduling repairs as necessary.</li> <li>In element a pre-start safety checklist for the concrete boom pump to verify that all safety procedures and equipment are in place before starting work on each shift.</li> <li>Assign a competent person or supervisor to oversee the safe operation of the concrete boom pump and monitor compliance with established safety protocols throughout the workday.</li> <li>Frequently communicate with workers about any changes in work conditions, new hazards, or updated safety measures to keep them informed and aware of potential trip hazards and necessary PPE requirements.</li> &lt;</ul>	1L	
2. Site assessment	Uneven ground, Overhead powerlines	3Н	- Conduct a thorough site inspection before commencing work to identify any potential hazards, including uneven ground and the presence of overhead powerlines, and develop strategies to mitigate those risks.  - Utilise a site-specific risk assessment and map out the working area, clearly marking any uneven ground or areas that are deemed unsafe for equipment setup and operation.	1L	



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			<ul> <li>Implement measures such as compacting soil, using temporary platforms or providing adjustable outriggers on the concrete boom pump to ensure stability on uneven surfaces and reduce the risk of mishaps durin operation.</li> <li>Clearly mark and maintain safe distances from werhead powerlines according to local regulations and guidelines, ensuring the all workers are aware of the boundaries and do not engage in any activity that may always these "no-go zones".</li> <li>Develop and enforce appropriate exclusion zone paround the placete boom pump where workers must not enter eithout permission enterance traking into consideration the potential reaction of the boom pump where workers must not enter eithout permission enterance traking into consideration the potential reaction of the boom pump where workers must not entered the boom pump where operation so as to avoid contact with overhance reliable.</li> <li>Provide consenensive training an enformation sessions for all workers involved in operating or to king near a concrete on pump, focusing specifically on hazard records on and entrolled assures associated with both uneven ground surfaces and overhance overhance.</li> <li>Regularly, view an update site-specific safety procedures and monitor their implementation, making adjustments as necessary in response to changes in the working having so to wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) while on site of an as high-visibility vests and hard hats, to minimise the risk of accidents volving wavy machinery and obscured visibility.</li> <li>Immunicate effectively with utility companies to obtain accurate information about the location and voltage of overhead powerlines, enabling accurate planning and implementation of risk control measures.</li> <li>Encourage an open culture of communication and reporting on site where workers feel comfortable raising concerns or identifying potential hazards related to uneven ground or overhead powerlines, allowing for ongoing risk management and continuous improvemen</li></ul>		
3. Set up boom pump	Pinch points, Falling equipment	3H	<ul> <li>Inspect equipment: Prior to setting up the boom pump, conduct a thorough visual inspection to ensure all components are in proper working condition, including couplings, valves, and hoses.</li> <li>Trained operators: Only authorised, trained, and competent individuals should handle the equipment during the setup process to reduce potential health and safety risks.</li> <li>Establish exclusion zones: Set up barricades and demarcated areas around the work site to prevent unauthorised access and keep workers at a safe distance from pinch points and falling equipment hazards.</li> <li>Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure that all personnel handling the boom pump are equipped with appropriate PPE, including gloves, hard hats, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots.</li> </ul>	2M	



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			- Implement communication protocol: Maintain clear and effective communication between the operator and ground crew during the entire setup process to stay informed of any potential hazards or changing conditions.		
			- Double-check connections: Before using the train pump, confirm that all connections and couplings are secure, previously unexpected releases or detachment of equipment parts.		
			- Position outriggers correctly: To increase starting the sure to deploy boom pump outriggers on solid, level surfaces and follow the anufacturer's uidelines in terms of weight distribution and set.		
			- Secure loose items to k for all secure any loose automent, tools, or materials near the boom property to an all their ecoming falling objects.		
			- Follow a lift plan: Adher to a structure framg plan when raising the boom section to mind ise the confidence of accidence and maintain control throughout.		
			- More solvind specified windy conditions may pose a threat to safe boom operation; therefore, and tinuous monitor wind speed and cease activity if it surpasses the manufacture reconnected limit.		
			Conductools stalks: erform regular toolbox talks with the work crew to reinforce a rene of the azards and control measures associated with operating a cone sel om pump.		
			implement an emergency response plan: Have a well-rehearsed emergency response plan in place to quickly address any accidents or incidents that may occur during the boom pump setup process.		
			- Regularly maintain equipment: Adhere to manufacturer-provided maintenance schedules and conduct necessary preventative checks to optimise safety and the lifespan of the boom pump.		
4. Operate boom pump	Struck by concrete, Sudden hose release	4A		2M	



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5. Monitor concrete placement	Manual handling risks, Slips and trips	2M		1L	



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6. Communication with team	Miscommunication, Noise hazards	2M		1L	



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7. Routine maintenance checks  Entanglement, Unscheduted operation 3H  2M	7. Routine maintenance			SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS		



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8. Boom	Contact with overhood structures,				
extension/retraction	Entrapment	3H		2M	



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9. Cleaning pump pipelines	Risk of explosion of upture, Chemical exposure	4A		2M	



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10. Hose management	Tripping hazards, h	ВН		1L	



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11. Demobilization	Traffic hazards, Collisions with objects	2M		1L	



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12. Site clean-up and restoration	Waste disposal, Environmemen impact	2M		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$ 

Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</a>

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor
				Date:			
				Date			
				L te:			
			AV	Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to pake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a subcontract as a review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract as) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who resented that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.			
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	