

Circular Saw S	AFE WORK METHOD STAT	TEMENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Circular Sav	v	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	nature:								
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.			
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on,	, in or adjacent to a road, railwa	ay, shipping lane or other to	raffic corridor.		
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in a	an area of a workplace where t	here is any movement of p	owered mobile plant.		
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.				
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY				
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -			





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, Back injuries from incorrect lifting	2M	 Conduct a thorough risk assessment of the work area to identify any potential hazards such as uneven ground, slip or trip hazards and obstacles. Maintain a clean and organised workspace, or aring that all cables and equipment are properly stored and no debris is scatter curound the work area. Apply non-slip floor treatments or mats to present slip on wet surfaces or provide additional grip in areas prone to spillages. Provide workers with appropage are personal protence equipment (PPE), such as slip-resistant footwear, to reduce accidents caused as slip age. Clearly mark any canger in election, like steps or stopes, in the work area using highly visible and larger in election, like steps or stopes, in the work area using highly visible and larger in election. It is steps or stopes, in the work area using highly visible and larger in election of the work in the work area using highly visible and larger in election. It is steps or stopes, in the work area using highly visible and larger in election. It is steps or stopes, in the work area using highly visible and larger in elections. Ensure that your lighting spresent counted visibility, allowing workers to deter and avoir lighting properties. Ensure that your lighting the appropriate to prevent dealth including identifying and addressing your hazar is that could lead to slips, trips, or falls. Education of sabour after lifting practices and encourage them to use inchannel and substantial larger in the larger propriate and lifting procedures, minimising the sk of calling the workers or objects. Provide workers are for safe movement and lifting procedures, minimising the sk of calling the workers or objects. Provide workers are for safe movement and lifting procedures, minimising the sk of calling the workers or objects. Provide workers to report any unsafe conditions immediately, enabling prompt response and rectification to minimise risk. Review and update	1L	
2. Setup	Electric shock, Cuts and lacerations	ЗН	 Regular equipment inspection: Ensure all circular saws are inspected for any visible damages or faults before use, such as frayed cords, loose parts, or dull blades. Use of GFCI: Ensure that all electrical outlets and extension cords used with the circular saw are equipped with a Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) to prevent electric shock due to a short circuit or ground fault. Training and supervision: Confirm that only trained and authorised personnel are allowed to operate the circular saw, and ensure proper supervision is present during each work step. 	2M	



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			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Operators must wear appropriate PPE, including safety glasses, gloves, ear protection, and high-visibility clothing to minimise the risks of cuts, lacerations, and other injuries during the setup process.		
			- Blade guard utilisation: Make sure to use the true guard provided by the manufacturer to cover the sharp edges of the plade when not in use, effectively reducing the risk of accidental cuts and lace lions.		
			- Safe work area: Establish and maintain a clear organised work area, free from unnecessary clutter, debris, and tripping hazards insuring optical conditions for using a circular saw.		
			- Secure workpiece: The tise securing the material burg cut in place using clamps or other appropriations a limit of the possibility of unexpected movement while operating the row.		
			- Tool tandling incourage operators to ays carry the circular saw with the blade facinity ay from beindy and unplugged when transported between locations.		
			- Correction de selection: Confirm that the appropriate blade type is installed for the specific natural being out, ensuring that it's sharp, clean, undamaged, and properly aligned.		
	1		include ecking for blade sharpness and tension, proper alignment, and overall unction minimising any potential hazards.		
			- wer isolation: Ensure the circular saw is disconnected from the power source belove changing blades or performing any maintenance tasks to reduce the risk of electric shock.		
			- Emergency procedures: Establish and ensure that all operators are familiar with the proper emergency procedures in case of an incident, including first aid provisions and immediate reporting of any injuries or unsafe conditions.		
			- Regularly inspect the circular saw blade for any visible damages or abnormalities, such as bent teeth or excessive wear, prior to installation.		
			- Ensure that the power source is disconnected while changing and fitting a new blade, to prevent accidental startup and injury.		
3. Inspecting and Fitting Blade	Injury due to unsuitable blade, Blade breakage	3H	- Ensure that the blade being used is appropriate for the material being cut and suitable for the specific saw model, according to the manufacturer's guidelines.	1L	
			- Verify that the blade is sharp and free of any deformation or dullness, which can cause additional strain on both the operator and the saw motor, ultimately leading to potential blade breakage.		
			- Verify that proper guards and safety features are in place and functioning correctly before installing the blade.		



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			- Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and ear protection, when handling and fitting blades to minimise the risk of injury in case an accident does occur.		
			- Ensure the blade is properly fitted and secure sustened according to the manufacturer's instructions, preventing any sential wobbling or loosening during operation.		
			- Double-check the blade's direction and orient ensuring it aligns with the intended cutting motion to prevent binding, kickly k, or breaks		
			- Conduct a brief, low-speed to run of the circular was the new blade, observing its performand and so ility to ensure safe veration before proceeding with the task at hour.		
			- Encourage anddy system for black aspect on and fitting, where co-workers can check each out also workers committee that course will an injury due to unsuitable or improperly installed blade.		
4. Cable Management	Trip hazard, Awkward by those s	2M		1L	



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5. Adjustments and Alignments	Contact with moving park uned workpiece	ЗН		2M	



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6. Starting Circular Saw	Noise exposure, Flying dobris	2M		1L	



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7. Cutting Workpiece	Kickback, Dust inha	ЗН		2M	



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8. Changing Cutting Direction	Loose workpiece, Incorred direction	3H		1L	



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9. Stopping the Blade	Mistakenly pressing control and pomalfunction	≥ M		1L	



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10. Switching off and Unplugging	Accidental restart, Electrical hazard	2M		1L	



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11. Clearing Debris	Dust inhalation, Projectiles propelled by cleaning tools	2M		1L	



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12. Maintenance and Storage	Fire hazard from buildup on machiny, Equipment damage from storage	2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor
				Date:			
				l te:			
			AV	Date:			
			Date:				
				Date:			
	Date:						
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to refer to the sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are required by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract is) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reduces esented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.			
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	