

Cement Rendering	SAFE WORK METHOD S	FATEMENT (SWMS)	
TAS	SK OR ACTIVITY: Cement Rende	ring	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must steam ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS			
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	nature:							
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.	`	$H \cap H$	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.		
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.				
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.				
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.				
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.		
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.			
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY			
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -		





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, Manual handling injuries	ЗН	 Conduct a thorough site inspection before beginning work to identify and address potential slip, trip or fall hazards. Proper housekeeping must be maintained thre gnout the worksite, including regularly clearing away debris, tools, and encoopstructions. Place clear signage and warnings to indicate any under a surfaces and wet areas that may cause slipping. Ensure that walkways and these spoints are promity lit, and use of obstructions. Utilise appropriate footwear we slip-resistant soles. The workers in the area. Provide proper unting an eduction to worker regarding safe workplace practices, particularly around manual and line consiques. Implement a middly system to ensure the amembers work together and proving apport to not other when moving or handling heavy materials and equipment. Use in the sal lifthe aids, such as trolleys or hoists, to minimise manual handling where pussible. Itablis designed load-moving routes, ensuring ample space for maneuvering and work in exposure to potential hazards. Continuary monitor employees for signs of fatigue, dehydration or overexertion, an provide necessary breaks or rotation of duties as needed. Schedule demanding tasks for early in the day or cooler parts of the day when workers may be less fatigued. Make sure personal protective equipment, such as gloves and back braces, is provided to employees for added safety during manual handling tasks. Encourage employees to report unsafe conditions or behaviours immediately, encouraging improvements in workplace safety. Periodically review and assess the effectiveness of implemented control measures and update the SWMS accordingly to ensure continual improvement in safety performance. 	2M	
2. Mixing cement	Inhalation of dust, Contact with wet cement	ЗН	 Provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as dust masks, gloves, and goggles to minimise exposure to both inhalation of dust and contact with wet cement. Implement a well-ventilated mixing area to ensure adequate air circulation and prevent the accumulation of dust particles in the closed environment. Train workers on proper mixing techniques and the safe handling of dry cement products to reduce the production of airborne dust during the mixing process. Use water suppression systems or vacuum attachments with dust extraction capabilities during the mixing process to reduce airborne dust levels. 	1L	



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			- Instruct workers to dampen the surface and materials before starting the mixing process to minimise dust generation.		
			- Encourage regular breaks for workers involved in the mixing activities to avoid prolonged exposure to dust and wet cement.		
			- Store dry cement bags in a designated, corred area to revent unintended release of dust particles to the surrounding enfronm		
			Promote proper lifting techniques and the use the chanical air's when handling heavy bags of cement to red the risk of musculos, the tall injurity during the mixing process. Regularly clean the many pareas of excess dust and debris to maintain a safe and		
			- Ensure all envioyees wound with conductions are aware of the potential hazar associal divide ontact, handling, and inhalation, and provide them with access a Safety conductions (SDS) for reference.		
			- Enco ag vorker wash their hands thoroughly after working with cement material and rior to ing, drinking or touching their face to prevent skin irritation, ingestion and mamination.		
	^		- conductive egular dispections of the cement mixing work area to ensure adherence to implicate the control measures and address any emerging risks promptly.		
			- hoper manual handling training: Ensure all workers are provided with adequate training on how to lift and move heavy objects, including safe lifting techniques and postures.		
			- Personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers should wear appropriate PPE such as steel-toed boots, gloves, and high-visibility clothing to protect them from injuries.		
			- Use of mechanical aids: Encourage the use of mechanical lifting aids, such as forklifts, pallet jacks, and wheelbarrows, to help reduce the risk of injuries associated with manual handling.		
3. Loading materials	Manual handling injuries, Struck by moving objects	3H	- Clear pathways: Keep loading areas tidy and free from obstructions to minimise the chances of tripping or collision hazards.	2M	
			- Controlled access: Limit the number of workers in the loading zone to only those necessary to perform the task, reducing the potential for struck-by incidents.		
			- Effective communication: Implement a clear communication system between workers involved in the loading process to avoid any misunderstandings that may lead to accidents.		
			- Regular breaks: Allow workers to take sufficient breaks to prevent fatigue, which can contribute to manual handling-related injuries.		
			- Pre-loading inspection: Conduct thorough checks of materials and equipment before loading to ensure everything is in good condition and ready for the task.		



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			- Team lifting: Encourage workers to share the lifting burden of heavy loads by working together, using proper lifting techniques.		
			- Load distribution: Distribute weight evenly when the sking and transporting materials to prevent toppling or strain injuries.		
			- Speed restrictions: Enforce strict speed lines when opening mechanical aids in the loading area to minimise the risk of structure vincing is.		
			- Implement traffic management plan: Have a way planned traffic management system in place to control the ovement of vehicle equipment, and pedestrians in the loading area.		
			- Incident reporting one has been storied in mediately reporting any near-misses or accidents so at correct in meanings can be seen to prevent future incidents.		
			- Ongoing risk assessment continuous anitor and review the risks associated with a pading occasional introduce anditional control measures as necessary to maint a safe was accentionment.		
4. Setting up scaffold	Falls from height, Structural instalk by	4A		2M	



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5. Applying render	Manual handling injuries, Prolonged repetitive motion	ЗН		1L	



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6. Smoothing surface	Contact with wet cement, Prolonged repetitive motion	2M		1L	



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7. Inspection	Trips, slips, and falls, Falls from height	ЗН		1L	



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8. Cleaning equipment	Exposure to chemicals, Cuts and abrasions	ЗН		1L	



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9. Waste disposal	Manual handling injuries, Incorrect waste disposal	2M		1L	



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				NON	
10. Dismantling scaffold	Falls from height, Structural instability	4A		2M	



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				RISK	



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11. Site clean-up	Trips, slips and fall Exposure to hazards	3H		1L	



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. Final inspection	Trips, slips, and fa , Falls from height	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor
				Date:			
				Date			
				L te:			
			AV	Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewer revised if necessary) if releval consultation with workers (inc of the SWMS and their health workplace. When the SWMS has been readvised that a revision has be who will need to change a wo a way that will enable them to will be involved in the work methem to understand and imples	nt control measu- luding contractors and sub- and safety representatives evised the PCBU must ensi- een made and how they cal rrk procedure or system as implement their duties cor- ust be provided with the rel	contract s) who may be a s who re esented that wor are that all persons involve a access the revised SWM a result of the revised SWM as isstently with the revised SWM.	should be carried out in ffected by the operation rk group at the d with the work are S, including all persons advised of the changes in SWMS. All workers that	effective in reducing the person responsible for memploy a multi-faceted a 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation v. 3. Internal audits An approach of continuo followed up by immediate	nitored regularly for the exist of incidents, keeping the onitoring the effectiveness peroach which includes but with workers, contractors at on a continual basis. The improvement, promptly be corrective action and contently developing ever-improvement.	ne workplace safe for all of the Safe Work Method is not limited to: and sub-contractors. recording inconsistencies sultation with all relevan	personnel. The od Statement should statement should so or deficiencies, at personnel ensures
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	