

Brick Clay Manufacture Bradle	y Wet Press SAFE WORK	METHOD STATEMENT (SWI	NS)
TASK OR ACTI	VITY: Brick Clay Manufacture Bra	adley Wet Press	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (r 3U) is	required to turn at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either the condition of the condition o	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structure attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS			
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	nature:							
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.		
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.				
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.				
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.				
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.		
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.			
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY			
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -		





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Poor housekeeping, manual handling injuries	2M	- Conduct a thorough site inspection before beginning work to identify potential hazards and ensure the workplace is clean and organised to prevent accidents caused by poor housekeeping. - Clearly mark designated pathways for work as and equipment to avoid cross-traffic and ergonomic hazards, making sure all works are as to of these paths. - Provide appropriate manual handling training an uployees engaged in physically demanding tasks, such as preper lifting technique and body province while working, to minimise the risk of injury. - Implement a regular as ping so redule to keep work unraces, equipment, and walkways free for spills, bris, bris, at, and other rotential hazards that may cause slips, trips, as usuals. - Provide the necessary to so and equipment for employees to safely perform their tasks as out apoing accessive force or awkward postures, reducing the potential for mach chandline elated injuries. - Keep to be coments cluding the Bradley Wet Press, well-maintained and regularly inspects to provent in contain and minimise the risk of accidents due to suipment failu. - Use the anical aids or engineering controls where possible, such as forklifts, tolleys, as tring equipment, to reduce manual handling efforts required by a bloyees during the preparation stage. - Encourage employees to adopt a rotation system for manual tasks, allowing alternate workers to take breaks and switch tasks, thereby minimising the risk of repetitive stress injuries. - Display visible warning signs to remind employees of safe lifting techniques, proper body mechanics, and ergonomic hazards within the workspace. - Ensure proper lighting throughout the worksite, affording adequate visibility for all tasks and areas where employees are present, preventing accidents due to poor or obstructed vision. - Keep emergency exits and first aid stations accessible at all times, with staff adequately trained in emergency response procedures for various scenarios. - Regularly review and update SWMS with employee inputs to ensure	1L	
2. Material Mixing	Dust inhalation, chemical hazards	ЗН	- Ensure that workers wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as dust masks or respirators, safety goggles, and gloves to minimise the risk of dust inhalation and chemical exposure. - Install proper ventilation systems, such as exhaust fans or dust extraction hoods, in the mixing area to reduce airborne dust levels and maintain good air quality.	1L	



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			- Implement a regular cleaning schedule for machinery, equipment, and work surfaces to prevent the build-up of dust and chemicals.		
			- Provide training and information to workers about the hazards associated with material mixing, including the risks of dust inhalt on and chemical exposure, and how to use control measures effectively.		
			- Store hazardous materials, such as chemic in sort of containers and designated storage areas away from the mixing to minimise potential contact with workers and reduce the risk of accidental sp		
			- Use wet mixing methods where ver possible to receive the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods where ver possible to receive the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods where ver possible to receive the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods where ver possible to receive the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods where ver possible to receive the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods where ver possible to receive the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods where ver possible to receive the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods are considered to the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods are considered to the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods are considered to the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods are considered to the production of airborne dust during the mixing methods are considered to the production of the mixing methods are considered to the production of the mixing methods are considered to the production of the mixing methods are considered to the production of the mixing methods are considered to the production of the mixing methods are considered to the production of the mixing methods are considered to the mixing method are considered to the mixing methods are considered to the mixing met		
			- Implement are vective were many ement syrum to dispose of dust and chemical waste safely, insuring that insurance waste safely, insuring that insurance waste safely, insuring that insurance waste safely and insurance waste safely waste safely and insurance waste safely		
			- Device a clean countrication system for workers to report any issues or concerns a rading sist and chemical hazards, including signs of poor ventilation or PPE m function.		
			Regula vins, it, maintain, and replace PPE and other safety equipment to ensure notion correctly and providing adequate protection against dust inhal on nd chemical hazards.		
			Itilise exponomic principles in the design and layout of the mixing area, such as cing workers' exposure to repeated lifting and bending, to decrease the risk of physical injury and fatigue.		
	5		- Conduct regular monitoring of air quality and dust levels within the mixing area, adjusting control measures as needed to maintain a safe working environment.		
			- Encourage workers to take regular breaks, rest, and rotate tasks to minimise long-term exposure to dust and chemical hazards.		
			- Continuously review and update the Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS), including hazard identification, risk assessments, and control measures, to ensure that the SWMS remains current and effectively addresses hazards associated with material mixing in Brick Clay Manufacture Bradley Wet Press.		
			- Regular machinery inspection and maintenance: Schedule routine inspections and perform regular preventive maintenance on the wet press equipment to ensure all parts are in proper working condition, reducing the risk of entanglement or increased noise levels.		
3. Wet Press Operation	Entanglement, noise exposure	2M	 Operator training: Require all operators to complete a comprehensive training programme, ensuring they understand how to safely and efficiently operate the wet press while minimising the risk of entanglement or excessive noise exposure. 	1L	
			- Personal protective equipment (PPE): Ensure all workers involved in the wet press operation wear appropriate PPE, such as safety gloves, appropriate footwear, eye protection, and hearing protection, to minimise the risk of accidents or injury.		



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			 Emergency stop buttons: Install easily accessible emergency stop buttons near the wet press machinery. Make sure workers know their locations and when to use them in case of an entanglement or other emergency situation. 		
			- Machine guarding: Implement proper machine parting around moving parts of the wet press to prevent accidental contact with cose parts, reducing the risk of entanglement.		
			- Noise reduction measures: Place noise barrie ampeners, or enclosures around loud equipment to reduce the overall noise level the area. The helps to minimise the potential for noise-induce the partial damage.		
			- Safe operating process: Description and implement surface, and easy-to-follow standard surface standard countries and standard standard surface standard standard surface standard standard surface standard sta		
			- House keeping tractices in plement in our housekeeping practices, including clear and organism workspaces, to reduce trip hazards and maintain optimal working ditions.		
			- Prope con unical Encourage open communication lines among workers and supervisers and that our conditions, near misses, or other safety concerns. Parly reporting to help mitigate risks before they develop into more significant process.		
			Hearing inservation programme: Implement a hearing conservation programme monitor and protect workers' hearing over time. Routine audiograms and modatory wearing of hearing protection devices will help reduce the risk of noise-induced hearing loss.		
			- Risk assessments and reviews: Conduct regular risk assessments to identify, evaluate, and control hazards associated with the wet press operation. Update control measures as needed and review them periodically to ensure their continued effectiveness.		
4. Mould Cleaning	Risk of cuts, repetitive motion injuries	2M		1L	



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5. Brick Demolding	Manual handling injuries, slips and falls	2M		1L	



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JOB STEP SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	POTENTIAL HAZARDS HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	IR INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RR RESIDUAL RISK	RESPONSIBLE PERSON NAME OF PERSON
6. Curing Process	Hot surface contact, steam exposure	2M		1L	



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7. Quality Inspection	Ergonomic risks, tripping hazards	1L		1L	



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8. Packaging & Stacking	Manual handling injuries, falling objects	2M		1L	
9. Forklift Operation	Collision risk, falling objects	3H		1L	



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10. Loading/Unloading	Falling objects, vehicle interaction	3Н		1L	



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				RISK	



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11. Maintenance	Electrical hazards, lockout/tagout procedures not followed	3H-		1L	



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12. Housekeeping	Tripping hazards, hazardous substitutes not stored properly	3 2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

Tulat

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Supe	ervisor	
				Date:				
				Date				
				L te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND R	EVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to reak sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a subcontractors and subcontractors and subcontractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who researched that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	