

| Bread Slicer Sa | AFE WORK METHOD STAT | EMENT (SWMS) | |
|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | TASK OR ACTIVITY: Bread Slice | r | |
| Business Name: [Company Name] | | ABN: [ABN] | SWMS# |
| Business Address: [Company Address] | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: [Phone] | E fil: | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY | THE POST THE PROJECT | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is | required to ture at a safe work method s | tatement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a | ompliance of the SWMS well as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | | LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS | EEN CONSULTED AND |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks. | NAME | SIGNATURE | DATE |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| | | CLI | ENT OR PRINCIPAL | CONTRACTOR D | ETAILS | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Client: | | | | | | SCOPE OF WORKS | | |
| Project Name: | | | | | Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise | | | |
| Project Address: | | | | | known as cope of works). | | | |
| Project Manager: | | | | | | | | |
| Contact Phone: | | | | | | | | |
| Project Manager Sig | nature: | | | | | | | |
| Date SWMS supplie | d to Project Manager: | | | | | | | |
| | | ANY HIGH- | RISK CON PUCT | N' JRK BEING | CARRIED OUT | | | |
| ☐ involves a risk of a pe | erson falling more than 2 m | neters. | | is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping. | | | | |
| is carried out on a tel | ecommunication tower. | ` | M + M | is carried out on | or near chemical, fuel or refrig | erant lines. | | |
| ☐ involves demolition o | f an element of a structure | that is load-be n. | | is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services. | | | | |
| ☐ involves demolition o | f an element related to the | physical integrit of a str | 3. | is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere. | | | | |
| ☐ involves, or is likely to | o involve, disturbing a | tos. | | involves tilt-up or precast concrete. | | | | |
| involves structural alt | eration or repair that re | upp to p | prevent collapse. | is carried out on, | , in or adjacent to a road, railwa | ay, shipping lane or other to | raffic corridor. | |
| is carried out in or ne | ar a confined space. | | | is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant. | | | | |
| is carried out in/near | a shaft or trench deeper th | nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin | g use of explosives. | is carried out in a | areas with artificial extremes of | temperature. | | |
| is carried out in or ne | ar water or other liquid tha | t involves a risk of drowning | ng. | ☐ involves diving w | vork. | | | |
| | | ANY HI | IGH-RISK MACHINER | RY OR EQUIPMEN | IT NEARBY | | | |
| Forklift | ☐ Crane/s | ☐ Hoist/s | ☐ Excavator | ☐ Backhoe/Loader | ☐ Boom Lift | ☐ EWP | ☐ Genie Lift | |
| ☐ Trencher | ☐ Drilling Rig | ☐ Trucks | Formwork | ☐ Bobcat | ☐ Flammable Gas | ☐ Fuel | ☐ Dozer | |
| ☐ High Voltage | ☐ Mulcher | ☐ Tilt-up Panels | Roller | ☐ Scissor Lift | ☐ Tractor | Other - | | |





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | HEARING PPOTECTION | PROTE | SPIRATORY P STECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | A | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|---|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| 1. Preparation | Slips, trips & falls; Manual handling injuries | 2M | Ensure the workplace is clean and free from obstacles to minimise the risk of slips, trips, and falls. Clearly mark any wet or slippery surfaces with sprage to alert workers of potential hazards. Provide adequate lighting in the area surrow tring the read slicer to prevent accidents caused by poor visibility. Require all workers to weat a oper footwear with rio-resistrate soles to reduce the risk of slipping. Implement a regression as a trip good dule to maintain floors and other work surfaces dry and free of coris. Position the corad slicer of a stable, or outface to avoid unnecessary movement during eration. Orgalist paterial and equipment in designated storage areas to keep them off the flother accing the pazards. Utilise nti-facture manual the standing work area around the slicer to enhance and fort and sair of or workers. Alloute the sks that require manual handling of bread slicers among multiple porkers an inimise the chance of injuries. In a safe manual handling techniques, such as lifting with their legs and avoiding twisting motions when handling heavy objects. Encourage staff to use lifting aids (e.g., trolleys, dollies, or carts) whenever possible to assist with heavy loads and reduce the likelihood of injury. Schedule frequent breaks for workers throughout their shifts, allowing them to rest and recover from manual handling activities. Set up an ergonomic work environment by adjusting the height of the bread slicer workstation, ensuring that employees can comfortably use the machine without excessive bending or reaching. Establish a regular maintenance schedule for the bread slicer, addressing any potential mechanical issues that could contribute to unsafe conditions promptly. | 1L | |
| 2. Machine Inspection | Electrical hazards; Entanglement | ЗН | Regular inspection and maintenance: Schedule periodic inspections of the bread slicer, ensuring that all parts are functioning correctly and securely. Isolation of power sources: Before any inspection or maintenance work, isolate all power sources to eliminate electrical hazard risks. Use of lockout/tag-out system: Implement a lockout/tag-out system while working on the machine to prevent unauthorised access or accidental re-energising of the equipment. | 2M | |



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| SI EGII IC WORK STELLS | TIALANDO TIAT WAT ANGE | RISK | - Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers should wear proper PPE like gloves, safety boots, and aprons to protect themselves from the risk of injuries during the machine inspection. - Training in machine operation and maintenant. Ensure employees receive adequate training in operating and maintaint, who bread slicer, enabling them to recognise potential hazards and take appropriate action. - Familiarity with emergency shut-off procedure thanks sure workers are familiar with emergency shut-off procedures so they can dickly react if the issue occurs during an inspection or maintenance activity. - Keep machine guest of devices a place: Always characteristic in spection or maintenance of the component of the place to the contact with electrical. - Proper hands of electrical component Avoid direct contact with electrical. | RISK | NAME OF LEASON |
| | | | connects and allocate practices when dealing with electrical components, such as use in culated as and wearing electrically resistant gloves. - Illuminates orkspan Make sure the inspection and maintenance workspace has sufficien light at the minimise accidents resulting from impaired visibility. - up workspace slean and organised: A tidy workspace helps prevent tripping haze or aking it easier for workers to move around the machine during the aspection. - ugularly update safety documentation: Keep safety documentation, such as SV.WS, up to date with the latest safety guidelines and information related to bread elicers. - Clear communication among team members: Ensure all workers involved in the | | |
| | | | inspection process communicate effectively and understand their roles and responsibilities. - Incident reporting and follow-up: Encourage workers to report any safety incidents or hazards promptly, and follow up on these reports to improve safety measures continuously. | | |
| 3. Setup & Adjustments | Crushing injuries, Noise exposure | 2M | Proper Training: Ensure that all employees operating the bread slicer have undergone comprehensive training on its safe operation and adjustments, including hazard identification, machine controls, and potential risks. Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Employees should be required to wear appropriate PPE during the setup and adjustment process, including safety gloves to prevent crushing injuries and noise-cancelling earmuffs or earplugs to reduce the risk of hearing damage from prolonged exposure to noise. | 1L | |
| | | | - Pre-start Inspection: Perform a thorough pre-use inspection of the bread slicer before each shift to ensure that it is in proper working condition and that all safety guards are in place. | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|---|----------|------------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS - Clear Workspace: Maintain a clean and clutter-free workspace around the bread slicer to minimise the risk of tripping or falling while making adjustments to the machine. - Implement Lockout/Tagout Procedures: During retup and adjustments, use lockout/tagout procedures to disable the bread slicer and prevent accidental startup or movement of the machine. - Use Proper Tools: Only use manufacturer-ap, as a tools for making adjustments to the bread slicer to reduce the risk of injury due to improper to susage or machine damage. - Two-Person Operating Assign releast two trained a proyees to work together when setting up as adjusting a the read slicer to dovide extra support, communication and assistance during the process. - Proper Lifting achingure. Train empletes in proper lifting techniques to avoid strain and other transferences. - Noise formal Measures: Reduce noise levels where possible by using soundproof enclosures, in alling in the barriers or curtains, and ensuring that the bread slicer trainipment is prevently maintained to minimise excessive noise production. - Research aintenance and Inspection: Plan and schedule regular maintenance hecks are bread slicer to ensure that all parts are operating correctly and safely, necially those related to the setup and adjustment process. This should include roughs of wear or damage that may lead to increased noise levels or a crushing hazard. | RESIDUAL | PERSON NAME OF PERSON |
| 4. Feeding Bread to Machine | Manual handling injuries; Pinch points | 2M | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |
| 5. Slicing Operation | Noise exposure, Flying debris | 2M | | 1L | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|------------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | PERSON NAME OF PERSON |
| 6. Blade Cleaning | Cutting injuries, Chemical exposure | 3H | | 2M | |

Date of Issue:



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| | | | | | |
| 7. Disposing of waste | Manual handling injuries, Slips, trips & falls | 2M | | 1L | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|------------------------|---|--------------|--|----------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL | NAME OF PERSON |
| 8. Machine Lubrication | Oil spill, Contact with hazardous chemicals | 2M | | 1L | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
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| | | | | | |
| 9. Quality Check | Ergonomic strain, Hygiene-related issues | 1L | | 1L | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| | | | | | |
| 10. Packaging Sliced Bread | Manual handling injuries, Sharp edges | 2M | | 1L | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
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| | | | | | |
| 11. Transporting Packed Bread | Manual handling injuries, Traffic hazards | 2M | | 1L | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
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| | | | | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| | | | | | |
| 12. Maintenance and Repairs | Electrical hazards, Gosning Muries | | | 2M | |
| | | | | | |







EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-syllaws

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

qulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Pos | sition | Signature | Date | Time | Supe | ervisor |
|--|-----|----------|--|------------------|-------|------|---------|
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | | | Date | | | |
| | | | | L te: | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | SAF WO A | STATEMENT | MONITORING AND R | EVIEW | | |
| The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontracted, are valued by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who receives that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. | | | The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles. | | | | |
| REVIEW NUMBER | □ 1 | □ 2 | □ 3 | □ 4 | □ 5 | □ 6 | □ 7 |
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | TO BE DONE | COMMENTS |
|---|-----------|------------|----------|
| | | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | | |
| Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | P P | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | P | | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | | | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | | | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh | | | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed. | | | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions. | | | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures. | | | |
| Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc. | | | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d. | | | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS. | | | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work. | | | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | | | |
| Lists any required permits or licenses. | | | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | | | |
| dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | | | |
| | | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE R | EVIEWED | |
| SIGNATURE | DATE CO | MPLETED | |