

Bitumen Sprayer	SAFE WORK METHOD ST	ATEMENT (SWMS)	
TA	SK OR ACTIVITY: Bitumen Spra	yer	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E 11:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditionally as a condition of the conditions are conditionally as a condition of the conditi	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise		
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	nature:								
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON YUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on	or near pressurised gas mains	or piping.			
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.			is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.					
☐ involves demolition of	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
☐ involves demolition of	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	2	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		☐ involves tilt-up or	r precast concrete.				
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on,	in or adjacent to a road, railwa	ay, shipping lane or other to	raffic corridor.		
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in a	an area of a workplace where t	here is any movement of p	owered mobile plant.		
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drownin	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.				
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINEF	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY				
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -			

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PER NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Unsafe equipment, Poor lighting	2M	- Conduct a thorough check of all the equipment before beginning work, ensuring they're in good working condition according to manufacturing standards. - Any faulty or unsafe equipment identified show one reported immediately for repairs or replacement. - All equipment must come with operational handles and should be followed during use to prevent misuse and deterioration and ould lead to accidents. - Appropriate lighting must are type be provided where working a poorly lit environments to ensure good a bility. - Additionally, work and the working handles to make them always visible, especification low light situations. - Safety briefination and trainings should a samely conducted to educate workers about a cessal a recent ons when dealing with bitumen sprayers. - Only has indivited to who have received adequate training and have demon train composes should be allowed to operate the bitumen sprayer. - Do not vertical the experient or use it for purposes other than what it's intended - Insulay and injurities around the work area to notify others about the ngoing cration. - The possible, operations should be scheduled during daylight hours or in well-lit areas to minimize the risk from poor lighting. - Ensure that emergency response procedures are in place and known by all staff in case of an accident. - Regular maintenance and servicing of the bitumen sprayer should be conducted to ensure that it is always in good working condition. - Always use personal protective equipment (PPE) including gloves, safety shoes, protective eyewear and face masks while operating procedures are vital. These procedures should be regularly reviewed and updated as needed.	1L	
2. Equipment Check	Defective equipment, Inadequate training	ЗН	 Ensure all equipment is routinely inspected and maintained according to manufacturer's guidelines. Establish a system for the prompt reporting of equipment defects or malfunctions. Provide hands-on training on the operation, maintenance and inspection of bitumen sprayers before use. Equip all bitumen sprayers with safety devices such as guards, shields, and automatic shut-off capabilities where appropriate. Only allow trained personnel to handle and operate bitumen sprayer machine. 	1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Make sure workers are trained in emergency procedures should an equipment malfunction occur.		
			- Review and update equipment training periodical ensure knowledge is current and comprehensive.		
			- Implement safety checks by supervising safe at regular pervals to ensure safe use of the equipment.		
			- Keep safety manuals and equipment instruction eadily available to all operators for immediate reference.		
			- Use personal protective equip and (PPE) suited to sk, including heat-resistant gloves, and high-visibility cleaning.		
			- Always dot -check that syste are of d safely locked out during maintenance when not use.		
			- Sch regular by meetings and training sessions to reinforce safety protoc s d add. Sany concerns.		
			- Work as a lid be a ructed to never override or disable safety features or devices in any quipm		
	•		- intail record of all inspections, maintenance work, staff training logs and other relevant a cumentation as proof of a proactive commitment to workplace health and afety.		
			- Air personnel should participate in mandatory site-induction training to aid in identifying potential hazards in the work area.		
			- Work sites must be inspected regularly by a competent person, before and during the operation, to discover any possible unidentified hazards.		
			- Establish a robust incident reporting system to handle reports of slips, trips, falls or other incidents on site.		
			- Install barrier tape, signs or barricades near identified hazardous areas to prevent unauthorized individuals from entering.		
3. Site Inspection	Spection Unidentified hazards, Slip, trip and fall	4A	- Make sure the worksite is free of clutter and unnecessary equipment, reducing instances of slips, trips and falls. Regular clean-ups should be organised.	2M	
			- Implement non-slip work surfaces where feasible or ensure employees are wearing appropriate footwear that provides sufficient traction.		
			- Ensure adequate lighting is available at the site to ensure all areas can be seen clearly by all workers.		
			- Provide training to staff on correct lifting techniques and other safety procedures to decrease the risk of injuries.		
			- Make sure all walkways and passageways are clear and safe for pedestrians.		



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			- Use signage to indicate uneven surfaces, sudden changes in floor levels, low headroom areas, or slippery surfaces.		
			- Conduct regular maintenance checks on bitument, ayers and other equipment to ensure they're working correctly, reducing the confidence of accidents due to malfunctioning machinery.		
4. Setting up Machine	Incorrect setup, Moving mechinery accidents			2M	
5. Bitumen Spraying	Chemical exposure, High pressure hazard	4A		2M	



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6. Clean-up Process	Improper handling of hazardous substances, Inadequate PPE	3H		1L	



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7. Maintenance	Equipment failure, Worker fatigue	ЗН		2M	



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8. Loading Bitumen	Manual lifting injuries, Thermal burns	ЗН		1L	



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9. Traffic Control	Vehicle collision, Inadequate signage	4A		2M	



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10. Weather Monitoring	Work in extreme weather condition	2M		1L	
11. Surface Preparation	Dust inhalation, Noise-related hazards	3H		2M	



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12. Emergency Procedures	Lack of safety procedures implementation, lack of first aid trained person	4A		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
13. Waste Disposal	Incorrect disposal of hazardous with e, Exposure to hazardous management.	ЗН		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
14. Post-work Equipment Check	Defective equipment, Inadequate training	3H		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS 15. Site Evaluation	Missed or unidentified hazards, Lack of contingency planning	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
16. Documentation & Reporting	Incorrect information, Missed documentation	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
17. End Day Procedures	Fatigue-related accidents, Ignoring safety protocols	ЗН		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
18. Random Audits	Non-compliance to savery standards. Unidentified hazards	4A		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
19. Regular Training sessions	Inadequate training Lack of the of new equipment of the sees	ЗН		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
20. Refueling Bitumen Sprayer	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE Fire hazard, Chemical spills	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	5				



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compl

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor
				Date:			
				l te:			
			AV	Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WC A	STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to be ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontract as you may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who revesented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				effective in reducing the person responsible for remploy a multi-faceted 1. Spot Checks 2. Consultation 3. Internal audit An approach of continut followed up by immedia	onitored regularly for the risk of incidents, keeping nonitoring the effectivenes approach which includes b with workers, contractors as on a continual basis. Dus improvement, promptly the corrective action and contently developing ever-imp	the workplace safe for a sof the Safe Work Met ut is not limited to: and sub-contractors. recording inconsistence insultation with all relevants.	all personnel. The hod Statement should statement should size or deficiencies, ant personnel ensures
REVIEW NUMBER	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P A	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of contameasures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vorat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CC	MPLETED	

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