

| Big Forestry Mulcher | SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT (SWMS) | |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| TAS | K OR ACTIVITY: Big Forestry Mu | llcher | |
| Business Name: | | ABN: | SWMS# |
| Business Address: | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | E qil: | |
| | | | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPROV D BY | THE PC. OF THE ROJECT | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | cting a business or und ring (Pc V) is | required to element that a safe work method | statement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | NY | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring | compliant e of the SWIL as well as re | eviews and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND (THIS SWMS | COMMUNICATED TO IN THE |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to continuing the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or conditional leach hazard. | | | |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead dately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL | CONTRACTOR DETAILS |
|---|---|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS |
| Project Name: | |
| Project Address: | |
| Project Manager: | |
| Contact Phone: | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR | ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT |
| | |
| involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters | is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping |
| ☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing | ☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure | ☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere |
| ☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete |
| involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| ☐ is carried out in or near a confined space | ☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant |
| is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. |
| is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | involves diving work. |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER | Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY |
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| RISK MATRIX | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|--|-------|--|--------|--|------------------------------------|
| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE | ACTION | | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS | | | |
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | SCORE | SCORE | SCORE | 4 | ACTION | | Elimination Remoy e the hazard. |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCE | | Substitution | | | |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review before work starts. | | Replace the hazard. | | | |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | | Isolation Isolate People from the hazard | | | |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | nitor and records | | Engineering Isolate the hazard. | | | |
| is the second m | archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is | od of controlling a | a hazard. Engine | ering by isolat | ion is the in nost e | e tive, while | ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective | | Administrative Change the work. PPE | | | |

| | | | | | | TIVE EQUIPM | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Select the app | ropriate PPL | abo. suital | or the equip | oment used or | the job task | being perfori | med (if applica | able). | |
| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | TEARING STION | P _CTION | PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other PPE R | equired: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Pe | ermit or Licen | ses Requirem | ents | | Mandatory Qualifications and Training | | | | | |
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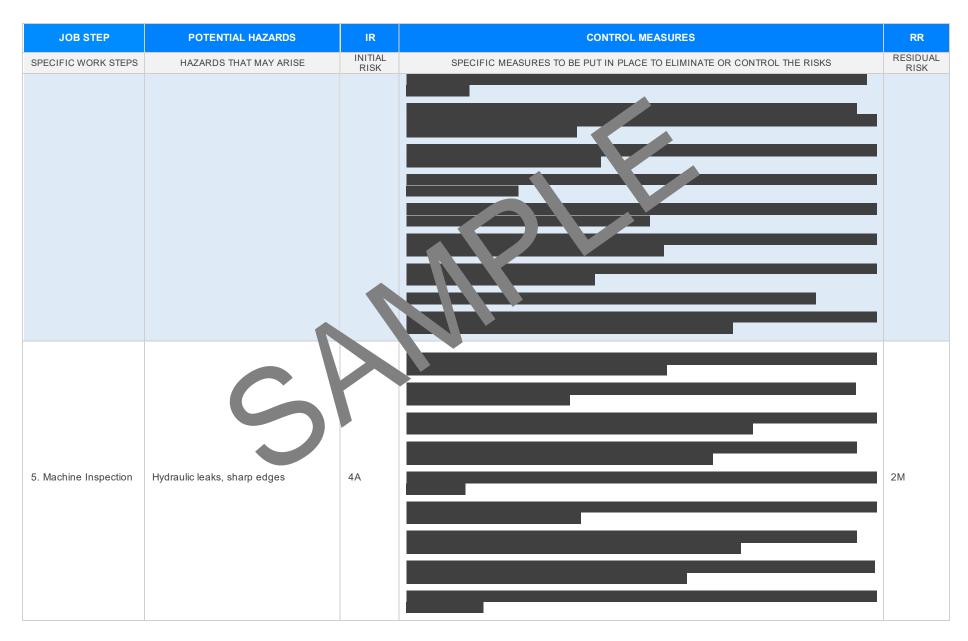


| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|---|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Slips, trips, and falls, exposure to weather | 3Н | Conduct a pre-start meeting to discuss thouay's tasks, potential hazards, and safety measures. Ensure all workers are wearing appropriate herson protective equipment (PPE), including non-slip footwear, hats, and weather-appropriate closure. Keep the work area organ and and free from conter to mind see trip hazards; clear any debris or obstacles before commencing tork. Use signs or barding to induste hazardous area, and keep non-essential personnel away. Regularly industry tools are equipment for characts or damage before use, replacing or repairing as necessary. Protect training to the manual handling techniques to reduce the risk of slips, trips, and falls. Montain ather to ditions continuously and adjust the work schedule if adverse weather, such as extrem the cor rain coses additional risks. Establicately communication protocols, including the use of radios, to ensure quick dissemination of a trip and a buddy system where workers check on each other periodically, especially in remote or plated accas. Impression a buddy system where workers check on each other periodically, especially in remote or plated accas. In sure emergency response procedures are in place and that all workers are familiar with them, including location-specific evacuation routes and shelters. | 2M |
| 2. Site Assessment | Uneven terrain, hidden obstacles | 4A | Conduct a thorough walk-through of the site to identify and mark any uneven terrain or hidden obstacles. Use GPS or mapping technology to locate and document significant obstacles before starting work. Clearable areas should be flagged visibly with bright markers to indicate presence of hazardous features. Assign spotters to guide operators around particularly difficult or hidden hazards on the site. Conduct staff training to recognise signs of uneven terrain and hidden obstacles. Restrict vehicle speed when navigating uneven or unknown terrain to reduce risk of accidents. Utilise drones for aerial surveys of the site to provide an overview of potential hazards difficult to see from ground level. Ensure all operators are equipped with communication devices to report unexpected hazards immediately. Apply use of suitable personal protective equipment like helmets and high-visibility clothing to enhance safety. Install rubber tracks or other stabilising modifications on machinery to better handle uneven surfaces. Develop and implement an emergency response plan specific to site conditions and potential hazards. | ЗН |



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| | | | Routinely update and review site assessment findings as work progresses to manage newly exposed hazards. Clearly communicate hazard locations to all site assonnel and record them in the site safety briefing documents. | |
| 3. Safety Briefing | Miscommunication, complacency | ЗН | - Conduct daily pre-start meetings to discuss asks a cential hazards, and specific roles for all team members. - Use clear, simple language during briefings to usure up a standing by all personnel, including non-native speakers. - Implement a standards a communication protocol using hand signals or radios for critical operations. - Encourage stave listenir by ask of teams ambers to repeat instructions or key points back to the group. - Applying a dedneror communicator responsible for relaying messages between different teams or opera its. - Displate key lafety for mation on visible job site boards, including contact numbers and emergency procedities. - a gular review and update communication protocols to address any observed issues in past briefings. Use we alids, such as diagrams or videos, during briefings to clarify complex operations. - a ster an environment where team members feel comfortable asking questions if they do not understand instructions. - Include reminders about complacency risks in every safety briefing to keep hazard awareness high. - Rotate leadership roles in briefings periodically to engage different perspectives and prevent routine complacency. - Provide refresher training sessions on effective communication and teamwork strategies regularly. - Set clear expectations for communication standards and hold individuals accountable for maintaining them. - Perform audits of safety briefings to evaluate effectiveness and identify areas for improvement. | 2M |
| 4. Equipment Check | Equipment malfunction, incorrect PPE | 4A | | 2M |







| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
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| 6. Start Engine | Noise, exhaust expsions | 2M | | 1 1 1 1 |
| 7. Test Controls | Control failure, unexpected movements | 3H | | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| JOB STEP SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | POTENTIAL HAZARDS HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | IR INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RR RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | • |
| 8. Move to Work Area | Collisions, poor visibility | 3Н | | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
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| 9. Clear Vegetation | Flying debris, entanglement | 4A | | 2M |
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| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 10. Mulching | Overheating, impact with large objects | 4A | | 2M |
| 11. Monitor Progress | Fatigue, distraction | ЗН | | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | • |
| 12. Adjust Operations | Misjudged distances, alteration of terrain | ЗН | | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 13. Refuelling | Fuel spills, fire hazards | 4A | | 2M |
| 14. Maintenance | Sharp tools, chemical exposure | ЗН | | 2M |

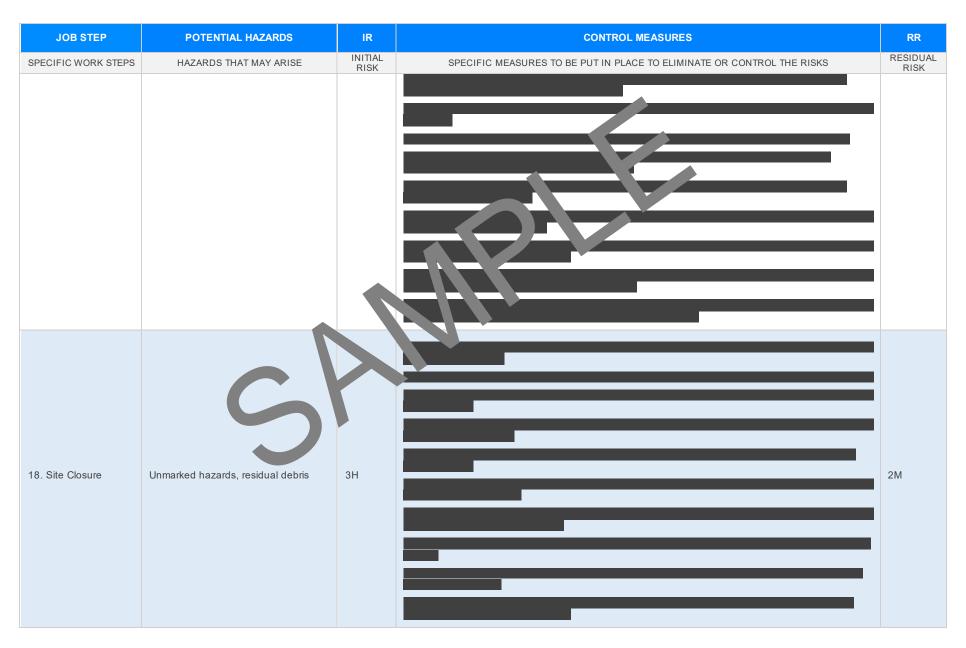


| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
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| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 15. End of Shift | Cleaning hazards, impropermutdown | 2M | | 1L |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
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| 16. Debrief | Missed feedback, ineffective communication | 2M | | 1 1L |
| 17. Record Keeping | Data entry errors, unsecured documents | 2M | |] 1L |







| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 19. Emergency Response | Delayed reactions, equipment access issues | 4A | | 3H |
| 20. Training | Inadequate coverage, unqualified trainers | ЗН | | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. N ANY STATEMENT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library.

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/prkplate fety-lay

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.av and-reso per des ractice

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources gislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w/wplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A 2004

Oct ational Health an Safet regulations 2017

Legis ion VIC: https://www.orksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

q<u>ular</u>

des of actice V/ attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a remotified the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the thing with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | COMMENTS |
|--|-------------|----------|
| | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | Y | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | \boxtimes | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | \boxtimes | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV. 5. | | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted. | | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effer ve sections. | | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spherical person is assigned as a specific person of the spherical person is assigned as a specific person of the spherical person is a specific person of the spherical person of the sphe | | |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc. | | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be | | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work. | | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | \boxtimes | |
| | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE REV | IEWED |
| SIGNATURE | DATE COM | PLETED |