

Barn Repair Or Maintena	nce SAFE WORK METHO	DD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK O	R ACTIVITY: Barn Repair Or Mai	ntenance	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROV D BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductor the proposed work starts.	cting a business or und ring (P. U) is	required to element had a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliant e of the SWIL as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS VMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND (THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accorde with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, to continuing the those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or conditional leach hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead dately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the nost of	e. tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work.	

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo suitak	ok for the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	THE ARING STION	P _cCTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ients		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Exposure to excessive noise, manual handling injuries	2M	 Conduct a noise assessment to identify providal sources of excessive noise and ensure they are within safe levels. Provide workers with appropriate personal provide equipment (PPE) such as earplugs or earmuffs to protect against excessive noise exposure. Limit the time that workers as exposed to high orige or as by rotating tasks and scheduling regular breaks. Implement encering or trols to the possible buch as installing sound barriers or quieter machinery to reduce noise evels at the bource. Trail of the minimum session ones where manual handling is required, ensuring these areas have clear signage and in runins. Provide trailing on protein manual handling techniques to reduce the risk of musculoskeletal injuries. The menority dids like hoists, trolleys, or forklifts to lift and move heavy materials whenever feasible to minimum a unual handling. Encourage team lifting for larger or bulkier items to distribute weight evenly and reduce strain on in viduals. Assess each task for potential manual handling hazards and adjust procedures accordingly to ensure safety. Ensure work areas are well-organised and free from clutter to facilitate easier and safer handling of materials. Regularly maintain and inspect all equipment used in manual handling to ensure it is in safe working condition. Develop and implement a noise management plan and manual handling policies to standardise procedures and enhance workplace safety. 	1L
2. Assess Repair Needs	Falling from height, exposure to asbestos materials	ЗН	 Conduct a pre-inspection to identify potential asbestos-containing materials before starting any repairs. Utilise harnesses and fall arrest systems when working at heights above 2 metres. Ensure the use of scaffolding or elevated work platforms rather than ladders for access to high areas. Securely barricade the area below where work is being conducted to prevent entry and protect workers from falling debris. Ensure all workers have adequate training in asbestos awareness and safe handling practices. Use personal protective equipment such as respirators, coveralls, and gloves if there's potential exposure to asbestos materials. 	2M



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		TUOIT	- Adopt the "no-go" zones process around overhead works to maintain distance and safety.	THOR
			- Implement anchor points and lifelines to secure workers comfortably while working on the barn roof or elevated areas.	
			- Employ experienced personnel with Certification II in Asbestos Removal for suspect material handling and disposal.	
			- Establish clear communication signals amore members to coordinate movements and signal emergencies.	
			- Use only powered and many tools equipped we stust of pression features, particularly when cutting or drilling near asbestos	
			- Develop an engagency is point an specifically addressing falls from heights and asbestos exposure incidents.	
			- Regressly insect and cument the segrity of safety equipment such as harnesses, lanyards, and scaff q before	
			- Sche ultergular aks and rotate tasks to minimise fatigue that could lead to mistakes while working at height.	
	<u> </u>		- nduc a pre- rk safety briefing to discuss potential hazards and control measures.	
			Ensurement workers have completed necessary training for the safe use of tools and equipment.	
			- ovide personal protective equipment such as gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots.	
			- Cneck that all tools and equipment are well-maintained and inspected prior to use, addressing any defects immediately.	
			- Utilize cut-resistant gloves when handling sharp tools or materials to prevent cut or puncture wounds.	
			- Implement safe handling techniques to minimise risk when moving heavy machinery or equipment.	
			- Use appropriate barriers or guarding around machinery to prevent accidental contact.	
Gather Tools and Equipment	Cut or puncture wounds orime operation of heavy mach	3H	- Keep the work area tidy and free from clutter to reduce tripping hazards and ensure clear access to tools and materials.	1L
			- Set up warning signs and barriers to delineate the work zone and restrict unauthorised access.	
			- Designate a spotter to guide machinery operators when operating in confined spaces or near others.	
			- Ensure lifting devices and equipment are rated appropriately for the load they will carry.	
			- Adhere strictly to manufacturer's guidelines for equipment operation to minimise risks associated with misuse.	
			- Plan tool usage to avoid working alone where possible, ensuring assistance is on hand if needed.	
			- Refresh workers' knowledge of emergency protocols, including first aid measures and reporting procedures for accidents or injuries.	
4. Erect Scaffolding	Unsafe work platform, falling from height	3H		1L

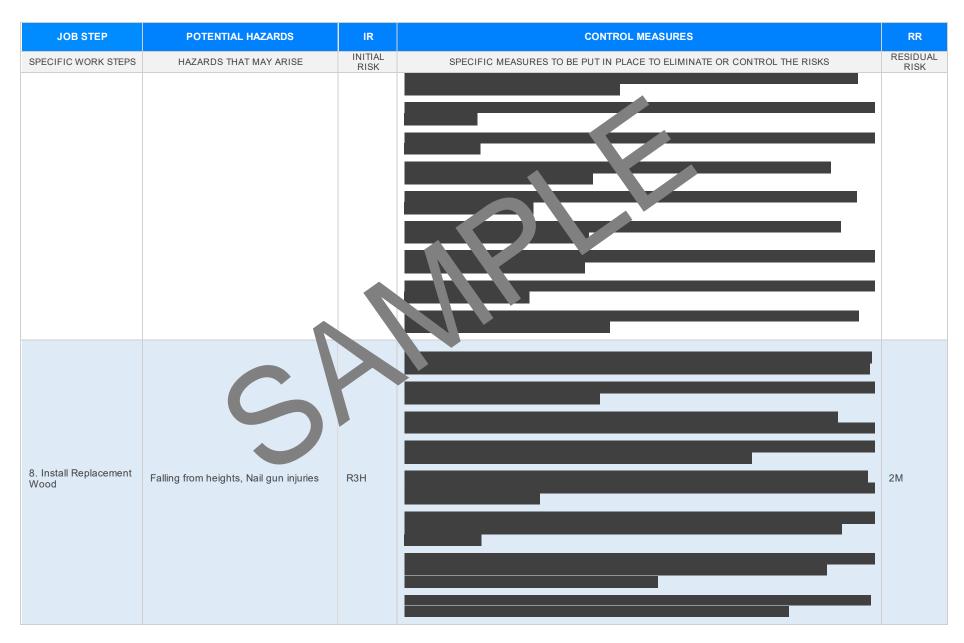


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5. Wood Assessment	Splinter injuries, inhalation of sawdust	2M		1L



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6. Remove Damaged Wood	Cut injuries, falling	ВН		2M
7. Measure and Cut Replacement Wood	Hand-tool injuries,measurement errors	3H		2M







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9. Paint New Wood	Exposure to toxic fumes, allergic reactions to paint	21.		1 1L 1L 1
10. Clean Up	Slip and fall hazards, hazardous substance exposure	2M		1 L



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11. Post-Inspection	Mistake in repair, unnotice—azards	2M		1L



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12. Safe Shutdown	Incorrect shutdown procedure, unexpected start-unit mass, hery			2M
13. Defects Notification	Miscommunication of information, mistakes in defect identification	2M		1L



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14. Reporting	Data entry errors, miscommunication of results	1L		1L



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		H		
		i		
	1	V		1
15. Review and Revise Process	Inconsistent adh nce to SOP, overlooked safety easur	2M		1L
		i		



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16. Dispensation	Misinterpretation, Non-compliance to guidelines	2M		1L
17. Safety Audit	Miscommunication, missed hazards	R2M		1L



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18. Personnel Briefing	Inadequate information, Misinterpretation, Overlooked safety procedures	R3H		1L



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19. Compliance Check	Overlooking regulations, Non-compliance to Health and Safety standards	R3H		1L
20. Job Completion	Premature job completion, overlooked work steps	R2M		1L



SPECIFIC WORK STEPS HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS RISK RISK	JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
	SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
		1			



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. IN ANY STAFF THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-pract)

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library.

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/prkplace/fety-la

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.av and-reso pes des ractice

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources_gislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w/wplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health Safety A 2004

Octational Health an Safe* regulations 2017

- Legis ion VIC: https://www.rksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-
- les of actice VI attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the total with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV 5.		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effer ve secutions.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the splenetation of control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REV	/IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED