

Axial And Centrifugal Fan Maintenance | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS) TASK OR ACTIVITY: Axial And Centrifugal Fan Maintenance **Business Name:** ABN: SWMS# **Business Address:** Contact Person: Phone: THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PC. OF THE PROJECT that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or und U) is required to e the proposed work starts. Full Name: Title: Date: Signature: SWI as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS. Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring compliar Full Name: Title: Phone: ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS NA OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be schedled in account e with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards nuni te those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or con I each hazard. If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must six diately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WC & BEIN C & RIED OUT
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-hearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical interrity structure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to rary so port to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper an or tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX												
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS			
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remoy e the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution			
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.			
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolation Isolate People from the hazard			
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.			
is the second m	archy of Controls: nost effective methologing the work is	od of controlling a	a hazard. Engine	ering by isolat	ion is the in nost e	e tive, while	ard. Substitution e Administrative least effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE			

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPL	abo. suital	or the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perfori	med (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	TEARING STION	P _CTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Mandatory Qualifications and Training				



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Manual handling injuries, Slips, trips and falls	2M	 Conduct a pre-task briefing with all team numbers to ensure everyone understands the process and potential hazards. Use mechanical aids such as trolleys or lifts across heavy tools and equipment, minimising manual handling risks. Ensure all personnel are trained in correct manuschanding techniques to prevent strains and injuries. Clear the work are some with unit dessary materials to obstacles to reduce the risk of slips and trips. Use appropriate signage award clars of the work being conducted, alerting them to potential hazards. Wear suitable personal cotective encounent (PPE) including gloves and steel-toed boots to mitigate injury. Enst of acting is a lequate in the workspace to clearly see all tasks and potential trip hazards. Use a dissipanate of matings on floors in areas prone to becoming slippery during maintenance activities. Corock to bls and equipment regularly for defects or wear and maintain them in good working order to preven defunctions. Use tablish a clear communication system among workers for coordination and to address any arising is a squickly. Implement a strict housekeeping protocol to keep the workspace organised and free of debris or spills. Set emergency response procedures in place, ensuring rapid access to first aid if an incident occurs. 	1L
2. Energise equipment	Electric shock, Burns from hot surfaces	ЗН	 Conduct a pre-work risk assessment to identify potential hazards and establish control measures. Ensure all personnel involved are trained and competent in electrical safety and lockout/tagout procedures. Use appropriate personal protective equipment, including insulated gloves and arc-rated clothing, when handling electrical components. Verify that equipment is correctly locked out and tagged before commencing work. Test equipment with a multimeter to ensure it is de-energised before starting any maintenance tasks. Maintain clear communication between team members, ensuring everyone is aware of the stages of energising equipment. Keep a safe distance from hot surfaces and moving parts during the energisation process. Use non-contact thermal imaging tools to check for unexpected heat on equipment before applying power. Implement a buddy system where one worker observes while another performs tasks, ensuring quick response to any mishaps. 	1L



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			- Establish an emergency shut-off procedure to rapidly de-energise equipment if something goes wrong.	
			- Display warning signs and barriers around the area to prevent unauthorised access during maintenance activities.	
			- Regularly inspect and maintain tools and suppose to ensure they are free from defects and safe to use.	
			- Schedule regular refresher training sessions key staff updated on best practices and new regulations related to electrical safety.	
			- Ensure all machinery is proper shut down and learn out before inspection begins to prevent accidental start-ur	
			- Use person protective uipmen (PPE) on as safety gloves to protect against injury from sharp edges or molest parts.	
			- Res process of inspection area by setting up barriers or warning signs to keep unauthorised person to way.	
			- Provice additional personnel involved in the inspection process to ensure they are aware of potel, all his ards an econtrol measures.	
			- her ing projection, such as earmuffs or earplugs, if the noise levels exceed safe limits as advised by its system.	
3. Inspect Axial And Centrifugal Fan	Contact with moving parts, Noise induced hearing loss	31.	Regularly service and maintain equipment to ensure it is in good working order, reducing the risk of functions leading to hazardous situations.	2M
			Schedule inspections during quieter times or at intervals when the machinery has cooled down to minimise risk exposure.	
			- Designate a safety officer or supervisor to oversee the procedure and ensure all safety protocols are being followed.	
			- Implement a buddy system so that no one works alone, allowing for immediate assistance in case of an emergency.	
			- Keep a first-aid kit readily available on site and ensure all workers know its location and how to use it.	
			- Conduct a pre-inspection briefing highlighting the specific risks and the importance of reporting any irregularities immediately.	
			- Utilise remote monitoring tools where possible to reduce direct human contact with potentially dangerous machinery.	
4. Isolate the machine	Unexpected start-up, Release of stored energy	3H		1L



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5. Perform Maintenanœ Tasks	Debris from cleaning, Ex. harmful substances, Manual handling injuries	ЗН		2M



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6. Remove and Replace Components	Dropping heavy objects, Falls from height			1 1L
7. Lubricate Bearings	Exposure to chemicals, Inhalation of fumes, Fire hazards	2M		1L



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8. Cleaning Work Area	Slips due to wet floor, Cuts from sharp objects	2M		



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9. Test Machine Operation	Surfaces becoming hot, Ejection of debris			2M
10. Decommission Equipment	Electrical shock, Entanglement in machines	3Н		1L



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11. Document Safety Checks	Eye strain from continued screen viewing, Repetitive motion syndrome	2M		1L



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12. De-energise Equipment	Electrical shock, Burns from hot surfaces, Unexpected machine operation			2M
13. Store Tools and Equipment	Trips due to obstructive tools/equipment, Manual lifting injuries	2M		1L



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14. End Work & Clean	Cuts from sharp objects, Ingestion/inhalation of dust/fumes	2M		1L
site	ingestion/innalation of dust/fumes			



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15. Review and Audit	Emotional stress from identifying incidents, MSD from long duration of writing/typing			11
16. Emergency Procedures Training	Incomplete knowledge causing mishandling, Panic during emergencies	3H		2M



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17. Safety Equipment Inspection	Improper or malfunctioning safety equipment, Overconfidence leading to accidents	зн		2M



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18. Hazardous Material Handling	Exposure to hazardous substance Ignition or explosion of fammable substances	4A		2M



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19. Tool Inventory Check	Loss of tools, Using improper tools leading to accidents	2M		1L
20. Post-Maintenance Testing	Failure of machine parts, Unpredictable machine behaviour	ЗН		2M



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE. N ANY STATEMENT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legis

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library.

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 201

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 26

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/prkplate fety-layers

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.a/ and-reso pes des ractice

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (S

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources gislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/w/wplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Ocupational Health Safety A 2004

Oct ational Health an Safet regulations 2017

Legis ion VIC: https://www.orksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des of actice V/ attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN 'THIS 'S' ITEM ON MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect, and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view as should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as unputractors of the SWMS and their health and safety registeratives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBD mest ensure the advised that a revision has been made and how they can accept the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a remotified the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties the thing with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	Y	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SV. 5.		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ampleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effer ve sections.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spherical person is assigned as a specific person of the spherical person is as a specific person of the spherical person is a specific person of the spherical per		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REV	IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED