Assemble Large Window	Units SAFE WORK METH	OD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR	ACTIVITY: Assemble Large Win	dow Units	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduction the proposed work starts.	icting a business or under thing (Port U) is	required to entry of that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitorin	compliance of the SWN as well as re	eviews and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	IEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND THIS SWMS	COMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be schedued in according e with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and the to control to those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control leach hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must store a diately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	d is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
□ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integritystructure	\Box is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing as the set of the	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair the requires to prary support to prevent collapse	\Box is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	\Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
□ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper the first or tunnel involving use of explosives	\Box is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\Box is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX																				
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	800DF	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS											
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	COOKE		GOOKE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution											
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.											
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard											
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and key recorde		Engineering Isolate the hazard.											
is the second m	RARE 1 1 2 3 3 1L Imite and the second most effective methods are the most effective and preferrance or on the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the second most effective method. PPE (Personal Prote we shuipment) is the least effective Imite and the second most effective Engineering Isolate the hazard. Notes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrance or on the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the second prote we shuipment is the least effective Substitution Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Prote we shuipment) is the least effective Substitution Substitution																			

		Select the an	propriate PPL	PERS	VAL TEC	TIVE EQUIPM oment used or	ENT (PPE) the iob task	being perfor	med (if applica	able).		
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION			RL SPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED	
Other PPE R	Other PPE Required:											
	P	ermit or Lice	nses Requiren	nents			Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



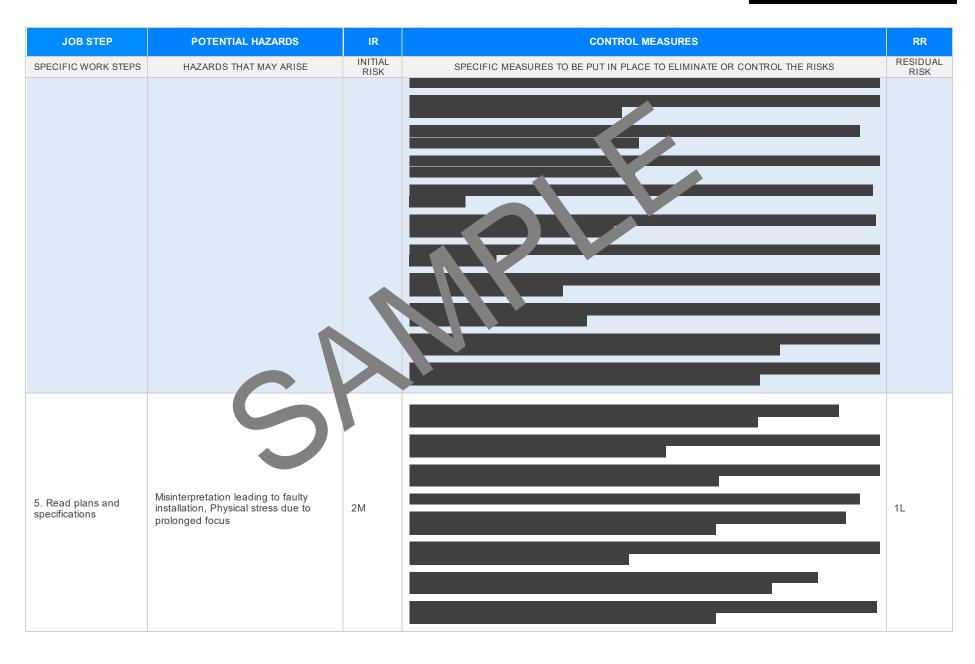
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Poor lighting, Trip hazards, Inadequate workspace	2M	 Ensure adequate lighting is installed in the workspace to enhance visibility and avoid errors during assembly. Use portable lighting equipment if necessal comminate areas with poor illumination. Clearly mark and illumination uneven or obsolected surfaces within the work area. Conduct a site inspection to the tify potential trip means such as cables, tools, or debris on the floor. Keep walkwave ear an organ to tools and equipment properly to reduce clutter. Use cable areas or secret them whe floor to prevent tripping over electrical cords or hoses. Implement howekeeing protocols, usuring that waste and offcuts are promptly removed from the works. Main finendly and organised work environment by storing materials and equipment safely when not in use. Design the specific areas for storage to achieve more space, eliminating congestion and enhancing sature. Limit the number of personnel in the workspace to essential staff only to maximise maneuverability. opvide personal protective equipment such as non-slip footwear and appropriate gloves to reduce injury risks. 	1L
2. Delivery of materials	Manual handling injuries, Collision with moving equipment or materials	ЗН	 Implement proper manual handling training for all workers to ensure safe lifting techniques are used when unloading materials. Use mechanical aids such as trolleys, forklifts, or cranes to move heavy window units and reduce the risk of manual handling injuries. Designate specific delivery zones that are clear of obstacles and pedestrian traffic to minimise collision risks. Ensure communication devices such as radios are available to coordinate movements between workers and equipment operators. Establish a designated path for delivery vehicles to follow upon arrival to reduce traffic confusion and potential collisions. Station a spotter to guide delivery vehicles and monitor any obstructions or personnel in the area during unloading. Schedule deliveries during low-traffic times on-site to reduce the likelihood of congestion and accidents. Conduct pre-delivery inspections to ensure all equipment and tools involved in the material handling process are in good working order. 	2M



MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	 SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS Clearly delineate pedestrian walkways and material handling areas with signage and barriers where necessary. Provide personal protective equipment (PPE), neur as gloves and safety boots, to protect against potential injuries from manual handling tasks Regularly review and update risk assessments to incremente new hazards or changes in delivery procedures. Set weight limits for manual handling by individuals, and use tham lifts or equipment for heavier loads. Encourage regular breaks an Istretching exercise for encoyees involved in manual handling to reduce fatigue and physical strain. 	RESIDUAL RISK
		 necessary. Provide personal protective equipment (PPE), sour as gloves and safety boots, to protect against potential injuries from manual handling tasks Regularly review and update risk assessments to increase rate new hazards or changes in delivery procedures. Set weight limits for manual handling by individuals, and use tham lifts or equipment for heavier loads. Encourage regular breaks an stretching exercises for encoyees involved in manual handling to reduce 	
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		procedures. - Set weight limits for manual handling by individuals, and use tham lifts or equipment for heavier loads. - Encourage regular breaks and stretching exercises for encoyees involved in manual handling to reduce	
		- Encourage regular breaks a stretching exercise for encoyees involved in manual handling to reduce	
		- Ensure all the wers wear a propriate person protective equipment, including cut-resistant gloves and steel-toed bo	
		- Correct a pre-service fing to remind workers of the potential hazards associated with handling sharp object as theavy sems.	
		- Use nuch a call aid tuch as trolleys or forklift trucks for moving large or heavy materials to minimise manual sting.	
		- arly ark at communicate safe walking paths to prevent pedestrian interaction with unpacking active	
	ыH	nspect packaging for stability before removing bindings or straps to prevent sudden shifts in weight or b, nce.	
o, Fic vy items		Implement a clear communication system between team members when handling or moving potentially dangerous materials.	1L
		- Use safety knives or box cutters with retractable blades to minimise the risk of cuts when opening packages.	
		- Remove all sharp objects and packaging immediately after unpacking to maintain a clean and safe work area.	
		- Train workers in proper manual handling techniques to prevent strains and back injuries from lifting heavy items.	
		- Ensure the unpacking area is well-lit to allow for safe handling and visibility of materials.	
		- Establish a designated personnel zone around the workspace to keep unnecessary staff out of active unpacking areas.	
		- Conduct regular inspections and maintenance checks on all equipment used for unpacking to ensure they are in good working condition.	
folling objects	4.0		2M
raining objects	4A		ZIVI
	3		 objecta if heavy ifms. Use n char cal ald such as trolleys or forklift trucks for moving large or heavy materials to minimise manual tring. Use n char cal ald such as trolleys or forklift trucks for moving large or heavy materials to minimise manual tring. any lark an communicate safe walking paths to prevent pedestrian interaction with unpacking active. Implement a clear communication system between team members when handling or moving potentially dangerous materials. Use safety knives or box cutters with retractable blades to minimise the risk of cuts when opening packages. Remove all sharp objects and packaging immediately after unpacking to maintain a clean and safe work area. Train workers in proper manual handling techniques to prevent strains and back injuries from lifting heavy items. Ensure the unpacking area is well-lit to allow for safe handling and visibility of materials. Conduct regular inspections and maintenance checks on all equipment used for unpacking to ensure they are in good working condition.

Version 2.5







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
6. Mark and measure for window unit	Incorrect measurements causing structural instability, Eye strain, Slips while marking heights	ЗН		
7. Cut frame to size	Cutting accidents, Noise exposure	ЗН		2M

Version 2.5

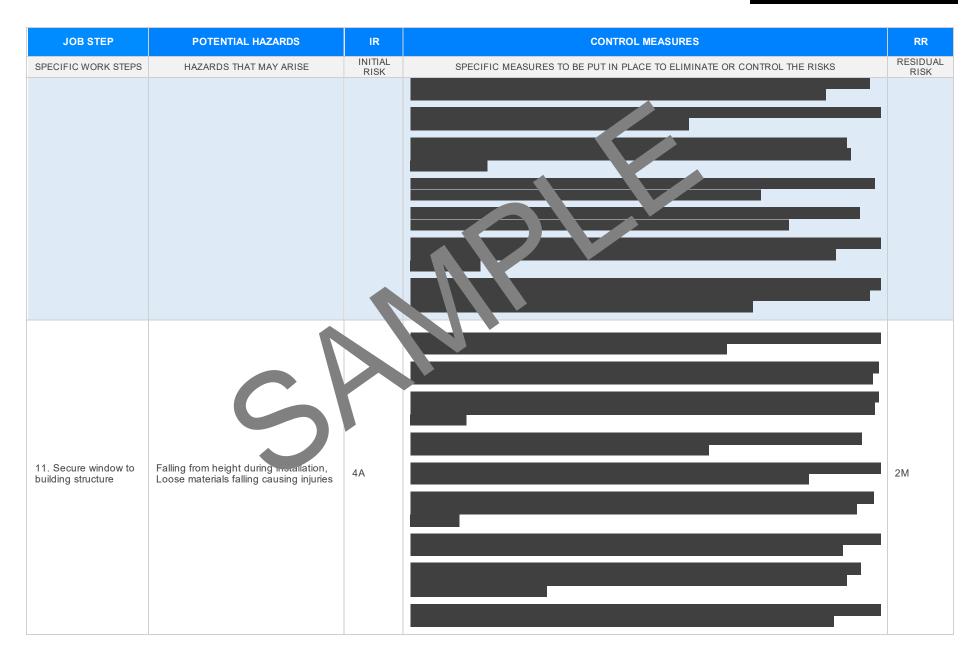






JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
9. Fit glass into frame	Risk of cuts from broken glass, Uneven ground causing slip hazards	4A		2M
10. Install fixtures/fitments	Electrical shock, Assembly errors	ЗН		1L



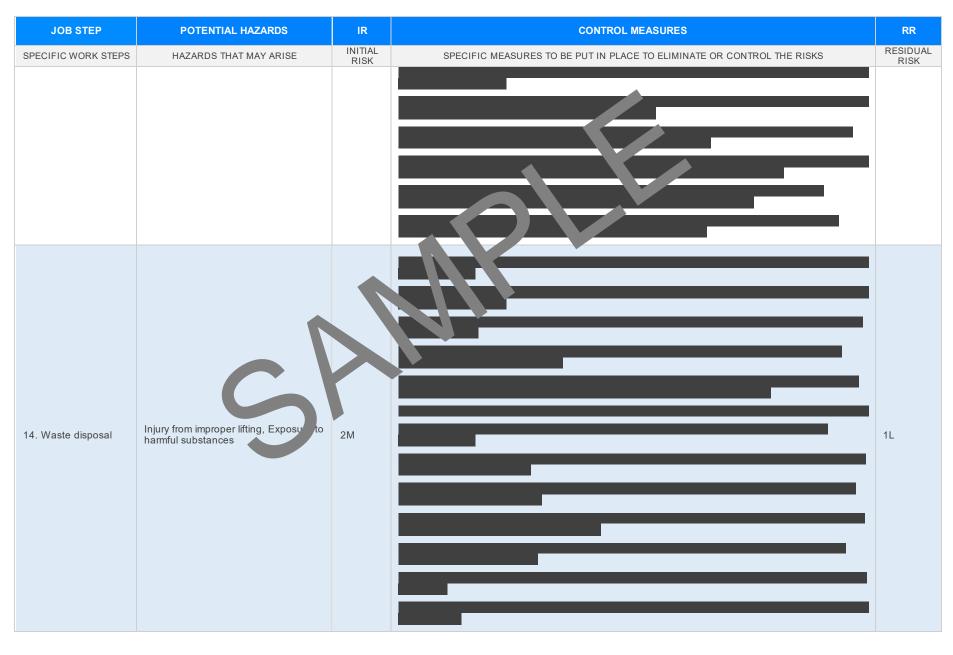




JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
		RISK		RISK
12. Test Window Functions	Confronting hazardous substances (eg: lead-based paint), Pinching fingers in moving parts	ЗН		1L
13. Cleaning up activity area	Slippery surfaces, Contact with harmful substances	ЗН		2M

Version 2.5





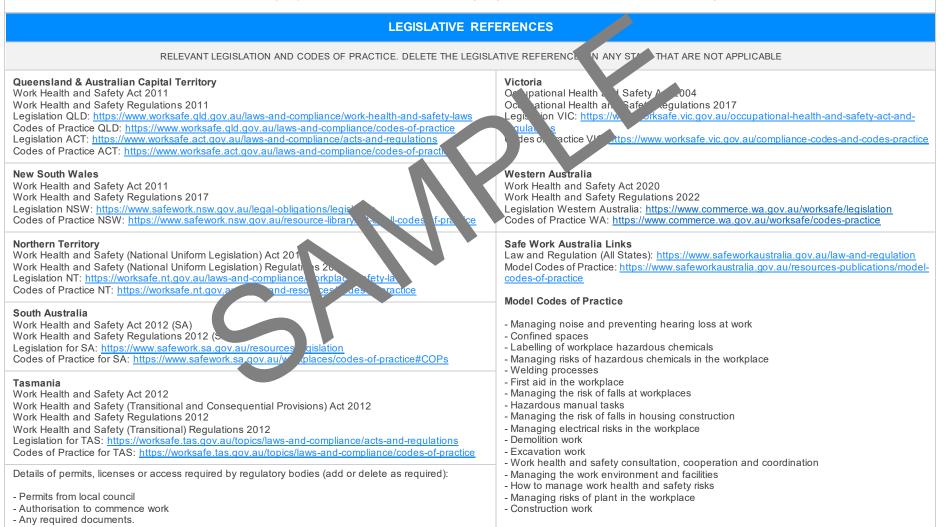
Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	2M	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	G			

EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK THE S ATEM AT MONITORING AND REVIEW The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remain effect. and mu be reviewed (and The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The s should be carried out in effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The view consultation with workers (including contractors person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should ntractors nay be cted by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who rep sented that work group at the employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: workplace. 1. Spot Checks. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure the all versons involved with the work are 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. advised that a revision has been made and how they can acce the revised SWMS, including all persons 3. Internal audits on a continual basis who will need to change a work procedure or system as a reof the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties ntly with the revised SWMS. All workers that An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the Sλ. S.	\boxtimes	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	\boxtimes	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.	\boxtimes	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the spiral of the spiral entry of control measures.	\boxtimes	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, so in as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be	\boxtimes	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment lister are noted on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, ang or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\square	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	EWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMP	LETED