

| Asbestos Materials | SAFE WORK METHOD S | TATEMENT (SWMS) | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|
| TAS | SK OR ACTIVITY: Asbestos Mate | rials | |
| Business Name: [Company Name] | | ABN: [ABN] | SWMS# |
| Business Address: [Company Address] | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: [Phone] | E jil: | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY 1 | THE PL J OF THE PROJECT | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is | required to ture at a safe work method s | tatement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a | ompliance of the SWMS well as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WAS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A COMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO | LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS | EEN CONSULTED AND |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditions. | NAME | SIGNATURE | DATE |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| | CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Client: | | | | | | SCOPE OF WORKS | | | | | |
| Project Name: | | | | | Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise | | | | | | |
| Project Address: | | | | known as the cope of works). | | | | | | | |
| Project Manager: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contact Phone: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Project Manager Sig | nature: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Date SWMS supplie | d to Project Manager: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ANY HIGH- | RISK CON PUCT | N' JRK BEING | CARRIED OUT | | | | | | |
| ☐ involves a risk of a pe | erson falling more than 2 m | neters. | | is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping. | | | | | | | |
| is carried out on a tel | ecommunication tower. | ` | M + M | is carried out on | or near chemical, fuel or refrig | erant lines. | | | | | |
| ☐ involves demolition o | f an element of a structure | that is load-be n. | | ☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services. | | | | | | | |
| ☐ involves demolition o | f an element related to the | physical integrit of a str | 3. | is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere. | | | | | | | |
| ☐ involves, or is likely to | o involve, disturbing a | tos. | | involves tilt-up or precast concrete. | | | | | | | |
| involves structural alt | eration or repair that re | upp to p | prevent collapse. | is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor. | | | | | | | |
| is carried out in or ne | ar a confined space. | | | is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant. | | | | | | | |
| is carried out in/near | a shaft or trench deeper th | nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin | g use of explosives. | is carried out in a | areas with artificial extremes of | temperature. | | | | | |
| is carried out in or ne | ar water or other liquid tha | t involves a risk of drowning | ng. | ☐ involves diving w | vork. | | | | | | |
| | | ANY HI | IGH-RISK MACHINER | RY OR EQUIPMEN | IT NEARBY | | | | | | |
| Forklift | ☐ Crane/s | ☐ Hoist/s | ☐ Excavator | ☐ Backhoe/Loader | ☐ Boom Lift | ☐ EWP | ☐ Genie Lift | | | | |
| ☐ Trencher | ☐ Drilling Rig | ☐ Trucks | Formwork | ☐ Bobcat | ☐ Flammable Gas | ☐ Fuel | ☐ Dozer | | | | |
| ☐ High Voltage | ☐ Mulcher | ☐ Tilt-up Panels | Roller | ☐ Scissor Lift | ☐ Tractor | Other - | | | | | |





PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | HEARING PPOTECTION | PROTE | SPIRATORY P STECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | A | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|---|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
| 1. Preparation | Inhalation of airborne asbestos fibers, Skin contact with asbestos materials | | - Conduct a thorough risk assessment: Prior to commencing any asbestos-related work, identify potential hazards and assess the risks insociated with the handling and disposal of asbestos materials. This sets the fundation for implementing appropriate control measures. - Obtain an asbestos survey or register: Entire that an oversion survey or register is conducted by a qualified person before plaining a works involving asbestos materials. This helps in determining locations are vipes of asbestos-containing materials (ACMs) present into hypothematics. - Asbestos awareness training, to vide asbestos are not as training to all workers involved in activities. In lid contain the contact with subsestos materials. This will help workers undistand to hazard passociated bith exposure and recognise the importance of villowing safe processes. - Cremental safe with more ad statement wilds): Develop a detailed SWMS outlines that the process, including information on hazard identification, risk manals in a figure process, including information on hazard identification, risk manals in a figure process, including information on hazard identification, risk manals in a figure process, including information on hazard identification, risk manals in a figure process. In the process was spot as possible of specific tasks related to asbestos materials. - Perso all processes processes in the process of a figure process was a process. The process of a figure process. This in vinclude using sealants, paints, or other appropriate materials. - Wetting methods: Implement wetting techniques to minimise the release of asbestos fibers during the removal process. This in vinclude using sealants, paints, or other appropriate materials. - Wetting methods: Implement wetting techniques to minimise the release of asbestos fibers during the removal process. This may involve spraying water mist, applying surfactant solutions or using specialised low-pressure washing units. - Local Exhaust Ventilation (LEV): Utilise LEV systems to effectively c | 2M | |



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| 2. Identification | Incorrect identification of asbestos-containing materials (ACMs), Miscommunication between team members | 2M | Develop a clear and comprehensive identification plan: Create an asbestos management plan (AMP) that incorporates details at out the exact location, type, and condition of any asbestos-containing materials (Acuss). Conduct thorough inspection and testings our to any work involving potential ACMs, engage a qualified asbestos assess to conduct detailed inspection, followed by laboratory analysis to confirm the case of asbestos. Regularly update asbestos registers: Keep a upon-date register documenting identified ACMs, their location and conditions, acconsible four workers on the site. Clear labeling of ACCONSTRUCT at all confirmed Acus are clearly marked with warning signs on cells stang. "As astos - Do not disturb" to prevent accidental exposure. Provide adequate training and information. All workers must receive regular training on at one saws one of which includes recognizing ACMs, understanding potential risks, and as a ceness of safe working procedures and emergency response protocies. Implement the list concurrication strategies: Establish strong lines of communication tween team members, supervisors, and safety professionals to short our all information about the identification and management of ACMs. Encour, a reporting culture: Promote an open environment where workers feel infortable reporting concerns relating to potential ACM contamination without fear on percussions. Periodic assessments and reviews: Conduct regular risk assessments and revaluations of existing AMPs to ensure all control measures remain current, effective, and appropriate for changing site conditions. Engage qualified professionals for asbestos removal: Employ trained and licensed asbestos removalists to safely and effectively remove confirmed ACMs and dispose of them following the legal requirements and best practices. Emergency preparedness and response: Develop and maintain an emergency response plan that includes processes for managing incid | 1L | |
| 3. Removal Planning | Insufficient training, Lack of proper equipment | ЗН | - Conduct thorough and up-to-date asbestos removal training sessions for all workers involved, ensuring they are aware of risks associated with the task and how to safely handle and dispose of asbestos-containing materials. - Verify that everyone on-site has successfully obtained relevant certifications, licenses, and permits required for asbestos removal tasks. - Develop a comprehensive and site-specific Asbestos Removal Plan (ARP) addressing all possible hazards during work, including risk assessment, identification of key personnel and their roles, and an emergency response plan. | 1L | |



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| | | | - Provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for all workers, such as disposable coveralls, gloves, respiratory protection devices (RPD), and goggles, ensuring correct fitting and usage. | | |
| | | | - Establish designated decontamination areas cupped with showers and changing facilities, providing clear instructions on production decontamination procedures to prevent contamination outside the work are | | |
| | | | - Ensure all necessary tools and equipment us asbestos removal are available on-site, well-maintained, and fit for purpose, including high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) fitted vacuum cleaner and leak-tight was a page. | | |
| | | | - Conduct regular incomes also are-start checks of a machinery, tools, and PPE to ensure consists a period ance of ongoing compliance with regulations. | | |
| | | | - Implement mit on the report of the min the asbestos removal area to reduce potential exposure only allowing all-trained and authorised personnel accel | | |
| | | | - Imply the clear straige and barriers around the asbestos removal area to restrict unauth lise coess of educate others of potential hazards. | | |
| | | | Sched a reg or briefings and toolbox talks to address any concerns or issues a ring doing the amoval process, encouraging open communication amongst the tean. | | |
| | | | Ise weignethods and suppressed dust techniques during removal to minimise a orne fibres and reduce potential exposure to asbestos. | | |
| | | | Maintain accurate records of asbestos materials removed from the site, detailing the quantity, location, and disposal methods, ensuring that all legal requirements for disposal are met to avoid potential penalties and fines. | | |
| | | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| Establishing Work Area | Slips, trips and falls, Unmarked hazard areas | 2M | | 1L | |
| Alea | areas | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| 5. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) | Improper PPE use, Damaged or inadequate PPE | ЗН | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |
| 6. Isolation | Uncontrolled access to the work area, Inadequate signage or barriers | 2M | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |
| 7. Wetting ACMs | Accidental ingestion of contaminated water, Excessive moisture creating slip hazards | 2M | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |
| 8. Asbestos Removal | Damage to surrounding structures, Improper packaging and labeling of waste materials | ЗН | | 2M | |



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| | | | | | |
| 9. Decontamination | Cross-contamination, Insufficient decontamination procedures | зн | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |
| 10. Waste Disposal | Leakage of hazardous substance, Hazardous substances being mishandled | 2M | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |
| 11. Air Monitoring | Failed air clearance test, Improper use of monitoring devices | 3H | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |
| 12. Documentation | Incomplete or incorrect documentation, Miscommunication with stakeholders | 2M | | 1L | |



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| | | | | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | | RESPONSIBLE PERSON |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | NAME OF PERSON |
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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-syllaws

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Pos | sition | Signature | Date | Time | Supe | ervisor |
|---|-----|----------|--|------------------|-------|------|---------|
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | | | Date | | | |
| | | | | L te: | | | |
| | | | AV | Date: | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | | | Date: | | | |
| | | SAF WC A | STATEMENT | MONITORING AND R | EVIEW | | |
| The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to reak sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements and subcontractors are subcontractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who redesented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS. | | | The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles. | | | | |
| REVIEW NUMBER | □ 1 | □ 2 | □ 3 | □ 4 | □ 5 | □ 6 | □ 7 |
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | TO BE DONE | COMMENTS |
|---|-----------|------------|----------|
| | | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | | |
| Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | P P | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | P | | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | | | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | | | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh | | | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed. | | | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions. | | | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures. | | | |
| Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc. | | | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d. | | | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS. | | | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work. | | | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | | | |
| Lists any required permits or licenses. | | | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | | | |
| dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | | | |
| | | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE R | EVIEWED | |
| SIGNATURE | DATE CO | MPLETED | |